

City of Madera Madera, California **Annual Comprehensive Financial Report** For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 Prepared by Finance Department

City of Madera Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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Financial Services Department

March 29, 2024

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council, City of Madera, California

It is with pleasure that I present to you the City of Madera Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for Fiscal Year 2022/2023.

State law requires local governments to prepare a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. This ACFR was prepared by the City of Madera's (City) Finance Department, which assumes responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures.

The accompanying financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Account Standards Board (GASB).

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A offers a more detailed discussion about the economic condition of the City, fund balance analysis and other management goals and achievements. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The City's financial statements have been audited by The Pun Group LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for the rendering of an unmodified opinion that the City of Madera's financial statements for Fiscal Year 2022/2023 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of this ACFR's financial section.

The independent audit of the City's financial statements was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are presented in a separately issued report: the Single Audit and Independent Auditors' Reports.

Government Profile

The City was incorporated on March 27, 1907, as a general law city. The City Council is comprised of six members who are elected by district, plus a Mayor who is elected at large. The Council Members and the Mayor are elected to alternating four-year terms staggered every two years. The City Council is responsible for making policy, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager, the City Attorney, and the City Clerk. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the ordinances and policies of the City Council and overseeing operations. All other department heads are appointed by the City Manager.

Madera is located in the center of California and is the county seat of Madera County. The City is part of the Madera/Chowchilla Metropolitan Area, which includes City of Madera, City of Chowchilla, and developed areas of Madera County. The City has an approximate population of 66,000 and its boundaries encompass 16.0 square miles. Madera is also within close proximity to cherished natural attractions such as Yosemite National Park, the Sierra Nevada Mountains, and the Pacific Ocean coastline.

The City provides a full range of services that include public safety, public works, recreational and community services, community development and general administrative services. The City also operates a municipal golf course, water, and wastewater utilities, as well as a general aviation airport.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the nature and significance of their relations with the City are such that exclusion would cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Accordingly, the Housing Authority of the City of Madera is reported as a component unit in the City's financial statements.

Local economy and City finances

The Madera economy showed signs of continued growth during Fiscal Year 2022/23. Continued development in both the residential and the commercial sectors resulted in a record property assessed valuation of \$4.1 billion: up \$300 million from Fiscal Year 2021/22. Partially offsetting this growth was the closure of the Madera Community Hospital in January 2023. While there were various attempts at reopening the hospital, it remains closed as of the date of this transmittal letter. In spite of this significant closure, the City's finances reflected the growth that was shown throughout the Madera economy. Among the financial highlights that the City experienced in Fiscal Year 2022/23 were:

- Mirroring the growth in assessed valuation, the City received a record amount of property tax revenue. Property tax revenue was \$13.8 million: \$1.4 million (11.3%) above the property tax received in Fiscal Year 2021/22. Management believes that property tax revenue will continue to grow with the addition of several new developments within Madera. However, management also believes that the property tax growth rate will decline from Fiscal Year 2022/23 levels.
- Sales tax revenues were down \$0.1 million (0.5%) from Fiscal Year 2021/22's total of \$19.4 million. A slowdown in the retail economy was the primary cause for the stagnation in sales tax revenues. While several new businesses, including Smart & Final and In-N-Out, are opening in Fiscal Year 2023/24, management believes that sales tax revenue will continue to be flat due to conditions in the overall retail and wholesale economy.
- The City's total Net Position ended the fiscal year at a record \$351.8 million: up 6.1% from Fiscal Year 2021/22's total Net Position of \$331.6 million. It is particularly noteworthy that both Governmental and Business Type activities had positive Net Positions at the end of the fiscal year.
- The City recorded \$167.6 million of Cash and Investments in Fiscal Year 2022/23. That figure was up by \$17.7 million (11.8%) over Fiscal Year 2021/22's figure of \$149.9 million. While the growth in cash is impressive, it must be noted that \$20.1 million of cash is associated with the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) monies received from the Federal Government for future Water Fund and Sewer Fund capital work.

Overall, the financial outcomes were in line with the budgeted amounts. Actual sales tax and property tax revenues came in higher than budgeted projected as of June 30, 2023. While some industry sectors were impacted, Madera was not as severely impacted in comparison to other communities.

Agriculture has been the mainstay of the local economy. Government also represents a growing part of the economy. Major employers in the City include Madera Unified School District, County of Madera, City of Madera, and the State of California. Major retail employers include Walmart, Lowe's, and Home Depot. The City of Madera's unemployment rate has increased over the fiscal year: going from 6.0% in June 2022 to 7.7% in June 2023.

The City maintains extensive budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget adopted by the City Council. For the 2022/23 Fiscal Year, activities for the general, special revenue, debt service, enterprise, and capital project were included in the annual appropriated budget.

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The level of budgetary control, i.e. the level where the expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount, is maintained at the fund level for all funds, and then at the department level for those funds which contain multiple departments. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as a method of maintaining budgetary control. Outstanding encumbrances at year-end are evaluated and, if deemed necessary by the City Manager, are carried forward as part of the following year's budget.

Long-term financial planning

The City maintains a five-year Capital Improvement Plan, which is updated annually. This plan includes major ongoing maintenance and rehabilitation costs to existing capital assets (land, land improvements, infrastructure, and equipment), as well as the costs of new facilities and improvements.

Budget policies require that budgets be balanced, and ongoing costs shall not exceed current revenues plus available fund balance that exceeds reserve fund requirements. The City is continuously monitoring economic conditions and will adjust the budget as necessary as economic conditions change.

The City maintains a General Fund Economic Stabilization Reserve at a level of at least 30% of the General Fund operating expenditures in order to protect essential service programs and funding requirements during periods of economic downturn or other unforeseen major costs not covered by the Stabilization Reserve. The balance in the reserve was \$12.7 million as of the end of Fiscal Year 2022/23. In addition, separate reserve funds have been established in the Measure K Fund for economic stabilization for the Fire and Police Departments. Every year \$130,000 is added to each of the reserves until they reach the level of 30% of expenditures. Currently, each Economic Stabilization Fund had a \$780,000 balance at the end of Fiscal Year 2022/23. Additionally, the Fire Department has established a fire vehicle replacement reserve. The intent was to add \$200,000 each year when the reserve was established. The funding amount was increased to \$490,000 in Fiscal Year 2022/23. The fund was used for the purchase of a new fire apparatus in Fiscal Year 2021/22. It had a balance of \$738,540 as of the end of the 2022/23 fiscal year.

To finance Madera's current and future growth, the City has in place a variety of user and developer fees to pay for streets, parks, sewer lines, water lines and wells. The City reviews these fees periodically to ensure that the fee structure is in line with the cost of construction. In addition, the City recently adopted updated fees for Water, Sewer, and Solid Waste services to keep up with the rising cost of providing these services.

Cash Management

The City of Madera's investment policy prioritizes safety, liquidity and then yield on the City's investment. The highest priority of cash management and investments is to ensure adequate funds are available to meet the City of Madera's obligations and all investments are in safe instruments. Yield, while important, is considered the third priority after safety and liquidity. The City invests in various governmental and corporate bonds, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, and the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) operated by the State of California for the benefit of local governments. Bond proceeds, debt service monies, and debt service reserves are invested according to the bond covenants of each bond issue.

Acknowledgments

I would like to extend my thanks to the City Council for their interest in and suggestions for the financial reporting of the City. The preparation of the ACFR could not have been accomplished without the efforts and dedication of the staff of the City of Madera, Department of Finance. I extend my appreciation to my staff and other personnel from various departments, agencies and authorities who assisted in the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael Sima

Michael Lima

Director of Financial Services

City Council Members

Santos Garcia, Mayor Cece Gallegos, Councilmember (D1) Jose Rodriguez, Councilmember (D2) Steve Montes, Councilmember (D3) Anita Evans, Councilmember (D4) Elsa Mejia, Mayor Pro Tem (D5) Artemio Villegas, Councilmember (D6)

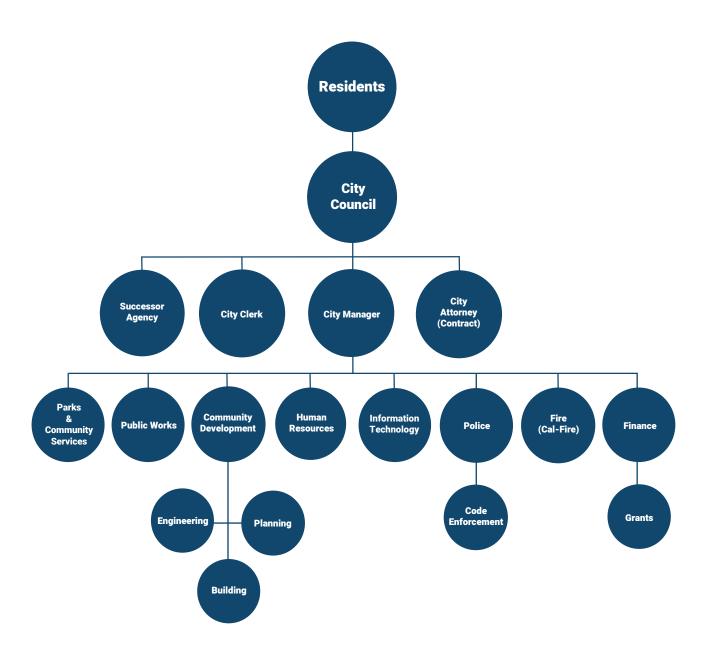
Executive Management

Arnoldo Rodriguez, City Manager Hilda Cantu Montoy, City Attorney (contracted) Alicia Gonzales, City Clerk

Department Directors

Michael Lima, Director of Financial Services
Will Tackett, Director of Community Services
Gary Conte, Planning Manager
Dino Lawson, Police Chief
Ismael Hernandez, Director of Public Works
Joseph Hebert, Director of Parks & Community Services
Rafael Magallan, Chief Building Official
Keith Helmuth, City Engineer
Wendy Silva, Director of Human Resources
Vacant, Information Services Manager

Organizational Chart



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200 E. Sandpointe Avenue, Suite 600 Santa Ana, California 92707



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

www.pungroup.cpa



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Madera Madera, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of the City of Madera, California (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Housing Authority of the City of Madera (the "Authority"), which represent 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues, respectively, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements

As discussed in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements* during the year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.







To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Madera Madera, California Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Madera Madera, California Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedules of Contributions, and Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory and Statistical Sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Madera Madera, California Page 4

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 28, 2024, on our consideration of City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Ana, California March 28, 2024

This narrative overview of the City of Madera's financial performance provides an analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The City's government-wide total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$351.8 million. Of this amount, \$59.8 million is in unrestricted net position and available to meet the City's ongoing commitments to citizens and creditors. In addition, the City's restricted net position totals \$52.9 million and is dedicated to specific purposes. Lastly, net position of \$239.2million is the City's net investment in capital assets.
- The City's total net position increased by \$20.3 million or 6.1% during fiscal year 2022-23 to \$351.8 million from \$331.5 million.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$94.1 million, an increase of \$12.9 million or 15.9% in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$11.5 million or 12.2% of this amount is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- The City's General Fund, Measure K Sales Tax, Code Enforcement, Insurance Reserve, Community Development and LEA Tire Grants, ended the year with a fund balance of \$53.2 million, which represents a net increase of approximately \$14.6 million from the previous year. The General Fund unassigned balance of \$12.5 million is available for carryover to fund future general fund expenditures.
- Net Pension Liability increased by \$23.2 million or 70.5% during fiscal year 2022-23 to \$56.1 million from \$32.9 million. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions increased by \$10.7 million or 116.5% and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions decreased by \$15.5 million or 93.9%. The Net Pension Liability is based on an Actuarial Valuation and there was a decrease in the discount rate of 6.90% from the prior year.

During this year, the rates for water and sewer services increased with the approval of the Rate Study that was completed and approved on April 6, 2022. Prior to this year, incremental rate increases over the subsequent five years were approved by Council during the second quarter of calendar year 2015. Those rate increases took effect in fiscal year 2015-16 and were increased between 9-10% during each of the five years covered in the rate schedule, except for fiscal year 2018-19 when Council considered a revised water rate analysis and adjusted the increase to 6%. Prop 218 hearings were held, and all but the new drainage fee rates were adopted on July 20, 2022. The new rates went into effect in the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements include all activities of the City of Madera, using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services are financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the Government.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the City using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is like the accounting method used by most private sector companies. All the current year's revenues and expenses are considered regardless of when cash is received or paid out.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as one indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed in the most recent fiscal year. All changes of net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported on this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided as follows:

Governmental Activities: Most of the City's basic services are included here such as public safety, transportation (street and roads), community development, culture and recreation and general government. These services are primarily financed by property and sales taxes and federal and state grants.

Business-type Activities: The City charges fees to customers to cover the costs of services provided. The City's utilities, water, sewer, community sanitation (refuse and street cleaning), golf course, and airport, as well as public transit services are included here.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Some funds are required to be established by State Law or by bond covenants. Management establishes other funds to control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show the City is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. All the funds of the City can be classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirement.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliations between governmental funds and governmental activities. This reconciliation explains the relationship (or differences) between the fund statements and the government- wide statements.

The City of Madera maintains nineteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, General Development Impact Fee Fund, and Solar Energy Lease – Capital Projects Fund all of which are major funds. Data from the other sixteen funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation.

Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City has two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City utilizes enterprise funds to account for those activities that are supported primarily by user charges to external users, and includes community sanitation, sewer disposal, water utilities and transit services. Internal service funds are used to account for activities that are supported by user charges primarily to the City's other programs and activities and include fleet management, facility maintenance, and computer replacement. Because all these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Water, Sewer, Solid Waste, and Drainage Operations funds since they are all major funds. Individual fund data for each of these non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. All the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefits of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these funds to finance its operations.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund statements.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other post-employment benefits to its employees, and budgetary comparison schedules.

Individual Fund Statements. Individual fund statements in connection with non-major governmental and enterprise funds are presented immediately after the required supplementary information in this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Below is a table showing the City's net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, with comparative data for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

City of Madera's Net Position

	Governmental		Business-Type							
	Activities		Activities			Total				
		2023	2022	2023		2022		2023	2023	
Assets:										
Current and other assets	\$	132,792,004	\$ 120,798,297	\$ 63,141,475	\$	55,314,094	\$	195,933,479	\$	176,112,391
Capital Assets		193,451,488	198,074,866	101,019,583		103,407,985		294,471,071		301,482,851
Total assets		326,243,492	318,873,163	164,161,058		158,722,079		490,404,550		477,595,242
Deferred outflows of resources		17,456,880	8,453,503	 3,399,723		1,491,624		20,856,603		9,945,127
Liabilities:										
Current and other liabilities		31,531,008	34,282,489	9,791,906		7,955,385		41,322,914		42,237,874
Noncurrent liabilities		70,689,431	53,924,073	44,668,508		41,496,907		115,357,939		95,420,980
Total liabilities		102,220,439	88,206,562	54,460,414		49,452,292		156,680,853		137,658,854
Deferred inflows of resources		1,435,081	15,845,063	1,322,894		2,478,068		2,757,975		18,323,131
Net position:										
Net investment in capital assets		173,636,768	177,369,996	65,561,102		65,475,770		239,197,870		242,845,766
Restricted		50,277,926	44,524,605	2,579,539		1,794,447		52,857,465		46,319,052
Unrestricted		16,130,158	1,380,440	43,636,832		41,013,126		59,766,990		42,393,566
Total net position	\$	240,044,852	\$ 223,275,041	\$ 111,777,473	\$	108,283,343	\$	351,822,325	\$	331,558,384

As of June 30, 2023, the City's government-wide total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$351.8 million. Governmental activities finished the year with a positive net position balance of \$240.0 million, an increase of \$18.0 million, or 8.1% compared to 2022. Business-type activities finished the year with a positive balance of \$111.8 million, an increase of \$2.3 million or 2.1% compared to 2022. Net position, as noted earlier, may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. Of the total net position, \$239.2 million or 68.0% is the City's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and the road network) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.

The City's net investment in capital assets decreased by \$3.7 million, restricted net position increased by \$6.0 million and unrestricted net position increased by \$18.0 million, accounting for the increase in total net position of \$20.3 million. The decrease in net investment in capital assets is primarily due to additions to capital assets of \$5.2 million offset by depreciation expense of \$12.4 million, a decrease in capital-related debt of \$3.7 million. The decrease to restricted net position represents the change in resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use. Net position restricted for public works and transportation increased by \$4.0 million, capital projects increased by \$0.9 million, community development increased by \$.8 million, and debt service increased by \$0.8 million compared to the prior year. The increase to unrestricted net position is due to a change in resources available to fund City programs for citizens and debt obligations to creditors.

Restricted net position represents \$52.9 million or 15.4% of the total net position. Restricted net position represents those resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These restrictions are established by bond covenants or restrictions on the use of funds are set forth by state or federal regulations.

Unrestricted net position represents those resources which may be used to meet the City's ongoing commitments to citizens and creditors. Government-wide unrestricted net position represents \$59.8 million or 17.0% of the total net position, which is an increase of \$17.4 million or 41.0% from the previous year. Governmental activities account for \$16.1 million of the total unrestricted net position and improved by \$16.0 million or 1,600.0% compared to last year. Business-type activities account for \$43.6 million of the total unrestricted net position and increased by \$2.6 million or 6.3% compared to last year.

The following table indicates the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities:

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities		Business Tv	pe Activities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 8,391,024	\$ 7,314,577	\$ 36,233,172	\$ 34,452,844	\$ 44,624,196	\$ 41,767,421	
Operating grants and contributions	12,319,312	9,780,314	-	-	12,319,312	9,780,314	
Capital grants and contributions	1,857,783	2,400,126	1,060,762	1,163,082	2,918,545	3,563,208	
Total program revenues	22,568,119	19,495,017	37,293,934	35,615,926	59,862,053	55,110,943	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	13,505,386	12,134,288	258,727	247,624	13,764,113	12,381,912	
Sales and use taxes	19,291,534	19,440,017	-	-	19,291,534	19,440,017	
Franchise taxes	841,540	763,276	-	-	841,540	763,276	
Other taxes	2,281,598	2,462,689			2,281,598	2,462,689	
Total taxes	35,920,058	34,800,270	258,727	247,624	36,178,785	35,047,894	
Investment earnings	959,461	(1,475,300)	679,254	(913,654)	1,638,715	(2,388,954)	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	-	52,605	-	52,605	-	
Miscellaneous	980,194	934,376	1,035,824	680,464	2,016,018	1,614,840	
Total general revenues and transfers	37,859,713	34,259,346	2,026,410	14,434	39,886,123	34,273,780	
Total revenues	60,427,832	53,754,363	39,320,344	35,630,360	99,748,176	89,384,723	
Expenses:							
General government	8,709,507	9,503,665	-	-	8,709,507	9,503,665	
Public safety	19,843,489	21,670,917	-	-	19,843,489	21,670,917	
Social services	(12,583)	1,061,114	-	-	(12,583)	1,061,114	
Public ways and facilities	3,690,713	5,320,754	-	-	3,690,713	5,320,754	
Community development	4,195,329	5,136,917	-	-	4,195,329	5,136,917	
Culture and recreation	4,670,551	3,158,176	-	-	4,670,551	3,158,176	
Interest on long-term debt	643,406	671,356	-	-	643,406	671,356	
Water	-	-	9,595,209	7,317,498	9,595,209	7,317,498	
Sewer	-	-	12,320,078	8,737,728	12,320,078	8,737,728	
Solid waste	-	-	9,379,389	6,146,265	9,379,389	6,146,265	
Drainage operations	-	-	1,241,082	929,265	1,241,082	929,265	
Local transit	-	-	3,904,438	3,104,405	3,904,438	3,104,405	
Golf course	-	-	75,993	85,044	75,993	85,044	
Airport	41,740,412	46,522,899	1,227,634	883,402 27,203,607	1,227,634 79,484,235	883,402 73,726,506	
Total expenses	18,687,420	7,231,464	1,576,521	8,426,753	20,263,941	15,658,217	
Change in net position				6,420,733	20,203,941	15,038,217	
Transfers	(1,917,609)	521,130	1,917,609	(521,130)			
Change in net position after transfers	16,769,811	7,752,594	3,494,130	7,905,623	20,263,941	15,658,217	
Increase (decrease) in net position	16,769,811	7,752,594	3,494,130	7,905,623	20,263,941	15,658,217	
Net position, beginning of year	223,275,041	215,522,447	108,283,343	100,377,720	331,558,384	315,900,167	
Net position, end of year	\$ 240,044,852	\$ 223,275,041	\$ 111,777,473	\$ 108,283,343	\$ 351,822,325	\$ 331,558,384	

Governmental activities. Governmental activities account for \$240.0 million or 68.2% of the total government-wide net position. This is an increase of \$18.0 million or 8.1% compared to June 30, 2022.

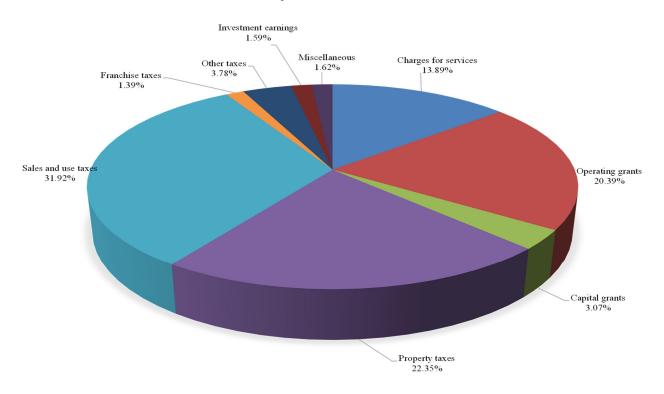
Total governmental revenues for the year were \$60.4 million, which is \$6.6 million or 12.3% more than in 2022.

- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$2.5 million or 26.0% from the previous year.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$0.5 million or 22.6% from the previous year due to a decrease in developer contributions.
- Taxes, including property, sales, franchise, and other taxes account for approximately \$35.9 million or 59.4% of the City's governmental activities revenue. Total tax revenue increased \$1.1 million or 3.2% from the previous year.
- Investment earnings increased by \$2.4 million or 165.0% from the previous year. The decrease was primarily due to rising interest rates lowering the market value of investments made at lower rates.

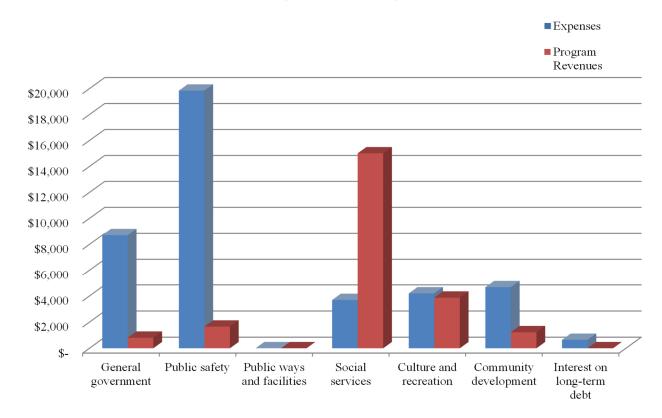
Total governmental expenses for the year were \$41.7 million, which is \$4.8 million or 10.3% less than in 2022.

- General governmental expenses decreased by \$.8 million or 8.4% from the previous year.
- Public safety expenses decreased by \$1.8 million or 8.4% from the previous year.
- Public ways and facilities expenses decreased by \$1.6 million or 30.6% from the previous year.
- Community development expenses decreased by \$0.9 million or 18.3% from the previous year.
- Culture and recreation expenses increased by \$1.5 million or 47.9% from the previous year.

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Expenditures and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities(Dollars in Thousands)



Governmental program revenues that include charges for services and grants specific to certain programs account for \$22.6 million or 37.4% of the total governmental activity revenue. The amounts necessary to fully fund the governmental activity programs are made up of "general" revenues such as taxes, interest, and grants and contributions.

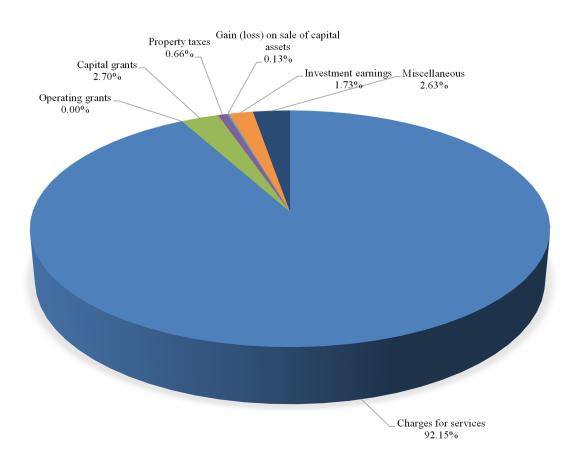
Business-type Activities. Business-type activities account for \$111.8 million or 31.8% of the total government-wide net position. This is an increase of \$3.5 million from the prior year. Net investment in capital assets accounts for \$65.6 million or 58.7% of the total net position and is an increase of \$0.1 million from 2022. Restricted net position accounts for \$2.6 million, or 2.3% of total net position. This represents an increase of \$0.8 million from 2022. Unrestricted net position of \$43.6 million, or 39.0% of total net position, represents an increase of \$2.6 million from 2022.

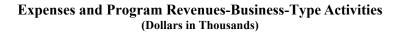
Total business-type revenue for the year was \$39.3 million, which is \$3.7 million or 10.4% more than in 2022.

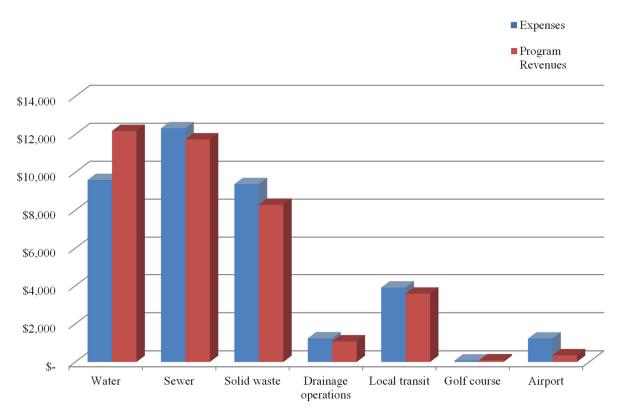
Charges for services increased by \$1.7 million or 5.2% from the prior year. Additional water meters were installed where there were previously no meters. The result of adding meters to customers where no meter was originally installed typically increases charges for services.

Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$0.1 million or 8.8% from the prior year.

Revenues by Source - Business-Type Activities







Included in charges for services are user fees relating to the water, sewer, solid waste, drainage, transit, golf course, and airport operations. Operating transit grant funds which are the primary revenue for the transit fund are included in charges for services.

Total business-type expenses for the year were \$37.7 million, which is \$10.5 million or 38.7% more than in 2022.

Water expenses increased by \$2.3 million or 31.1% compared to the prior year, primarily due to salary and operational cost increases.

Sewer expenses increased by \$3.6 million or 41.0% compared to the prior year, primarily sue to a sewer line break during the December 2022 to January 2023 severe weather.

Solid Waste expenses increased by \$3.2 million or 52.6% compared to the prior year, primarily due to increases in implementing a new third-party contract and the effects of Senate Bill 1383.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. Fund balance is defined in five categories: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. Non-spendable fund balances cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form. Restricted fund balances have limitations imposed externally by creditors, granters, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments. Committed fund balances have self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the period.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Assigned fund balances are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. Unassigned fund balances are the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose.

The City's Governmental Funds all ended the year with positive fund balances. The ending fund balance for all funds amounted to \$94.1 million, \$12.9 million or 15.9% more than the previous year.

Of the total fund balance, \$11.4 million or 12.1% is unassigned which, within the limitations of the fund's purpose, is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either non-spendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is not in spendable form, legally required to be maintained intact, restricted for a particular purpose, committed for a particular purpose, or assigned for a particular purpose. The details of the remainder are as follows:

		Total
Nonspendable		
Prepaid items	\$	72,092
Inventories	Ψ	82,881
Advances to other funds		-
Total nonspendable		154,973
Restricted		
Community development		12,751,924
Park development		98,941
Parking improvements		136,363
Public works and transportation		18,354,410
Special assessment project		519,667
Insurance stabilization reserve		2,365,453
Public protection		368,640
Capital projects and improvements		18,047,981
Total restricted		52,643,379
Committed		
General Fund stabilization reserve		12,731,891
General Plan Update		50,000
Solar Street Light Installation		50,000
Measure K - Fire Protection Stabilization		780,000
Measure K - Police Protection Stabilization		780,000
Measure K - Fire Protection Vehicle Replacement		738,540
Total committed	15,130,431	
Assigned		
Golf course capital		20,000
Debt service		1,106,145
OPEB liability		97,339
Insurance claims reserve		950,134
Health insurance premiums		1,357,000
Future annual employee stipend payments		650,000
Measure K - Fire Protection		7,293,910
Measure K - Police Protection		3,422,960
Measure K - Sales Tax refund reserve		900,000
Total assigned		15,797,488
Unassigned		10,363,939
Total fund balances	\$	94,090,210

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As of June 30, 2023, the total fund balance (including all categories) of the general fund was \$45.7 million, up \$9.0 million from June 30, 2022. The total fund balance of \$43.9 million includes non-spendable balances of \$0.1 million, restricted balances of \$2.4 million, committed balances of \$15.1 million, assigned balances of \$15.8 million, and an unassigned balance of \$12.3 million.

The *assigned* fund balance decreased \$0.8 million when compared to June 30, 2022, primarily due to the \$1.9 million increase in Measure K fund balance, which was offset by reductions of \$0.5 million to the health insurance premiums reserve, a \$0.2 million decrease in reserves for future annual employee stipend payments, a \$2.4 million transfer of insurance premium reserve to the restricted fund, and a \$.3 million increase in debt service.

The *unassigned* fund balance increased \$2.4 million when compared to June 30, 2022. The \$12.3 million unassigned portion represents the amount carried over to offset the impact of any revenue shortfall that may occur in the next year due to economic uncertainty, adjustments to budgets approved by council during the next fiscal year, and to augment the maintenance of the water and sewer infrastructure as necessary. As a measurement of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 35.5% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 250.1% of total General Fund expenditures.

Other Major Funds

The General Development Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund, a major fund, had a \$1.1 million increase in fund balance during fiscal year 2022-23. The ending fund balance of \$18.0 million is restricted to use for capital projects and improvements.

Proprietary Funds. As indicated in the description of proprietary funds, there are two types of funds, enterprise, and internal service funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The City's enterprise funds, and internal service funds ended the year with total net position as follows:

Water Fund	\$ 47,621,002
Sewer Fund	25,736,002
Solid waste Fund	(1,073,391)
Drainage Operations Fund	18,825,922
Local Transit Fund	7,498,544
Golf Course Fund	1,289,580
Airport Fund	11,879,814
Fleet Maintenance Fund	5,967,157
Facilities Maintenance Fund	(165,585)
Technology Fund	184,902

Revenue was up slightly in the City's enterprise funds in fiscal year 2022-23. Water revenue was down 9.9%, primarily because of the extremely wet year the city experienced during the winter of 2022-2023, Sewer revenue was up 44.4%, Solid Waste was up 44.4% and Drainage Operations went down 1.2%. Operating expenses were higher in the Water, Sewer, Solid Waste, and Drainage Operations funds for fiscal year 2022-23 primarily due to salary and benefit increases as well as fees incurred for third-party contracts. The City Council recently adopted new rates for the Water, Sewer and Solid Waste services which went into effect in fiscal year 2022-23.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The general fund ended fiscal year 2022-23 \$12.3 million under budget. This variance was primarily the result of less revenue of \$.4 million offset by \$12.7 million less in expenditures than projected.

- Actual expenditures for General Government came in \$5.0 million under budget due to spending 4.6 million less on economic development as well as spending less than budgeted in City Clerk's office and for the City Attorney.
- Actual expenditures for Public Safety came in at \$2.5 million under budget due to savings in contracted services and personnel costs.
- Actual expenditures for Public Ways and Facilities were \$0.6 million under budget due to savings in supplies and materials, contracted services, and personnel costs.
- Actual expenditures for Community Development came in at \$0.6 million under budget due to savings in contracted services and personnel costs.
- Actual expenditures for Culture and Recreation came in at \$0.4 million under budget due to savings in personnel costs, recreational programs, contracted services, and conference/training.
- Actual expenditures for Capital Outlay were \$4 million under budget due to projects that were carried over to next fiscal year or delayed due to the wet weather during the current fiscal year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023, amounts to \$294 million (net of depreciation), a decrease of \$7.2 million compared to 2022. This decrease is primarily due to the additions to capital assets of \$5.2 million offset by the depreciation expense of \$12.4 million.

Major capital asset additions this year include the following:

- Road network improvements \$2.6 million
 - o Developer donations (sidewalk, pavement, pipelines, and others) \$1.0 million
 - o Various streets and bridge improvement projects \$1.3 million
 - Various park improvement projects \$0.3 million
- Equipment, property, and software purchases \$1.0 million
- Airport apron and taxiway drainage upgrade \$0.8 million

During the year, the City made improvements to various streets, bridges, parks, sewer mains, and received developer- donated infrastructure. Capital projects designed and/or constructed by the City include:

- Park improvements: India Park and Olive Knox Park
- Street improvements: 5th Street, C Street, E Street, Lincoln Avenue, Dellavalle Avenue, Austin Street, Gateway Drive, Olive Avenue, Asterial Street, Knox Street, Raymond Road, Cleveland Avenue, Schnoor Avenue, Sunset Avenue, and Riverside Drive
- Traffic signal improvements and installations: Granada Drive, Howard Road, Industrial Avenue, Olive Avenue, Pine Street, Yosemite Avenue, Q Street, Cleveland Avenue, D Street, South Street, Lake Street, and Sherwood Way
- Water storage tank installation: Avenue 17 and Lake Street

Developer constructed infrastructure was constructed in conjunction with the partial list of projects shown below:

- Iveywood I Subdivision
- Dutch Bros Coffee Shop
- EZ-Trip Gas Station
- Sealed Air Solar Farm
- Madera County Hall of Justice

Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Land	\$ 12,669,536	\$ 12,614,951	\$ 9,725,315	\$ 9,725,315	\$ 22,394,851	\$ 22,340,266	
Construction in progress	24,764,506	23,851,579	2,944,282	1,762,601	27,708,788	25,614,180	
Buildings and improvements	32,969,138	25,042,669	65,621,819	69,924,082	98,590,957	94,966,751	
Equipment	18,311,532	18,222,525	9,882,783	5,672,034	28,194,315	23,894,559	
Infrastructure	313,519,091	319,937,316	103,222,925	102,308,222	416,742,016	422,245,538	
Subscription assets	312,821	-	-	-	312,821	-	
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization	(209,095,136)	(201,594,174)	(90,377,541)	(85,984,269)	(299,472,677)	(287,578,443)	
Total	\$ 193,451,488	\$ 198,074,866	\$ 101,019,583	\$ 103,407,985	\$ 294,471,071	\$ 301,482,851	

Detailed information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 8 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. The City's long-term debt as of June 30, 2023, was \$57.3 million with governmental activities accounting for \$22.1 million or 38.6%, and business-type activities accounting for \$35.2 million or 61.4%. The total debt decreased by \$3.5 million or 6.1% during the current fiscal year. The reason for the decrease was due to the principal payments made during the current year.

Long-Term Debt

	Government	tal Activities	Business Ty	pe Activities	T	Total			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Capital leases	\$ 17,834,000	\$ 18,644,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,834,000	\$ 18,644,000			
Loans payable	299,800	414,200	5,882,800	6,605,081	6,182,600	7,019,281			
Bonds payable	3,988,528	4,163,695	29,314,348	31,044,894	33,302,876	35,208,589			
Total	\$ 22,122,328	\$ 23,221,895	\$ 35,197,148	\$ 37,649,975	\$ 57,319,476	\$ 60,871,870			

General obligation debts are direct obligations of the City and are backed by the full faith and credit of the City requiring voter approval and may have a tax rate set to cover repayment. State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt to 15% of the City's total assessed valuation. The City of Madera's debt limit is \$619.5 million. Detailed information on the City's long-term debt activity can be found in Note 9 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The national GDP began the fiscal year at 2.7 % and steadily declined to end the fiscal year of 2023 at 2.1%. Economic growth started higher than the previous fiscal year and decreased compared to each quarter throughout the year. It did however begin the fiscal year higher than the end of the prior fiscal year. At the state level, California GDP continues to be the highest of all the states and slightly increased over the full fiscal year. Because the Central Valley relies heavily on an agriculture-based economy, profits are not as lucrative and challenges such as weather (drought), labor availability, and government subsidies all play into the bottom line.

In the last year, the County of Madera added approximately 306 jobs. In July 2022, the unemployment rate in the County was 5.6%, and rose to 7.7% by the end of June of 2023. During the year, the unemployment rate was its highest at 8.7% in March of 2023 and its lowest in September 2022 at 5.2%, according to the State of California Employment Development Department. The effects of inflation and higher interest rates contributed to the fluctuating rates throughout the past year. At the state level, unemployment averaged 4.2%.

The City of Madera has seen a mild increase in certain sectors in consumer spending, especially those sectors related to transportation, travel, fuel, and restaurants, while there has been a decrease in sales tax revenue for auto sales. This trend is reflected in overall sales tax revenue growth compared to last fiscal year. Sales tax figures for the next fiscal year are projected conservatively due to inflationary pressures and a slowing economy.

The expectation in fiscal year 2022-23 was that new home starts would decline as interest rates continued to rise. However, the number of residential homes permitted surprisingly increased, with 247 permits issued. This was an increase of 42.8% as compared to the last fiscal year, where only 173 permits were issued. Although Madera has yet to see a large decline in home values seen in other areas, prices could begin to soften based on the recent rise in home mortgage interest rates.

The City has undertaken a number of measures to combat the effects of economic downturns. Voters approved Measure K in November of 2016 which added a half-cent sales tax to expand public safety services. Measure K sales tax brought in \$7 million in additional sales tax revenue for fiscal year 2021-22. Measure K revenue has allowed the City to expand its public safety services and purchase much needed fire apparatus and equipment. The funding has allowed the city to establish economic stabilization reserves and an equipment replacement reserve to ensure reliable delivery of services in the future. The City has also purchased the property adjoining the police department, thereby allowing for the expansion of police operations.

In December 2019 the City entered into a lease purchase agreement to finance energy improvements and upgrades. The projects include HVAC upgrades, LED lighting, solar streetlights, EV charging stations and PV solar. The City has continued to benefit from the upgrades with substantial savings in energy costs. Due to disruptions in the supply chain, the projects are scheduled to be fully completed early in 2024.

Economic development activity continues to remain stable and is seen through the addition of commercial, industrial, and residential buildings. The industrial vacancy rate continues to remain under 1%. In response, the City began a joint venture with a local company to develop Freedom Industrial Park, a 100-acre industrial site. The first tenant of the complex has moved in and employs about 100 individuals.

The City is actively reaching out to the business community to fill a future, second building that has already been approved for the site. The grounds will be "plug and play" ready, with full infrastructure and rail access. The intersection at Avenue 17 and State Route (SR) 99 remains a primary focus of the City's economic development efforts. The site currently includes Love's Madera Travel Center and more than \$10 million in infrastructure improvements. It is expected that the improvements will spur additional development around the interchange. Another development just to the north of Madera is Matilda Torres High School. The school requires sewer and water infrastructure expansion, which has generated interest in development of properties in the immediate vicinity.

Water is and will remain a key element in the regional economy. The City is taking an active role in regional groundwater management efforts and is planning the next stages of improvements to address long-term water service for current residents and future development. The City received over \$23 million in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds that have been 100% allocated to fund Water and Sewer Infrastructure projects by the City Council. Additionally, potential projects identified by City staff include the replacement of manual water meters, installation of new water meters, recoating of the water tower and the design of water main upgrades throughout the City. These additional projects have planned funding from revenue in the Water Utility Fund. A new water storage tank, pump station and

associated transmission mains are included in the Capital Improvement Program with the initial engineering efforts taking place in fiscal year 2022-23 and continuing into fiscal year 2023-24. The tank represents a critical component of infrastructure necessary to counter continual drought conditions in the valley. Construction funding for the tank project will require the use of ARPA funds the City received in FY 2022-23.

The economic outlook for the year ahead remains cautiously optimistic. While the effects of inflation and higher interest rates have impaired economic growth in some industries, other industries have experienced growth including transportation, travel, fuel, restaurants, and on-line sales. Efforts to reduce inflation could have a significant impact on growth and the City's future revenues. The City will continue with a prudent, conservative financial planning model as it makes budget decisions for the future.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City of Madera's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Director of Financial Services, City of Madera, 205 W. 4th Street, Madera, CA 93637.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Madera Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

			Prima	ary Government			Cor	nponent Unit								
	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities						Total		Total		Aut Cit	Housing thority of the y of Madera mber 30, 2022
ASSETS																
Current assets:																
Cash and investments	\$	107,560,751	\$	54,903,937	\$	162,464,688	\$	9,145,512								
Accounts receivable, net		708,939		5,141,195		5,850,134		66,851								
Intergovernmental receivable		10,210,885		1,442,081		11,652,966		-								
Lease receivable - due within one year		22,570		36,784		59,354		-								
Notes receivable - due within one year		-		-		-		41,368								
Prepaid items		129,767		46,591		176,358		114,528								
Inventories		82,881		-		82,881		-								
Due from Fiduciary Funds		614,305		-		614,305		-								
Internal balances		1,830,814		(1,830,814)		-										
Total current assets		121,160,912		59,739,774		180,900,686		9,368,259								
Noncurrent assets:																
Restricted cash and investments		2,517,025		2,579,539		5,096,564		1,661,561								
Lease receivable - due in more than one year		440,490		822,162		1,262,652		-								
Notes receivable - due in more than one year		8,003,577		-		8,003,577		2,864,337								
Land held for resale		670,000		-		670,000		-								
Capital assets:																
Non-depreciable		37,434,042		12,669,597		50,103,639		675,827								
Depreciable/amortizable, net		156,017,446		88,349,986		244,367,432		5,101,403								
Total capital assets, net		193,451,488		101,019,583		294,471,071		5,777,230								
Total noncurrent assets		205,082,580		104,421,284		309,503,864		10,303,128								
Total assets		326,243,492		164,161,058		490,404,550		19,671,387								
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES																
Related to other post employment benefits		889,909		195,234		1,085,143		-								
Related to pensions		16,566,971		3,204,489		19,771,460		1,408,283								
Total deferred outflows of resources		17,456,880		3,399,723		20,856,603		1,408,283								

City of Madera Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2023

		Primary Government		Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Housing Authority of the City of Madera September 30, 2022
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	6,704,247	4,689,465	11,393,712	78,958
Accrued payroll	1,352,728	2,558	1,355,286	19,132
Deposits	627,873	394,626	1,022,499	204,337
Interest payable	107,801	1,832,193	1,939,994	-
Unearned revenue	20,177,569	173,828	20,351,397	74,654
Compensated absences - due within one year	1,360,147	363,316	1,723,463	65,584
Long-term debt - due within one year	1,200,643	2,335,920	3,536,563	135,986
Total current liabilities	31,531,008	9,791,906	41,322,914	578,651
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Other non-current liabilities	_	_	_	580,392
Total OPEB liability	3,742,428	821,042	4,563,470	· -
Aggregate net pension liability	45,235,059	10,909,961	56,145,020	4,031,725
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	580,842	76,277	657,119	65,584
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	21,131,102	32,861,228	53,992,330	2,640,476
Total noncurrent liabilities	70,689,431	44,668,508	115,357,939	7,318,177
Total liabilities	102,220,439	54,460,414	156,680,853	7,896,828
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to service concession arrangement	_	16,670	16,670	_
Gain on refunding of debt	_	261,333	261,333	_
Related to leases	444,536	845,189	1,289,725	_
Related to other post employment benefits	154,229	33,836	188,065	_
Related to pensions	836,316	165,866	1,002,182	603,664
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,435,081	1,322,894	2,757,975	603,664
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	173,636,768	65,561,102	239,197,870	3,000,768
Restricted:				
Community development	12,751,924	_	12,751,924	_
Park development	98,941	_	98,941	-
Parking improvements	136,363	_	136,363	_
Public works and transportation	18,354,410	_	18,354,410	_
Special assessment project	519,667	_	519,667	-
Law enforcement	368,640	_	368,640	_
Capital projects and improvements	18,047,981	_	18,047,981	_
Housing services	· · · · · ·	_	-	88,031
Debt service		2,579,539	2,579,539	
Total restricted	50,277,926	2,579,539	52,857,465	88,031
Unrestricted	16,130,158	43,636,832	59,766,990	9,490,379
Total net position	\$ 240,044,852	\$ 111,777,473	\$ 351,822,325	\$ 12,579,178

City of Madera Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Program Revenues									
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Total
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	8,709,508	\$	141,171	\$	665,637	\$	-	\$	806,808
Public protection		19,843,489		1,097,776		557,041		-		1,654,817
Social services		(12,583)		-		-		-		-
Public ways and facilities		3,690,712		2,860,111		10,295,159		1,857,783		15,013,053
Community development		4,195,329		3,468,500		399,658		-		3,868,158
Culture and recreation		4,670,551		823,466		401,817		-		1,225,283
Interest on long-term debt		643,406				-		-		-
Total governmental activities		41,740,412		8,391,024		12,319,312		1,857,783		22,568,119
Business-type activities:										
Water		9,595,209		12,047,849		-		130,260		12,178,109
Sewer		12,320,078		11,696,850		-		38,100		11,734,950
Solid waste		9,379,389		8,178,710		-		109,442		8,288,152
Drainage operations		1,241,082		882,656		-		196,180		1,078,836
Local transit		3,904,438		2,994,770		-		586,780		3,581,550
Golf course		75,993		84,107		-		-		84,107
Airport		1,227,634		348,230				-		348,230
Total business-type activities		37,743,823		36,233,172		-		1,060,762		37,293,934
Total primary government	\$	79,484,235	\$	44,624,196	\$	12,319,312	\$	2,918,545	\$	59,862,053
Component unit:										
Housing Authority of the City of Madera	\$	9,134,196	\$	2,094,356	\$	7,703,656	\$	-	\$	9,798,012
Total component unit	\$	9,134,196	\$	2,094,356	\$	7,703,656	\$	-	\$	9,798,012

City of Madera Statement of Activities (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit Housing Authority of the City of Madera September 30, 2022				
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ (7,902,700)	\$ -	\$ (7,902,700)	\$ -				
Public protection	(18,188,672)	-	(18,188,672)	-				
Social services	12,583	-	12,583	-				
Public ways and facilities	11,322,341	-	11,322,341	-				
Community development	(327,171)	-	(327,171)	-				
Culture and recreation	(3,445,268)	-	(3,445,268)	-				
Interest on long-term debt	(643,406)		(643,406)					
Total governmental activities	(19,172,293)		(19,172,293)					
Business-type activities:								
Water	-	2,582,900	2,582,900	-				
Sewer	-	(585,128)	(585,128)	-				
Solid waste	-	(1,091,237)	(1,091,237)	-				
Drainage operations	-	(162,246)	(162,246)	-				
Local transit	-	(322,888)	(322,888)	-				
Golf course	-	8,114	8,114	-				
Airport	<u> </u>	(879,404)	(879,404)					
Total business-type activities	-	(449,889)	(449,889)	-				
Total primary government	(19,172,293)	(449,889)	(19,622,182)					
Component unit:								
Housing Authority of the City of Madera	-	-	-	663,816				
Total component unit	-		-	663,816				
General Revenues and Transfers: General revenues:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	13,505,386	258,727	13,764,113	-				
Sales and use taxes	19,291,534	, <u>-</u>	19,291,534	_				
Franchise taxes	841,540	_	841,540	-				
Other taxes	2,281,598	-	2,281,598	-				
Total taxes	35,920,058	258,727	36,178,785					
Investment income	959,461	679,254	1,638,715	153,796				
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	52,605	52,605	-				
Miscellaneous revenue	980,194	1,035,824	2,016,018	151,763				
Transfers	(1,917,609)	1,917,609	-	-				
Total general revenues and transfers	35,942,104	3,944,019	39,886,123	305,559				
Change in net position	16,769,811	3,494,130	20,263,941	969,375				
Net Position:								
Beginning of year, as restated	223,275,041	108,283,343	331,558,384	11,609,803				
End of year	\$ 240,044,852	\$ 111,777,473	\$ 351,822,325	\$ 12,579,178				

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Governmental Funds Financial Statements

General Fund - This fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures used to finance the traditional services associated with a municipal government which are not accounted for in the other funds. In Madera, these services include general government, public protection, social services, public ways and facilities, community development, and culture and recreation.

General Development Impact Fee Fund - This fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of the AB1600 development impact fee monies that are restricted or committed to expenditures for the intended purposes.

Measure "T" Sales Tax Fund - This fund is used to account for the receipt of gasoline tax revenue paid to the City as a subvention from the State of California. These funds support maintenance activities and finance street construction projects as provided by State law.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund - This fund is used to account for the grant revenues and expenditures received through the American Rescue Plan Act.

City of Madera Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

			N	Major Funds		
		General Fund		General Development Impact Fee Fund	Measure "T" Sales Tax Fund	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	36,869,010	\$	21,014,797	\$	14,321,143
Restricted cash and investments		-		-		-
Accounts receivable, net		635,405		6,754		-
Intergovernmental receivable		5,122,668		139		1,667,785
Lease receivable		447,018		-		-
Notes receivable		-		-		-
Prepaid items		58,961		-		-
Inventories		82,881		-		-
Due from other funds		5,806,505		-		-
Due from Fiduciary Funds		-		-		-
Advances to other funds		12,240		-		-
Land held for resale						
Total assets	\$	49,034,688	\$	21,021,690	\$	15,988,928
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	1,122,455	\$	2,345,910	\$	10,753
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	φ	1,352,624	Ф	2,343,910	Ф	10,733
Due to other funds		1,332,024		-		-
		-		(27.700		-
Deposits payable		214		627,799		-
Unearned revenues Total liabilities	-	2,475,293		2,973,709		10,753
Total natinues		2,473,293		2,973,709		10,733
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue		403,737		-		1,667,785
Related to leases		428,574				
Total deferred inflows of resources		832,311				1,667,785
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		141,842		-		-
Restricted		2,365,453		18,047,981		14,310,390
Committed		15,130,431		_		-
Assigned		15,797,488		_		_
Unassigned (deficit)		12,291,870		_		_
Total fund balances		45,727,084		18,047,981	-	14,310,390
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		, ,,,,,,,,		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		, -,
resources, and fund balances	\$	49,034,688	\$	21,021,690	\$	15,988,928

City of Madera Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	N	Major Funds						
	American Rescue Plan Act Fund		Non-major Governmental Funds		Rescue Plan Governmental		<u> </u>	Total Jovernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	20,063,504	\$	9,560,900	\$	101,829,354		
Restricted cash and investments		-		2,517,025		2,517,025		
Accounts receivable, net		-		52,403		694,562		
Intergovernmental receivable		-		3,420,293		10,210,885		
Lease receivable		-		16,042		463,060		
Notes receivable		-		8,003,577		8,003,577		
Prepaid items		-		13,131		72,092		
Inventories		_		_		82,881		
Due from other funds		-		_		5,806,505		
Due from Fiduciary Funds		-		614,305		614,305		
Advances to other funds		-		-		12,240		
Land held for resale		-		670,000		670,000		
Total assets	\$	20,063,504	\$	24,867,676	\$	130,976,486		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$		\$	2,993,807	\$	6,472,925		
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	Þ	-	Þ	2,993,807	Ф			
Due to other funds		-		_		1,352,637		
		-		3,987,931		3,987,931		
Deposits payable		-		74		627,873		
Unearned revenues		20,063,504		113,851		20,177,569		
Total liabilities		20,063,504		7,095,676		32,618,935		
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue		-		1,751,283		3,822,805		
Related to leases		-		15,962		444,536		
Total deferred inflows of resources				1,767,245		4,267,341		
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		13,131		154,973		
Restricted		_		17,919,555		52,643,379		
Committed		_		_		15,130,431		
Assigned		-		-		15,797,488		
Unassigned (deficit)		- -		(1,927,931)		10,363,939		
-		<u>-</u> _						
Total fund balances		-		16,004,755		94,090,210		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	20,063,504	\$	24,867,676	\$	130,976,486		

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City of Madera Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

5 tine 50, 2025		
Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	94,090,210
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:		
Unavailable revenues reported on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements resulting from activities in which revenues were earned but were not available are reclassified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.		3,822,805
Capital Assets used in the governmental activities were not financial resources and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Government-Wide Statement of Net Position		193,451,488
Less: capital assets reported in Internal Service Funds		(3,977,234)
Total capital assets		189,474,254
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position		
Compensated absences - due within one year		(1,360,147)
Compensated absences - due in more than one year		(580,842)
Long-term debt - due within one year		(1,200,643)
Long-term debt - due in more than one year		(21,131,102)
Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds:		(==,===,==,=)
Long-term debt - due within one year		94,498
Long-term debt - due in more than one year		96,792
Compensated absences - due within one year		141,992
Compensated absences - due in more than one year		59,899
Total long-term liabilities		(23,879,553)
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(107,801)
Aggregate net pension liability and total OPEB liability used in the governmental activities were not financial		
resources and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.		
Net pension liability		(45,235,059)
Total OPEB liability		(3,742,428)
Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds:		
Net pension liability		4,010,475
Total OPEB liability		343,692
Total pension and OPEB		(44,623,320)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and pensions are not available for current period and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds or not recorded in the governmental funds. Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		889,909
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		16,566,971
Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		(81,727)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		(1,177,962)
Total deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and pensions are not available for current period and, therefore, are		16,197,191
deferred in the governmental funds or not recorded in the governmental funds. Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(154.220)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(154,229)
•		(836,316)
Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds: Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		14,164
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		60,973
·		
Total deferred inflows of resources		(915,408)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fleet management, risk management, information		
technology, and building maintenance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.		5,986,474
	\$	240,044,852
Net Position of Governmental Activities	Ψ	270,074,032

City of Madera Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances **Governmental Funds**

		Major Funds	
	General Fund	General Development Impact Fee Fund	Measure "T" Sales Tax Fund
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$ 4,879,850	\$ -	\$ -
Sales and use taxes	19,291,534	-	-
Other taxes	2,027,689	-	-
Investment income (loss)	341,518	288,682	277,586
Franchise fees	841,540	-	-
Licenses and permits	1,502,455	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	465,127	-	-
Intergovernmental	9,222,604	2 502 404	2,312,989
Charges for services	1,941,861	3,582,404	-
Miscellaneous Total revenues	789,839	2 971 096	2 500 575
Total revenues	41,304,017	3,871,086	2,590,575
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General government	3,766,122	-	-
Public protection	21,390,902	-	-
Social services	181,934	-	-
Public ways and facilities	2,025,586	1,223,881	2,578
Community development	5,031,074	-	-
Culture and recreation	4,164,682	522,558	-
Capital outlay	624,105	674,490	218,651
Debt service:			
Principal	264,909	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	173,244	·	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	37,622,558	2,420,929	221,229
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,681,459	1,450,157	2,369,346
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Proceeds from sale of property	33,429	-	-
Inception of subscription liability	23,636	-	-
Transfers in	3,794,772	-	-
Transfers out	(382,358)	(397,771)	(897,474)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,469,479	(397,771)	(897,474)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	7,150,938	1,052,386	1,471,872
FUND BALANCES:			
Beginning of year	38,576,146	16,995,595	12,838,518
End of year	\$ 45,727,084	\$ 18,047,981	\$ 14,310,390

City of Madera Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) **Governmental Funds**

	Major Funds		
	American Rescue Plan Act	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 894,132	\$ 5,773,982
Sales and use taxes	-	-	19,291,534
Other taxes	-	443,140	2,470,829
Investment income (loss)	-	144,897	1,052,683
Franchise fees	-	-	841,540
Licenses and permits	-	2.945	1,502,455
Fines and forfeitures	2.521.022	3,845	468,972
Intergovernmental Charges for services	2,521,023	5,939,253 64,570	19,995,869 5,588,835
Miscellaneous	_	623,006	1,412,845
Total revenues	2,521,023	8,112,843	58,399,544
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General government	-	108,653	3,874,775
Public protection	-	227,051	21,617,953
Social services	-	-	181,934
Public ways and facilities	-	548,945	3,800,990
Community development	-	147,329	5,178,403
Culture and recreation	-	-	4,687,240
Capital outlay	-	1,104,007	2,621,253
Debt service:			
Principal	-	810,000	1,074,909
Interest and fiscal charges		505,220	678,464
Total expenditures	-	3,451,205	43,715,921
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,521,023	4,661,638	14,683,623
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Proceeds from sale of property	-	-	33,429
Inception of subscription liability	-	-	23,636
Transfers in	-	509,546	4,304,318
Transfers out	(2,521,023)	(1,908,224)	(6,106,850)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,521,023)	(1,398,678)	(1,745,467)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	3,262,960	12,938,156
FUND BALANCES:			
Beginning of year		12,741,795	81,152,054
End of year	\$ -	\$ 16,004,755	\$ 94,090,210

City of Madera Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 12,938,156
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:	
Governmental funds reported capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets was allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expenses. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period (net of \$375,645 added in internal service funds) (\$457,618 of the governmental fund capital outlay balance were for repairs and maintenance expenditures).	2,163,634
In the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, donated assets are reported as a capital contribution.	673,005
Depreciation and amortization expense on capital assets was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation and amortization expense, net of internal service funds of \$678,937, was not reported as expenditures in the Governmental Funds.	(7,352,553)
	(7,552,555)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) decreased net position.	(41,381)
Issuance of long-term liabilities provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but the issuance increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	
Subscription liability	(23,636)
Repayment of long-term liabilities was an expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	
Principal payment of long-term debt, net of internal services funds of \$97,405.	1,074,909
Amortization of bond premium	30,167
Interest expense on long-term debt was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. This amount represented the changes in accrued interest from prior year.	4,891
Compensated absences expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. (net of \$19,228 deducted in internal service funds).	(90,744)
Revenues in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.	1,355,283
Certain pension expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Changes in pension related deferred outflows of resources	8,003,521
Changes in net pension liabilities	(15,389,948)
Changes in pension related deferred inflows of resources	13,998,678
Certain OPEB expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Changes in OPEB related deferred outflows of resources	214,494
Changes in total OPEB liabilities	(255,567)
Changes in OPEB related deferred inflows of resources	(44,165)
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance, facilities maintenance, and technology to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental	
activities.	(488,933)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 16,769,811

Proprietary Funds Financial Statements

Water Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's water pumping, treatment and distribution operations.

Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's sewer collection and treatment operations.

Solid Waste Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's solid waste operations.

Drainage Operations Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's drainage operations.

Internal Service Funds - These funds are used to provide goods and services by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

City of Madera Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Funds			
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Drainage Operations Fund
ASSETS				
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivable Lease receivable - due within one year	\$ 38,174,131 2,509,354 100	\$ 13,532,216 1,363,686 941	\$ 1,064,518 1,125,117 -	\$ 1,041,059 90,925 -
Prepaid items	23,828	3,274	2 100 625	9,410
Total current assets Noncurrent assets:	40,707,413	14,900,117	2,189,635	1,141,394
Restricted cash and investments Lease receivable - due in more than one year Capital assets: Non-depreciable	234,434 - 788,024	2,345,105 - 3,283,609		4,039,808
Depreciable, net	21,668,626	35,498,082		14,222,692
Total capital assets Total noncurrent assets	22,456,650	38,781,691		18,262,500
Total assets Total assets	22,691,084	41,126,796	2 100 625	18,262,500
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB Related to pensions	63,398,497 99,887 1,164,401	56,026,913 68,105 1,087,929	2,189,635 18,162 359,298	19,403,894 4,540 212,347
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,264,288	1,156,034	377,460	216,887
LIABILITIES	1,201,200	1,130,031	377,100	210,007
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Interest payable Deposits payable Unearned revenue Compensated absences - due within one year Long-term debt - due within one year	1,531,970 130 - 83,192 1,818,128 83,995 168,932 537,120	546,203 90 - 309,727 - 112,647 1,637,000	2,158,734 12 - - 89,633 31,017	7,957 7 - - 200 21,435
Total current liabilities	4,223,467	2,605,667	2,279,396	29,599
Noncurrent liabilities: Advances from other funds Total OPEB liability Aggregate net pension liability Compensated absences - due in more than one year Long term debt - due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities	420,068 3,964,307 16,602 8,322,228 12,723,205	286,410 3,703,950 - 24,539,000 28,529,360	76,376 1,223,260 39,709 	19,094 722,954 11,434 - 753,482
Total liabilities	16,946,672	31,135,027	3,618,741	783,081
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to service concession arrangement Gain on refunding of debt Related to leases Related to OPEB Related to pensions	17,530 - 17,311 60,270	243,803 - 11,803 56,312	3,148 18,597	- - - 787 10,991
Total deferred inflows of resources	95,111	311,918	21,745	11,778
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	13,579,772	12,361,888	-	18,262,500
Restricted: Debt service Unrestricted (deficit)	234,434 33,806,796	2,345,105 11,029,009	(1,073,391)	563,422
Total net position	\$ 47,621,002	\$ 25,736,002	\$ (1,073,391)	\$ 18,825,922

City of Madera Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Non-major Funds	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivable Lease receivable - due within one year Prepaid items	\$ 1,092,013 52,113 1,441,040 36,784 10,079	\$ 54,903,937 5,141,195 1,442,081 36,784 46,591	\$ 5,731,397 14,377 - - 57,675
Total current assets	2,632,029	61,570,588	5,803,449
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash and investments Lease receivable - due in more than one year Capital assets:	822,162	2,579,539 822,162	- -
Non-depreciable Depreciable, net	4,558,156 16,960,586	12,669,597 88,349,986	3,026 3,974,208
Total capital assets	21,518,742	101,019,583	3,977,234
Total noncurrent assets	22,340,904	104,421,284	3,977,234
Total assets	24,972,933	165,991,872	9,780,683
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB Related to pensions	4,540 380,514	195,234 3,204,489	81,727 1,177,962
Total deferred outflows of resources	385,054	3,399,723	1,259,689
LIABILITIES	<u> </u>		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Interest payable Deposits payable Unearned revenue Compensated absences - due within one year Long-term debt - due within one year	444,601 2,319 1,818,574 1,707 14,065 - 29,285 161,800	4,689,465 2,558 1,818,574 394,626 1,832,193 173,828 363,316 2,335,920	231,322 91 - - - 141,992 94,498
Total current liabilities	2,472,351	11,610,480	467,903
Noncurrent liabilities: Advances from other funds Total OPEB liability Aggregate net pension liability Compensated absences - due in more than one year Long term debt - due in more than one year	12,240 19,094 1,295,490 8,532	12,240 821,042 10,909,961 76,277 32,861,228	343,692 4,010,475 59,899 96,792
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,335,356	44,680,748	4,510,858
Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,807,707	56,291,228	4,978,761
Related to service concession arrangement Gain on refunding of debt Related to leases Related to OPEB Related to pensions	16,670 - 845,189 787 19,696	16,670 261,333 845,189 33,836 165,866	- - 14,164 60,973
Total deferred inflows of resources	882,342	1,322,894	75,137
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	21,356,942	65,561,102	3,785,944
Restricted: Debt service Unrestricted (deficit)	(689,004)	2,579,539 43,636,832	2,200,530
Total net position	\$ 20,667,938	\$ 111,777,473	\$ 5,986,474

City of Madera Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

	Major Funds							
		Water Fund	Sewer Fund		S	Solid Waste Fund		Drainage Operations Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Charges for services Miscellaneous revenue	\$	12,047,849 252,528	\$	11,696,850 8,198	\$	8,178,710 636,982	\$	882,656 182
Total operating revenues		12,300,377		11,705,048		8,815,692		882,838
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Salaries and benefits General and administrative Supplies and miscellaneous Parts and supplies Utilities Depreciation		3,133,737 2,367,466 549,958 21,347 2,360,492 907,175		3,326,191 2,134,404 444,495 2,249,649 470,960 2,451,263		746,121 8,560,695 62,104 - 10,469		580,694 219,346 60,311 - 31,937 348,794
Total operating expenses		9,340,175		11,076,962		9,379,389		1,241,082
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		2,960,202		628,086		(563,697)		(358,244)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Investment income Property taxes Gain on sale of capital assets Interest expense		450,765 - 11,552 (255,034)		132,388 162,645 41,053 (1,243,116)		34,770		13,508
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		207,283		(907,030)		34,770		13,508
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		3,167,485		(278,944)		(528,927)		(344,736)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS								
Capital contributions Capital grants Transfers in Transfers out		130,260 - 310,733 (300,579)		38,100 - 2,464,056 (154,041)		109,442 50,000 (610,897)		196,180 - - (61,091)
Total capital contributions and transfers		140,414		2,348,115		(451,455)		135,089
Changes in net position		3,307,899		2,069,171		(980,382)		(209,647)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT): Beginning of year		44,313,103		23,666,831		(93,009)		19,035,569
End of year	\$	47,621,002	\$	25,736,002	\$	(1,073,391)	\$	18,825,922

City of Madera Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued) **Proprietary Funds**

	Non-major Funds			Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds		
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for services Miscellaneous revenue	\$	3,427,107 137,934	\$	36,233,172 1,035,824	\$	5,479,219 28,843	
Total operating revenues		3,565,041		37,268,996		5,508,062	
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Salaries and benefits		1,367,144		9,153,887		3,334,219	
General and administrative		2,275,994		15,557,905		903,975	
Supplies and miscellaneous		485,092		1,601,960		329,501	
Parts and supplies		322,965		2,593,961		157,958	
Utilities		18,331		2,892,189		476,185	
Depreciation		725,995		4,433,227		678,937	
Total operating expenses		5,195,521		36,233,129		5,880,775	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(1,630,480)		1,035,867		(372,713)	
, ,		(1,030,100)		1,033,007		(372,713)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Investment income		47,823		679,254		_	
Property taxes		96,082		258,727		-	
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		52,605		_	
Interest expense		(12,544)		(1,510,694)		(1,143)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		131,361		(520,108)		(1,143)	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL							
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		(1,499,119)		515,759		(373,856)	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS							
Capital contributions		13,819		378,359		_	
Capital grants		572,961		682,403		-	
Transfers in		298,804		3,123,593		57,000	
Transfers out		(79,376)		(1,205,984)		(172,077)	
Total capital contributions and transfers		806,208		2,978,371		(115,077)	
Changes in net position		(692,911)		3,494,130		(488,933)	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):							
Beginning of year		21,360,849		108,283,343		6,475,407	
End of year	\$	20,667,938	\$	111,777,473	\$	5,986,474	

City of Madera Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

	Major Funds							
		Water Fund		Sewer Fund	S	olid Waste Fund		Drainage Operations Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Other operating revenues and expenses	\$	11,902,550 (5,365,043) (2,373,069) 252,528	\$	11,329,461 (5,781,991) (2,323,589) 8,198	\$	7,897,075 (6,492,897) (747,791) 636,982	\$	867,758 (326,203) (488,283) 182
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		4,416,966		3,232,079		1,293,369		53,454
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Property taxes Due to other funds		-		162,645		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		310,733 (300,579)		2,464,056 (154,041)		50,000 (610,897)		(61,091)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		10,154		2,472,660		(560,897)		(61,091)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		- , -		, , ,,,,,,		(======================================		(*))
Capital grants		(00.502)		(216.016)		109,442		-
Acquisition of capital assets Principal payment of long-term debt		(99,582) (539,479)		(216,016) (1,852,307)		-		-
Interest paid on debt		(242,384)		(1,018,041)				-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(881,445)		(3,086,364)		109,442		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Interest from investments		450,765		132,388		34,770		13,508
Net cash provided by investing activities		450,765		132,388		34,770		13,508
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		3,996,440		2,750,763		876,684		5,871
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		24 412 125		12 126 559		107 024		1 025 199
Beginning of year End of year	•	34,412,125 38,408,565	•	13,126,558 15,877,321	•	1,064,518	•	1,035,188
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:	Ψ	36,406,303	<u> </u>	13,077,321	<u> </u>	1,004,516	Ψ	1,041,037
Cash and investments	\$	38,174,131	\$	13,532,216	\$	1,064,518	\$	1,041,059
Restricted cash and investments		234,434		2,345,105				-
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	38,408,565	\$	15,877,321	\$	1,064,518	\$	1,041,059
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	2,960,202	\$	628,086	\$	(563,697)	\$	(358,244)
Depreciation Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and		907,175		2,451,263		-		348,794
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:								
Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivable Lease receivable		(383,670) (100)		(363,631) (326)		(281,635)		(14,898)
Prepaid items Deferred outflows - OPEB related		5,165 (26,510)		3.038 (18,075)		38 (4,821)		(274) (1,205)
Deferred outflows - pension related		(626,844)		(728,814)		(96,173)		(102,693)
Accounts payable Accrued payroll		(70,945) (52,937)		(485,521) (49,884)		2,140,333 (17,678)		(14,335) (10,286)
Deposits payable Unearned revenue		246,071 (7,600)		(3,432)		-		-
Compensated absences		(20,505)		(4,821)		9,123		67
Aggregate net pension liability Total OPEB liability		1,829,402 31,586		2,172,482 21,536		226,383 5,743		277,177 1,436
Deferred inflows - lease related Deferred inflows - OPEB related Deferred inflows - pension related		5,458 (378,982)		3,722 (393,544)		993 (125,240)		248 (72,333)
Total adjustments		1,456,764		2,603,993		1,857,066		411,698
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	4.416.966	\$	3,232,079	\$	1.293.369	\$	53,454
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Contributed property, plant and equipment	\$	130,260	\$	38,100	\$	<u> </u>	\$	196,180
Total noncash capital and related financing activities	\$	130,260	\$	38,100	\$	_	\$	196,180
See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.	44							

City of Madera Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds

	Non-major Funds		Total		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		Tunus		10111		rvice i unus
Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Other operating revenues and expenses	\$	2,550,388 (2,832,535) (791,680) 137,934	\$	34,547,232 (20,798,669) (6,724,412) 1,035,824	\$	5,470,819 (1,835,447) (2,250,683) 28,843
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(935,893)		8,059,975		1,413,532
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Property taxes Due to other funds Advances from other funds Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		96,082 1,011,813 (24,480) 298,804 (79,376)		258,727 1,011,813 (24,480) 3,123,593 (1,205,984)		57,000 (172,077)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		1,302,843		3,163,669		(115,077)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Capital grants Acquisition of capital assets Principal payment of long-term debt Interest paid on debt		572,961 (1,009,568) (631,976) (14,461)		682,403 (1,325,166) (3,023,762) (1,274,886)		(324,159) (97,405) (1,143)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(1,083,044)		(4,941,411)		(422,707)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Interest from investments		47,823		679,254		
Net cash provided by investing activities		47,823		679,254		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(668,271)		6,961,487		875,748
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:						
Beginning of year		1,760,284		50,521,989		4,855,649
End of year RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:	<u>\$</u>	1,092,013	\$	57,483,476	\$	5,731,397
Cash and investments	\$	1,092,013	\$	54,903,937	\$	5,731,397
Restricted cash and investments		-		2,579,539		
Total cash and cash equivalents RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES.	\$	1,092,013	\$	57,483,476	\$	5,731,397
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net	\$	(1,630,480)	\$	1,035,867	\$	(372,713)
cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and		725,995		4,433,227		678,937
deferred outflows and inflows of resources: Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivable Lease receivable		(12,251) (857,089) 52,768		(1,056,085) (857,515) 52,768		(8,400)
Prepaid items Deferred outflows - OPEB related Deferred outflows - pension related Accounts payable Accrued payroll Deposits payable Unearned revenue		(362) (1,205) (301,759) 270,209 (16,397) (100)		7,605 (51,816) (1,856,283) 1,839,741 (147,182) 245,971 (11,032)		71,652 (21,692) (763,670) (39,480) (45,571)
Compensated absences Compensated absences Aggregate net pension liability Total OPEB liability Deferred inflows - lease related Deferred inflows - OPEB related Deferred inflows - pension related		(7,516) 1,015,447 1,436 (60,047) 248 (114,790)		(11,032) (23,652) 5,520,891 61,737 (60,047) 10,669 (1,084,889)		(5,832) 2,293,019 25,843 4,466 (403,027)
Total adjustments		694,587		7,024,108		1,786,245
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(935,893)	\$	8.059.975	\$	1,413,532
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Contributed property, plant and equipment	\$	13,819	\$	378,359	\$	

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Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements

Custodial Funds - These funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private purpose trust funds. This includes the Madera General Deposit Custodial Fund and Community Facilities Districts Custodial Fund.

RDA Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund - This fund is used to account for monies received from the Madera County Auditor Controller for the repayment of the enforceable obligations of the former Madera Community Development Agency. These funds are restricted for the sole purpose of payment of items on an approved Recognized Payment Obligation Schedule (ROPS).

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City of Madera Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds	RDA Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 2,842,474	\$ 6,095,628
Accounts receivable, net	1,658	57,687
Prepaid items	925	3,286
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent	48,600	420
Land held for resale	-	278,207
Capital asset, not being depreciated	-	16,701
Capital asset, being depreciated, net		1,493,748
Total assets	2,893,657	7,945,677
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	16,259	118
Interest payable	-	457,737
Due to City	614,305	-
Long-term debt - due within one year	-	1,515,000
Long-term debt - due in more than one year		32,059,973
Total liabilities	630,564	34,032,828
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)		
Restricted for:		
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	2,263,093	-
Held in trust for dissolution of RDA		(26,087,151)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 2,263,093	\$ (26,087,151)

City of Madera Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

	Custodial Funds	RDA Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS:				
Special assessments for other governments	\$ 184,968	\$	-	
Investment income	131,969		95,272	
RDA property tax trust fund distribution	-		3,049,122	
Other payments received	-		27,181	
Total additions	 316,937		3,171,575	
DEDUCTIONS:				
Administration	9,780		7,385	
Project payments	-		14,075	
Payments on conduit bonds - principal	88,740		-	
Payments on conduit bonds - interest	80,916		-	
Depreciation	-		34,738	
Interest expense	-		1,154,077	
Total deductions	 179,436		1,210,275	
Change in net position	137,501		1,961,300	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):				
Beginning of year	2,125,592		(28,048,451)	
End of year	\$ 2,263,093	\$	(26,087,151)	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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City of Madera Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Madera, California (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards in the United States. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated in 1907 under the general laws of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public protection, health and social services, public ways and facilities, community development (planning, building and zoning), culture-recreation, public utilities (water, sewer, solid waste, and drainage operations), airport services, local transportation, golf course, and general administrative services.

Blended Component Units

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, the City, and its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the primary government is accountable and their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance part of the government's operation. As a result, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

Although the following are legally separate from the City, they have been "blended" as though they are part of the City because the component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the City's and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the City and the component unit; management of the City has operational responsibilities for the component units; and/or the component units provide services entirely, or almost entirely, to the City or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the City, even though it does not provide services directly to it.

Madera Public Financing Authority (Financing Authority)

The Madera Public Financing Authority ("Financing Authority") was created in 1989. The Financing Authority is a joint exercise of joint powers. The City Council serves as directors of the Financing Authority. The purpose of the Financing Authority is to act as a financing/lending type of entity only. No separate annual financial statements are prepared for the Financing Authority. Since the City Council previously served as the government board for this component unit, the City's component unit was considered to be a blended component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and financial information was reported with the primary government.

City of Madera Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units

A discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Housing Authority of the City of Madera (Housing Authority)

The Housing Authority of the City of Madera ("Housing Authority") is a governmental entity authorized in accordance with state law to engage in the development, acquisition, leasing, and administration of low-rent housing programs. The Housing Authority is governed by a Board of Commissioners, which is comprised of members of the City Council. Management of the Housing Authority is appointed and held accountable to the Governing Board. The Housing Authority has a September 30 year end in order to align with other Housing Authorities in California. The Housing Authority's September 30 fiscal year-end audited financial statements are included in the City's basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit. Complete financial statements for the Housing Authority may be obtained from the administrative offices located at 205 North G St, Madera, CA 93637.

The Housing Authority and the City have different fiscal years, which can result in timing differences in transactions between the Housing Authority and the City as noted in the basic financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained in accordance with legal and managerial requirements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

These financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of U.S. GAAP. Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program. Program revenues for the City are classified in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- > Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- ➤ Due to/from other funds
- ➤ Advances to/from other funds
- > Transfers in/out

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in Net Position as presented in these statements to the Net Position presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Measurable means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. Available means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The City uses an availability period of 60 days for all revenues except grants, which use a six-month availability period.

Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, gas taxes, motor vehicle in-lieu, transient occupancy taxes, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when cash is received by the government.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Revenue recognition is subject to the measurable and available criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). Locally imposed derived tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. Imposed non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. Government-mandated and voluntary non-exchange transactions have been recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

The Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of GASB Statement No. 34.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for by other City funds and for expenditures related to the rendering of general services by the City.

General Development Impact Fee Fund – This fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of the AB1600 development impact fee monies that are restricted or committed to expenditures for the intended purposes.

Measure "T" Sales Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the receipt of sales tax revenue paid to the City as a subvention from the State of California. These funds support maintenance activities and finance street construction projects as provided by State law.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund – This fund used to account for the grant revenues received and expenditures incurred through the American Rescue Plan Act.

Discretely Presented Component Unit Financial Statements

The activities of the Authority closely resemble those of ongoing businesses in which the purpose is to conserve and add to basic resources while meeting operating expenses from current revenues. The Authority which provides services on a continuous basis, has its activities are substantially financed by revenues derived from user charges and contributions from the member agencies. The Authority utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized as they are incurred.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major Proprietary Fund and an aggregate total column for all non-major Proprietary funds.

A separate column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City's internal service funds include funds which provide services directly to other City funds. These areas of service include fleet operations, facilities maintenance, and technology.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. In these funds, receivables have been recorded as revenue and provisions have been made for uncollectible amounts.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residential, commercial and industrial segments of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the provision of sewer treatment to residential, commercial and industrial segments of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Solid Waste Fund – This fund is used to account for City's activities related to solid waste removal and street cleaning activities.

Drainage Operations Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's activities related to drainage operations.

Internal service fund balances and activities have been combined with governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, and are comprised of the following funds:

Fleet Operations Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with the maintenance of the City fleet of vehicles.

Facilities Maintenance Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with the maintenance of the City Hall building and other City buildings.

Technology Fund - This fund is used to account for the costs associated with automation maintenance of the City's various computers, servers and interdepartmental electronic communications.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City's fiduciary funds represent custodial funds and private purpose trust funds. Both custodial funds and the private purpose trust funds are accounted for on the full accrual basis of accounting.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary fund types are accounted for according to the nature of the fund. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Such funds include and General Deposits Fund. They are also used to account for various assessment districts for which the City acts as an agent for debt service activity, as the City is prohibited from levying additional taxes for these districts. Such funds include Community Facilities Districts.

The City's private purpose trust fund is a fiduciary fund type used by the City to report assets, liabilities and activities of the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency ("Successor Agency") for the City of Madera. Its results of operations are presented on the Statement of Changes of Fiduciary Net Position.

Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency for the City of Madera

The Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund was created to serve as a custodian for the assets and to wind down the affairs of the RDA on February 1, 2012, pursuant to Assembly Bill x1 26. Its purpose is to expeditiously wind down the affairs of the dissolved Redevelopment Agency ("RDA"). The Successor Agency is a separate public entity from the City, subject to the direction of an oversight board. The City Council serves as the governing board of the Successor Agency. In general, the Successor Agency's assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, the Successor Agency will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former RDA until all enforceable obligations of the former RDA have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated. Based upon the nature of the Successor Agency's custodial role, the Successor Agency has been included in the accompanying basic financial statements as a private purpose trust fund. On March 6, 2015, the California Department of Finance (Finance) approved the City's revised Long-Range Property Management Plan ("LRPMP"), with the assets deemed for governmental use and future development.

C. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds reports separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City considers pooled cash and investment amounts, with original maturities of three months or less, to be cash equivalents.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

Investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements at fair value, except for certain investment contracts that are reported at cost because they are not transferable and they have terms that are not affected by changes in market interest rates. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for that fiscal year, and may result in negative investment income in the accompanying financial statements. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance, except for investment income associated with funds not legally required to receive pooled investment income which has been assigned to and recorded as revenue of the general fund, as provided by California Government Code Section 53647.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents, include amounts on deposit in the City pool and any short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

Certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, for deposits and investment risks in the following areas:

- > Interest rate risk
- Credit risk
 - Overall
 - Custodial credit risk
 - Concentration of credit risk
- Foreign currency risk

U.S. GAAP establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the Statements of Net Position, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value.

In addition, other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end and other disclosures.

Levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, which are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

E. Restricted Assets

Amounts reported as restricted assets have been restricted by bond indentures or are to be used for specified purposes based on contract provisions, such as bonded debt service.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Receivables

Customer or trade receivables are reported as "accounts receivable" and are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts based on historical and management estimates.

Noncurrent portions of long-term receivables (e.g., "notes receivable") due to governmental fund types are reported in their respective balance sheets despite their spending measurement focus. Recognition of governmental fund type revenues represented by noncurrent receivables are deferred until they become current receivables. Noncurrent portions of long-term notes receivable are offset by restricted fund balance in the special revenue funds.

G. Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the Governmental-Wide Financial Statements as "internal balances."

H. Inventory

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies and vehicle repair parts. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditure/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. Inventory reported in governmental funds is offset with nonspendable fund balance to show that inventories do not constitute available spendable resources, even though they are a component of fund balance.

I. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items are reported in the governmental funds under the consumption method and are reported as a nonspendable component of fund balance to indicate that they are not spendable for appropriation and are not expendable financial resources.

J. Leases

The City is a lessor for leases of special purpose facilities, office and commercial space, and land. The City recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the financial Statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflows of resources are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources are recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term in a systematic and rational method.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Leases (Continued)

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

K. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

The City has a policy to recognize a SBITA liability and a right-to-use subscription asset (SBITA asset) in our financial statements with an initial, individual value of \$50,000 or more with a subscription term greater than one year.

At the commencement of a subscription, when the subscription asset is placed into service, the SBITA liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Future subscription payments are discounted using the City's incremental borrowing rate and the City recognizes amortization of the discount on the subscription liability as interest expense in subsequent financial reporting periods.

SBITA assets are measured as the sum of the initial subscription liability, payments made to the SBITA vendor before the commencement of the lease term, and capitalizable implementation costs less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. Subscription assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the subscription term.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITAs include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITAs.
- The subscription term includes the period during which the City has a noncancelable right to use the underlying IT asset. The subscription term also includes periods covered by an option to extend if it is reasonably certain to be exercised.
- Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option years that the City is reasonably certain to exercise. The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of a subscription and will remeasure any subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Right-to-use subscription assets are reported along with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported as long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L. Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale represents land, structures, and related improvements that were acquired for resale as part of the City's redevelopment and grant activities. Land held for resale is accounted for is recorded at lower of cost or net realizable value in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Land held for resale, which is not available for current expenditure, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet as restricted fund balance when proceeds from the sale must be used for restricted purposes or as nonspendable fund balance when such proceeds are not restricted.

M. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are valued at the fair value of the assets on the date on which they were contributed. Donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. The City utilizes a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 - \$25,000 depending on asset type.

Depreciation is charged to operations using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Asset Type	Years
Buildings	25-35
Improvements	5-50
Equipment	4-15
Infrastructure	10-50

For all infrastructure systems, the City elected to use the Basic Approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting. The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include the streets, water purification and distribution system, sewer collection and treatment system, parks and recreation, lands and improvement system, storm water conveyance system, and buildings combined with the site amenities such as parking and landscaped areas used by the City in the conduct of its business. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, traffic control devices (signs, signals and pavement markings), landscaping and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N. Long-Term Debt

Government-Wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Long-term debt and other financial obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed when incurred. Gains or losses on bond refunding are reported as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and amortized over the term of the related debt.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements do not present long-term debt but are shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Debt issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. Compensated Absences

The City's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

For governmental and business-type activities, compensated absences are recorded as expenses when earned.

Fund Financial Statements

For governmental funds, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the year paid. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate compensated absences. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed to the various funds in the period they are earned, and such fund's share of the unpaid liability is recorded as a long-term liability of the fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

P. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans (Note 13). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund and Internal Service Funds are typically used to liquidate the pension liability related to the City's governmental activities while the pension liability for Business-type activities is liquidated from the respective Enterprise Funds.

The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

Valuation date June 30, 2021 Measurement date June 30, 2022

Measurement period July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

Q. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plan, the assets of which are held in an irrevocable trust, and additions to/deductions from the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position have been determined by an independent actuary (Note 14). For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund and Internal Service Funds are typically used to liquidate the OPEB liability related to the City's governmental activities while the OPEB liability for Business-type activities is liquidated from the respective Enterprise Funds.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and fiduciary net position information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation date June 30, 2022 Measurement date June 30, 2022

Measurement period July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

R. Fund Balances

As prescribed by U.S. GAAP, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2023, fund balances for governmental funds are made up of the following:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are: (a) not in a spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: deposits and prepaid items.
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resources providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted with the consent of resource providers.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that have been limited to specific purposes or through adoption of a resolution or an ordinance by the City Council, the highest level of decision-making authority of the City, and resources that have been specifically committed for use in satisfying contractual obligations, as in agreements with third-parties. The City has determined that both a resolution and an ordinance are equally binding. These commitments may be changed or lifted, but only by the same formal action that was used to impose the constraint originally. City Council action to commit fund balance must occur within the fiscal reporting period while the amount committed may be subsequently determined.
- Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes. Intent is expressed by (a) the City Council or (b) a body or official to which the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for a specific purpose. This policy delegates to the Finance Director the authority to assign unassigned fund balance amounts where the City's intent is for those amounts to be used for specific purposes. This delegation of authority is for the sole purpose of reporting these amounts in the annual financial statements.
- <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> includes amounts within the General Fund, the residual resources, either positive or negative in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the other four fund balance categories. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose. Other governmental funds may only report a negative unassigned balance that was created after classification of fund balance in the nonspendable, restricted or committed categories.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes where only unrestricted fund balances are available, the City uses the unrestricted resources in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

S. Net Position

The financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is classified as follows:

• Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by any debt outstanding and any deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to such borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at yearend, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is offset by unspent proceeds.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

S. Net Position (Continued)

- Restricted Net Position This category presents restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Those assets are restricted due to external restrictions imposed by creditors (such as through bond covenants), grantors or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Unrestricted</u> This category represents net position of the City that is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the City's policy is to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources that are needed.

T. Property Taxes

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities in the current period.

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties at up to 1% of assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. The County of Madera, bills and collects the property taxes and remits them to the City at various times throughout the year. Property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are due in two installments. The first installment is due on November 1, and is payable through December 10 without penalty. The second installment is due February 1, and is payable through April 10 without penalty.

U. Use of Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions, in some cases when applicable, that affect the amounts in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

V. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The requirements of the following accounting standards are effective for the purpose of implementation, if applicable to the City, for the year ended June 30, 2023. The financial statements included herein apply the requirements and provisions of these statements, including necessary retroactive adjustments to financial statement classifications and presentations.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

V. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements for the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 91

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 94

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, Public-Private and *Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Implementation of this statement did not have a significant effect on City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 96

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. Implementation of this Statement had a moderate effect on City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 99

In April 2023, GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2023*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

W. Upcoming Government Accounting Standards Implementations

The City is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB statements:

GASB Statement No. 100

In June 2023, GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Application of this statement is effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 101

In June 2023, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 102

In December 2023, GASB issued Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. That objective is achieved by requiring governments to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. The statement also requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Earlier application is encouraged.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments - City

A. Summary

Cash and investments are presented in the accompanying financial statements for the City at June 30, 2023 as follows:

	Government-Wide Statement of Net Position					Fidu	iciary Funds				
	G	overnmental	Bu	siness-Type			St	atement of			
		Activities	Activities		Activities			Total	N	et Position	Total
Cash and investments	\$	107,560,751	\$	54,903,937	\$	162,464,688	\$	8,938,102	\$ 171,402,790		
Restricted cash and investments		2,517,025		2,579,539		5,096,564		49,020	 5,145,584		
Total cash and investments	\$	110,077,776	\$	57,483,476	\$	167,561,252	\$	8,987,122	\$ 176,548,374		

Note 2 – Cash and Investments – City (Continued)

A. Summary (Continued)

Cash and investments for the City at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Cash:	
Cash on hand	\$ 7,351
Deposits with financial institution	 22,170,612
Total cash	22,177,963
Investments:	
Investments	149,224,827
Investments held by bond trustee	 5,145,584
Total investments	154,370,411
Total cash and investments	\$ 176,548,374

As part of the City's investment guidelines, the City continually seeks ways to increase investment income while not risking investment principal. One way the City accomplishes this is by "sweeping", on a nightly basis, any excess cash held in its non-interest-bearing checking account to an interest-bearing money market account with the same bank.

B. Demand Deposits

The carrying amounts of the City's demand deposits were \$22,250,846 at June 30, 2023. Bank balances were \$22,974,002 at that date, the total amount of which was collateralized or insured with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The City, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments – City (Continued)

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code and the City's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

		M aximum	M aximum
	M aximum	Percentage	Investment in
Authorized Investment Types	Maturity	of Portfolio	One Issuer*
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 y ears	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

^{*} Based on state law requirements or City investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments – City (Continued)

D. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by fiscal agents are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

		M aximum	M aximum
	M aximum	Percentage	Investment in
Authorized Investment Types	Maturity	Allowed	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Investment Contracts	30 years	None	None

E. Fair Value Measurement

As of June 30, 2023, the City's investments had the following recurring fair value measurements:

Investments measured by fair value level:		June 30, 2023	Level 2			
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	\$	10,978,689	\$	10,978,689		
Municipal bonds		1,807,550		1,807,550		
U.S. Treasury Obligations		19,094,412		19,094,412		
U.S. Government Securities:						
Federal Home Loan Bank		14,104,140		14,104,140		
Federal Farm Credit Bank		6,011,378		6,011,378		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		908,280		908,280		
Federal National Mortgage Association		6,192,120		6,192,120		
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation		1,437,860		1,437,860		
U.S. Corporate Bonds		8,494,690	_	8,494,690		
Total investments by fair value level		69,029,119	\$	69,029,119		
Investments not subject to the fair value hierarchy:						
Local Agency Investment Fund		76,678,501				
Money market mutual funds		5,923,791				
Certificates of deposit		2,739,000				
Total investments not subject to the fair value hierarchy		85,341,292				
Total investments	\$	154,370,411	•			

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 2 are valued using the following approaches:

- U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agencies, and Commercial Paper: quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active;
- Medium term notes: quoted prices for similar securities in active markets; and
- Asset-backed securities: recent appraisals of the asset value.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments – City (Continued)

F. Risk Disclosure

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity. For purposes of the schedule shown on the next page, any callable securities are assumed to be held to maturity.

		Investment Maturities									
Investment Type	Total	1	year or less	ess 1 - 2 Years		1 - 2 Years 2 - 3 Years		3 - 4 Years		5+ Years	
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 76,678,501	\$	76,678,501	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Money market mutual funds	778,207		778,207		-		-		-		-
Municipal bonds	1,807,550		-		911,690		-		895,860		-
Certificates of deposit	2,739,000		2,488,000		-		-		-		251,000
Negotiable certificates of deposit	10,978,689		1,904,412		3,720,994		4,472,894		880,389		-
U.S. Treasury Obligations	19,094,412		5,003,318		5,855,190		5,795,760		-		2,440,144
U.S. Government Securities:											
Federal Home Loan Bank	14,104,140		-		7,835,690		5,377,480		890,970		-
Federal Farm Credit Bank	6,011,378		988,100		5,023,278		-		-		-
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	908,280		-		-		908,280		-		-
Federal National Mortgage Association	6,192,120		-		4,375,990		1,816,130		-		-
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	1,437,860		488,860		949,000		-		-		-
U.S. corporate bonds	8,494,690		1,985,970		3,712,690		1,868,400		927,630		-
Held by bond trustee:											
Money market mutual funds	5,145,584		5,145,584		-		-		-		-
Total investments	\$ 154,370,411	\$	95,460,952	\$	32,384,522	\$	20,238,944	\$	3,594,849	\$	2,691,144

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. However, some issuers do not seek a credit rating. For instance, the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) has not sought or received a credit rating. In these cases, the purchaser is solely responsible for performing their own due diligence before purchasing an investment or participating in an external investment pool. Certificates of deposit of \$250,000 or less are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), and therefore, do not seek a credit rating.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments – City (Continued)

F. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk (Continued)

Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

			Minimum Legal	a	Ratings at Year-End			
Investment Type		Total	Rating	AA or AAA		Not Rated		
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	76,678,501	N/A	\$	-	\$	76,678,501	
Money market mutual funds		778,207	A-1		-		778,207	
Municipal bonds		1,807,550	AA+		1,807,550		-	
Certificates of deposit		2,739,000	AA+		-		2,739,000	
Negotiable certificates of deposit		10,978,689	AA+		-		10,978,689	
U.S. Treasury Obligations		19,094,412	AA+		14,091,094		5,003,318	
U.S. Government Securities:								
Federal Home Loan Bank		14,104,140	AA		14,104,140		-	
Federal Farm Credit Bank		6,011,378	AA		6,011,378		-	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		908,280	AA		908,280		-	
Federal National Mortgage Association		6,192,120	AA-		6,192,120		-	
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation		1,437,860	AA-		1,437,860		-	
U.S. corporate bonds		8,494,690	AA		8,494,690		-	
Held by bond trustee:								
Money market mutual funds		5,145,584	AA+		-		5,145,584	
Total investments	\$	154,370,411		\$	53,047,112	\$	101,323,299	

Disclosure Relating to Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated in the Government Code. GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure by amount and issuer, of investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total investments. At June 30, 2023, the following investments in one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represents 5% or more of the City's total investments.

	Reported	Percentage	
Issuer	Investment Type	Amount	of Portfolio
Federal Home Loan Bank	U.S. Government Securities	\$ 14,104,140	9.14%

Disclosures Relating to Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 2 – Cash and Investments – City (Continued)

F. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. At June 30, 2023, the City's deposits (bank balances) were collateralized under California Law.

G. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments in LAIF at June 30, 2023 included a portion of pool funds invested in Structure Notes and Asset-Backed Securities:

<u>Structured Notes</u> are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash-flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>, the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2023, the City had \$72,576,879 invested in LAIF, which had invested 2.78% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Back Securities. LAIF determines fair value on its investment portfolio based on market quotations for those securities where market quotations are readily available and based on amortized cost or best estimate for those securities where market value is not readily available. The City valued its investments in LAIF as of June 30, 2023, by multiplying its account balance with LAIF times a fair value factor determined by LAIF. This fair value factor was determined by dividing all LAIF participants' total aggregate amortized cost by total aggregate fair value. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The credit quality rating of LAIF is unrated as of June 30, 2023.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments – Component Unit

A. Summary

Cash and investments are presented in the accompanying financial statements for the Component Unit at September 30, 2022 as follows:

	Component Unit					
Cash and investments	\$	9,145,512				
Restricted cash and investments		1,661,561				
Total cash and investments	\$	10,807,073				

Note 3 – Cash and Investments – Component Unit (Continued)

A. Summary (Continued)

Cash and investments for the Component Unit at September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Cash:	
Cash on hand	\$ 100
Deposits with financial institution	4,075,484
Total cash	4,075,584
Investments:	
Investments	6,731,489
Total investments	6,731,489
Total cash and investments	\$ 10,807,073

B. Demand Deposits

The carrying amounts of the Component Unit's demand deposits were \$4,075,484 at September 30, 2022. Bank balances were \$4,075,484 at that date, the total amount of which was collateralized or insured with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the Component Unit's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the Component Unit's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the Component Unit's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the Component Unit's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure Component Unit's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the Component Unit's total cash deposits. The Component Unit may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The Component Unit, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the Housing Authority's Investment Policy

The Housing Authority's investment policy only authorizes investment in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) administered by the State of California. The Housing Authority's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit its exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

D. Risk Disclosure

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the Component Unit manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments – Component Unit (Continued)

D. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Component Unit's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the Component Unit's investments by maturity. For purposes of the schedule shown on the next page, any callable securities are assumed to be held to maturity.

		I	nvestment
		Maturities	
Investment Type	Total	1 year or less	
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 6,731,489	\$	6,731,489

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. However, some issuers do not seek a credit rating. For instance, the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) has not sought or received a credit rating. In these cases, the purchaser is solely responsible for performing their own due diligence before purchasing an investment or participating in an external investment pool. Certificates of deposit of \$250,000 or less are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), and therefore, do not seek a credit rating.

Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the Component Unit's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

		Minimum		
		Legal		
Investment Type	Total	Rating	I	Not Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 6,731,489	N/A	\$	6,731,489

Disclosure Relating to Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the Component Unit contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated in the Government Code. GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure by amount and issuer, of investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total investments. At September 30, 2022, the had no investments in one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represents 5% or more of the Component Unit's total investments.

Disclosures Relating to Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments – Component Unit (Continued)

D. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Custodial Credit Risk

The California Government Code and the Component Unit's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Component Unit deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. At September 30, 2022, the Component Unit's deposits (bank balances) were collateralized under California Law.

E. Investment in State Investment Pool

The Component Unit is a participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The Component Unit's investments in LAIF at June 30, 2023 included a portion of pool funds invested in Structure Notes and Asset-Backed Securities:

<u>Structured Notes</u> are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash-flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>, the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of September 30, 2022, the Component Unit had \$6,731,487 invested in LAIF, which had invested 2.05% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Back Securities. LAIF determines fair value on its investment portfolio based on market quotations for those securities where market quotations are readily available and based on amortized cost or best estimate for those securities where market value is not readily available. The Component Unit valued its investments in LAIF as of September 30, 2022, by multiplying its account balance with LAIF times a fair value factor determined by LAIF. This fair value factor was determined by dividing all LAIF participants' total aggregate amortized cost by total aggregate fair value. The fair value of the Component Unit's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The credit quality rating of LAIF is unrated as of September 30, 2022.

Note 4 – Notes Receivables

A. Governmental Activities

At June 30, 2023, notes receivable for government activities consisted of the following:

		es Receivable Balance ine 30, 2023	Dou	llowance for btful Accounts Balance une 30, 2023	S	Financial Statement Balance ne 30, 2023
City:	-					
Residential Rehab Special Revenue Fund:						
Madera Pacific Associates Loan	\$	2,962,234	\$	-	\$	2,962,234
100 Stadium Rd., LP Loan		5,034,343		-		5,034,343
Forgivable Loans		12,739,642		(12,739,642)		-
Total Residential Rehab Special Revenue Fund		20,736,219		(12,739,642)		7,996,577
Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund		7,000		-		7,000
Total City	\$	20,743,219	\$	(12,739,642)	\$	8,003,577

Residential Rehab Special Revenue Fund

The City was awarded a \$3 million-dollar federal grant from the HOME Investment Program (HOME) administered through the State of California. The proceeds of this grant were used to provide a \$3 million loan to Madera Pacific Associates (MPA) for multi-family rental housing projects serving low and very low-income individuals through subordinate loans with terms up to 55 years. MPA is required to repay the loan through the net cash flow payments it receives from project operations. The loan balance at June 30, 2023 is \$2,962,234, which is recorded as a note receivable in the Residential Rehab special revenue fund.

The City was awarded a \$5 million-dollar federal grant from the HOME Investment Program (HOME) administered through the State of California. The proceeds of this grant were used to provide a \$5 million loan to 100 Stadium Rd., L.P. for multi-family rental housing projects serving low and very low-income individuals through subordinate loans with terms up to 55 years. 100 Stadium Rd., L.P. is required to repay the loan through the net cash flow payments it receives from project operations. The loan balance at June 30, 2023 is \$5,034,343, which is recorded as a note receivable in the Residential Rehab special revenue fund.

Forgivable Loans

The City administers the first time homebuyer, housing rehabilitation, and small business loan programs funded with various grants (i.e. CDBG, HOME, CalHome, NSP, etc.). Under these programs, individuals with incomes below certain levels are eligible to receive low interest loans. These loans are secured by deeds of trust on the properties. Deferred payment loans receivable under these forgivable loans are not required to be paid back unless the participating homeowner sells, transfers title to the property, or discontinues residence in the dwelling at which time the full amount of the deferred loan is due. These deferred payment loans are "nonperforming loans" and are not recorded as loans receivable in the financial statements.

Note 4 – Notes Receivables (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Loans and related items as of June 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

Loan Type	Lo	utstanding an Balance ne 30, 2023	Due
First-time homebuyer	\$	5,431,572	30 years
Housing rehabilitation		1,506,296	30 years
Small business		740,162	10 years
Total	\$	7,678,030	

Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund

The Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset special revenue fund reports \$7,000 of notes receivable. These were loans funded from the former Redevelopment Agency to developers for construction of affordable housing or rehabilitation within the boundaries of the Redevelopment Project Area. These low interest-bearing loans are secured by deeds of trust. Maturities vary according to terms and disposition of property.

B. Component Unit

Component Unit:	 s Receivable Balance mber 30, 2022	Allowar Doubtful Bala Septembe	Accounts	S	Financial Statement Balance Ember 30, 2022
Housing Authority for the City of Madera: MORES Yosemite Manor, LP Loan MORES Corporation Loans	\$ 2,506,201 399,504	\$	- -	\$	2,506,201 399,504
Total Component Unit	\$ 2,905,705	\$	-	\$	2,905,705

The Housing Authority has a note receivable of \$2,506,201, due from MORES Yosemite Manor, L.P., secured by first deed on land and building subject to note. Interest bearing on the outstanding principal balance at the rate of 4.21%, compounded annually. The term of the note commenced May 14, 2008 and expires on December 31, 2063. The note is due and payable from residual receipts per the loan agreement. As of September 30, 2022, the outstanding interest receivable amounted to \$1,598,461. Management has established an allowance of \$1,598,461 as of September 30, 2022, due to the uncertainty of collectability.

The Housing Authority has a promissory note made from March 2010 to May 2014 amounting to \$440,872, due from Madera Opportunities for Resident Enrichment Services, Inc. (MORES), a California non-profit corporation. The promissory note is subject to various interest rates, payment start dates, and due dates. The note is secured by first and second deeds of trusts on buildings subject to the notes. The notes are due and payable from rental receipts per the loan agreements.

Note 5 – Lease Receivable

A. Governmental Activities

Certain portions of the City's property is leased to others. Such property includes special purpose facilities, office and commercial space, and land. Lease receivable consists of agreements with other for the right-to-use of the underlying assets at various locations owned by the City. The terms of the arrangements range from 2 to 99 years. The calculated interest rates used vary depending on the length of the lease. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized \$47,685 in lease revenue and \$8,847 in interest revenue.

A summary of changes in lease receivable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

										Classi	fication		
Balance							F	Balance	Du	e within	Du	e in More	
	July 1, 2022 Additions		tions	D	eletions	June 30, 2023		O	ne Year	Thar	One Year		
Leases receivable	\$	510,745	\$	-	\$	(47,685)	\$	463,060	\$	22,570	\$	440,490	

As of June 30, 2023, the required payments for these leases, including interest, are:

Year Ending					
June 30,	P	rincipal	1	nterest	Total
2024	\$	22,570	\$	8,516	\$ 31,086
2025		20,187		8,210	28,397
2026		14,572		7,926	22,498
2027		15,421		7,640	23,061
2028		16,301		7,336	23,637
2029-2033		95,835		31,514	127,349
2034-2038		122,993		21,092	144,085
2039-2042		155,181		7,838	163,019
Total	\$	463,060	\$	100,072	\$ 563,132

As of June 30, 2023, the amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as lease revenue as follows:

Year Ending	Am	Amortization					
June 30,	S	chedule					
2024	\$	31,006					
2025		27,814					
2026		21,429					
2027	21,429						
2028		21,429					
2029-2033		107,144					
2034-2038		107,144					
2039-2042		107,141					
Total	\$	444,536					

Note 5 – Lease Receivable (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

Certain portions of the City's property is leased to others. Such property includes special purpose facilities, office and commercial space, and land. Lease receivable consists of agreements with other for the right-to-use of the underlying assets at various locations owned by the City. The terms of the arrangements range from 2 to 99 years. The calculated interest rates used vary depending on the length of the lease. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized \$52,768 in lease revenue and \$16,920 in interest revenue.

A summary of changes in lease receivable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

										Classi	ification		
Balance					F	Balance	Du	e within	Du	e in More			
	Jul	ly 1, 2022	Addi	tions	D	eletions	Jun	e 30, 2023	0	ne Year	Than	One Year	
Leases receivable	\$	911,714	\$	-	\$	(52,768)	\$	858,946	\$	36,784	\$	822,162	

As of June 30, 2023, the required payments for these leases, including interest, are:

Year Ending					
June 30,	P	rincipal]	Interest	Total
2024	\$	36,784	\$	16,238	\$ 53,022
2025		37,459		15,563	53,022
2026		38,146		14,876	53,022
2027		38,846		14,176	53,022
2028		39,559		13,462	53,021
2029-2033		198,232		56,258	254,490
2034-2038		163,924		38,738	202,662
2039-2043		150,335		23,714	174,049
2044-2048		132,530		8,521	141,051
2049-2050		23,131		278	23,409
Total	\$	858,946	\$	201,824	\$ 1,060,770

As of June 30, 2023, the amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as lease revenue as follows:

Year Ending	Am	ortization
June 30,	S	chedule
2024	\$	43,419
2025		43,419
2026		43,419
2027		43,419
2028		43,419
2029-2033		207,212
2034-2038		160,116
2039-2043		134,554
2044-2048		108,394
2049-2050		17,818
Total	\$	845,189

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

A. Due To / From Other Funds

Amounts due to and due from other funds at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Federal Aid Urban Special Revenue Fund	\$ 36,181	Overdrawn Cash
General Fund	Street Construction Special Revenue Fund	378,236	Overdrawn Cash
General Fund	Intermodal Building Special Revenue Fund	38,560	Overdrawn Cash
General Fund	Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund	343,470	Overdrawn Cash
General Fund	Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund	3,191,484	Overdrawn Cash
General Fund	Local Transit Enterprise Fund	1,255,040	Overdrawn Cash
General Fund	Golf Course Enterprise Fund	563,534	Overdrawn Cash
	Total	\$ 5,806,505	

B. Transfers

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Community Facilities District Special Revenue Fund \$	316,440	Administrative cost
General Fund	Parking District Operations Special Revenue Fund	7,709	Administrative cost
General Fund	Measure "T" Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	897,474	Capital projects
General Fund	Solid Waste Disposal Enterprise Fund	390,000	Capital projects
General Fund	Special Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	1,060,684	Capital projects
General Fund	Street Construction Special Revenue Fund	512,000	Capital projects
General Fund	Airport Enterprise Fund	3,545	Cost recovery
General Fund	Drainage Operations Enterprise Fund	8,577	Cost recovery
General Fund	General Development Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund	128,771	Cost recovery
General Fund	Intermodal Facility Special Revenue Fund	254	Cost recovery
General Fund	Internal Service Funds	34,200	Cost recovery
General Fund	Local Transit Fund	4,704	Cost recovery
General Fund	Parking District Operations Special Revenue Fund	317	Cost recovery
General Fund	Sewer Enterprise Fund	46,782	Cost recovery
General Fund	Solid Waste Disposal Enterprise Fund	219,765	Cost recovery
General Fund	Water Enterprise Fund	103,316	Cost recovery
General Fund	Drainage Operations Enterprise Fund	45,000	Engineering costs
General Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	234	Capital projects
General Fund	General Development Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund	15,000	Engineering costs
	Subtotal Subtotal	3,794,772	
Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund	Airport Enterprise Fund	14,127	Debt service
Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund	Drainage Operations Enterprise Fund	7,514	Debt service
Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	83,554	Debt service
Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund	Intermodal Facility Special Revenue Fund	4,072	Debt service
Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund	Internal Service Funds	87,877	Debt service
Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund	Landscape Assessment Special Revenue Fund	1,421	Debt service
Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund	Parking District Operations Special Revenue Fund	1,004	Debt service
Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund	Sewer Enterprise Fund	107,259	Debt service
Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund	Solid Waste Disposal Enterprise Fund	1,132	Debt service
Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund	Water Enterprise Fund	197,263	Debt service
	Subtotal	505,223	
Golf Course Enterprise Fund	General Fund	298,804	Capital projects
Internal Service Funds	Local Transit Fund	57,000	Cost recovery
Water Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	310,733	Capital projects
Sewer Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	2,210,056	Capital projects
Sewer Fund	General Development Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund	254,000	Debt service
	Subtotal	2,464,056	
Solid Waste Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Funds	50,000	Capital projects
Streets and Roads Special Revenue Fund	Special Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	4,323	Capital projects
•	Total S		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 6 – Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

C. Long-Term Advances

At June 30, 2023, the balances of long-term advances were as follows:

Advances To	Advances From	 Amount
General Fund	Golf Course Enterprise Fund	\$ 12,240

General Fund Advance to the Golf Course Fund

On January 1, 2014, the General Fund entered into loan agreement with the Golf Course Fund in the amount of \$1,710,000. The loan is to be repaid over 20 years at 0.0% interest rate per year. This loan is for funding facility construction. At June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance of the agreement was \$12,240.

The annual requirements to amortize the loan are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,	Pı	rincipal	 Interest	Total		
2024	\$	12,240	\$ -	\$	12,240	

Note 7 – Due from Fiduciary Funds

Due from fiduciary funds as of June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	mount	Purpose
General Deposit Custodial Fund	General Fund	\$ 614,305	Reimbursement

Note 8 – Capital Assets

A. Governmental Activities

The summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022,				Balance
	as restated	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 12,614,951	\$ 259,585	\$ -	\$ (205,000)	\$ 12,669,536
Construction in progress	23,851,579	1,912,873		(999,946)	24,764,506
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	36,466,530	2,172,458		(1,204,946)	37,434,042
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Building and improvements	25,042,669	-	-	7,926,469	32,969,138
Infrastructure	319,937,316	672,973	-	(7,091,198)	313,519,091
Equipment	18,222,525	342,727	(623,395)	369,675	18,311,532
Total capital assets, being depreciated	363,202,510	1,015,700	(623,395)	1,204,946	364,799,761
Accumulated depreciation:					
Building and improvements	(10,236,124)	(720,725)	-	-	(10,956,849)
Infrastructure	(181,397,917)	(6,275,342)	-	-	(187,673,259)
Equipment	(9,960,133)	(998,354)	530,528		(10,427,959)
Subtotal	(201,594,174)	(7,994,421)	530,528		(209,058,067)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	161,608,336	(6,978,721)	(92,867)	1,204,946	155,741,694
Subscription assets, being amortized	288,695	24,126	-	-	312,821
Less acumulated amortization		(37,069)			(37,069)
Total subscription assets, being amortized, net	288,695	(12,943)			275,752
Total capital assets, net	\$ 198,363,561	\$ (4,819,206)	\$ (92,867)	\$ -	\$ 193,451,488

Depreciation and amortization expense were charged to the functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 5,075,855
Public protection	467,942
Social services	11,981
Public ways and facilities	1,136,038
Culture and recreation	660,737
Internal service funds	678,937
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 8,031,490

Note 8 – Capital Assets (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

The summary of changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 9,725,315	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,725,315
Construction in progress	1,762,601	1,181,681			2,944,282
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	11,487,916	1,181,681		_	12,669,597
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Building and improvements	65,594,837	26,982	-	-	65,621,819
Infrastructure	102,868,765	354,160	-	-	103,222,925
Equipment	9,440,737	482,002	(39,956)		9,882,783
Total capital assets, being depreciated	177,904,339	863,144	(39,956)	_	178,727,527
Accumulated depreciation:					
Building and improvements	(38,962,953)	(2,049,384)	-	-	(41,012,337)
Infrastructure	(44,049,076)	(2,099,564)	-	-	(46,148,640)
Equip ment	(2,972,241)	(284,279)	39,956		(3,216,564)
Total accumulated depreciation	(85,984,270)	(4,433,227)	39,956	_	(90,377,541)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	91,920,069	(3,570,083)	=	_	88,349,986
Total capital assets, net	\$ 103,407,985	\$ (2,388,402)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101,019,583

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Water	\$ 907,175
Sewer	2,451,263
Drainage operations	348,794
Local transit	428,319
Airport	297,676
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,433,227

Note 8 – Capital Assets (Continued)

C. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

The summary of changes in capital assets for fiduciary funds for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Balance ily 1, 2022	A	dditions	Dele	tions	Balance June 30, 2023		
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$ 16,701	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,701	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	16,701				-		16,701	
Capital assets, being depreciated	 							
Building and improvements	2,359,125				-		2,359,125	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,359,125		_		-		2,359,125	
Accumulated depreciation:	 							
Building and improvements	(830,639)		(34,738)		-		(865,377)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(830,639)		(34,738)		-		(865,377)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,528,486		(34,738)		-		1,493,748	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 1,545,187	\$	(34,738)	\$	-	\$	1,510,449	

Depreciation expense for fiduciary fund financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$34,738.

D. Component Unit

The summary of changes in capital assets for the component unit for the twelve month period ended September 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Oct	Balance ober 1, 2021, s restated	P	Additions	D	D eletions	Sept	Balance tember 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	675,827	\$		\$	-	\$	675,827
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		675,827		-		-		675,827
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Building and improvements		30,696,469		92,931		-		30,789,400
Equipment		816,628		143,323		(76,571)		883,380
Total capital assets, being depreciated		31,513,097		236,254		(76,571)		31,672,780
Less: accumulated depreciation		(25,863,789)		(707,588)		-		(26,571,377)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		5,649,308		(471,334)		(76,571)		5,101,403
Total capital assets, net	\$	6,325,135	\$	(471,334)	\$	(76,571)	\$	5,777,230

Depreciation expense for the component unit for the twelve month period ended September 30, 2022 was \$707,588.

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities

A. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

		Balance								Classi	ficati	ion		
	Jı	July 1, 2022, Debt			Debt Balance			D	ue within	Due in More				
		s restated		Issued		Retired	Ju	ine 30, 2023	One Year		Th	an One Year		
Governmental Activities:														
Direct borrowings:														
Subscription liability	\$	288,695	\$	23,636	\$	(102,914)	\$	209,417	\$	100,243	\$	109,174		
Finance purchase agreement		18,644,000	-		- (810,000		17,834,000		833,000		17,001,000			
Loans payable		414,200	-		-			(114,400)		299,800		117,400		182,400
Public borrowings:														
Lease revenue bonds:														
Series 2019, New Fire Station		3,615,000		-		(145,000)		3,470,000		150,000		3,320,000		
plus: bond premium		548,695				(30,167)		518,528		-		518,528		
Total lease revenue bonds		4,163,695				(175,167)		3,988,528		150,000		3,838,528		
Total	\$	23,510,590	\$	23,636	\$	(1,202,481)	\$	22,331,745	\$	1,200,643	\$	21,131,102		

2019 Solar Energy Finance Purchase (Direct Borrowing)

On December 30, 2019, the City entered into an equipment finance purchase agreement in a direct placement transaction with Bank of America for an energy improvement and upgrade project (2019 Solar Equipment Finance Purchase) in the amount of \$19,432,000. The energy project improvements include HVAC upgrade, LED lighting, solar streetlights, EV charging stations and PV solar.

The finance purchase transaction closed on December 30, 2019. The interest was capitalized for the first two years, with interest only payments beginning June 1, 2020 through June 1, 2021 and principal and interest due in semi-annual payments, payable June 1st and December 1st thereafter through December 1st, 2039, with an interest rate of 2.77%. At June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance was \$17,834,000.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,	I	Principal	Interest	 Total
2024	\$	833,000	\$ 482,465	\$ 1,315,465
2025		856,000	459,072	1,315,072
2026		880,000	435,029	1,315,029
2027		905,000	410,306	1,315,306
2028		930,000	384,891	1,314,891
2029-2033		5,060,000	1,517,434	6,577,434
2034-2038		5,811,000	765,697	6,576,697
2039-2040		2,559,000	71,369	2,630,369
Total	\$	17,834,000	\$ 4,526,263	\$ 22,360,263

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

2019 Solar Energy Lease Purchase (Direct Borrowing) (Continued)

The City entered into finance purchase agreement whereby the City acquired certain capital assets and financed them to the City with the option to purchase. Unspent finance purchase proceeds are included in restricted cash and investments. The leased assets are included in capital assets and are summarized by major asset class below:

Unspent finance purchase proceeds	\$ 2,517,025
Construction in progress	18,220,272
Total	\$20,737,297

2019 Refunding of the Police Facility (Police Facility Commercial Loan) (Private Borrowing)

In December 2005, the City entered into an agreement with La Salle Bank (and subsequently sold to Capital One Public Funding, LLC) to finance a portion of the construction cost for the police facility. The entire purchase price of the police station was \$5,200,000. The financed portion of the police station was \$1,500,000 and was payable over a period of twenty years.

On January 1, 2018, the agreements was refunded and the Financing Authority paid the City an advance rental for the use and right to the possession of the Police and Golf Course facilities for a total of \$2,553,000. The lease was then assigned to Zions Bank/California Bank & Trust on the same day and named the Police Facility Commercial Loan. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$50,900 to \$61,600 beginning May 2018 with interest rate fixed 2.760% per annum payable semi-annually through December 25th, 2026. Total principal and interest remaining on the agreement is payable through 2026. At June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance was \$299,800.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	Iı	nterest	Total
2024	\$	117,400	\$	7,470	\$ 124,870
2025		120,800		4,206	125,006
2026		61,600		850	62,450
Total	\$	299,800	\$	12,526	\$ 312,326

2019 Lease Revenue Bonds (Fire Station) (Public Offering)

The Madera Public Financing Authority issued the Lease Revenue Bonds 2019 on June 1, 2019 for \$4,005.000. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to finance the construction of a fire station. The City entered into a Facilities Lease Agreement with the Madera Public Financing Authority to make rental payments. The Bonds are due in annual installments of \$230,000 to \$307,000 through February 1, 2039 with interest payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year with interest rate from 3.00% to 5.00%. At June 30, 2023 the outstanding balance was \$3,470,000.

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending							
June 30,]	Principal	Interest	Total			
2024	\$	150,000	\$ 155,350	\$	305,350		
2025		155,000	147,850		302,850		
2026		165,000	140,100		305,100		
2027		175,000	131,850		306,850		
2028		180,000	123,100		303,100		
2029-2033		1,050,000	472,700		1,522,700		
2034-2038		1,300,000	219,000		1,519,000		
2039		295,000	11,800		306,800		
Total	\$	3,470,000	\$ 1,401,750	\$	4,871,750		

Subscription Liability

The City has entered into subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for services related to cloud-based software applications, data storage and management services. Under the terms of these arrangements, the City does not take possession of the software at any time and the vendor provides ongoing services for the software's operation. The subscription periods vary, with initial non-cancellable terms ranging from 2 to 4 years. The calculated interest rate used was 2.40%.

As of June 30, 2023, the capitalized right-to-use assets related to SBITAs were \$312,821 and the total subscription liability was \$209,417, of which \$100,243 is reported as a current liability representing the amount due within the next fiscal year.

Principal and interest payments to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending								
June 30,	P	rincipal	Ir	iterest	Total			
 2024	\$	100,243	\$	4,477	\$	104,720		
2025		102,830		2,044		104,874		
2026		6,344		141		6,485		
Total	\$	209,417	\$	6,662	\$	216,079		

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022									Classification			
			Debt		Debt		Balance		Due within		Due in More		
				Issued			Retired		June 30, 2023		One Year		Than One Year
Business-Type Activities:													
Direct borrowings:													
Loans payable:													
BBVA loan	\$	6,100,000	\$		-	\$	(379,000)	\$	5,721,000	\$	387,000	\$	5,334,000
Airport Hanger loan		27,181			-		(27,181)		-		-		-
Golf Course commercial loan		477,900			-		(316,100)		161,800		161,800		-
Total loans payable		6,605,081			-		(722,281)		5,882,800		548,800		5,334,000
Public borrowings:													
Bonds payable:													
Water and Wastewater Refunding Revenue													
Bonds, Series 2015		23,230,000			-		(1,295,000)		21,935,000		1,340,000		20,595,000
2019 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds		7,814,894			-		(435,546)		7,379,348		447,120		6,932,228
Total bonds payable		31,044,894			-		(1,730,546)		29,314,348		1,787,120		27,527,228
Total	\$	37,649,975	\$		_	\$	(2,452,827)	\$	35,197,148	\$	2,335,920	\$	32,861,228

Airport Hanger Loan (Private Borrowing)

Loan payable to the Department of Transportation, Division of Aeronautics for the purchase of fourteen airplane hangars; annual installments of \$14,131 to \$27,180, including interest at 4.7829%. At June 30, 2023, the total principal and interest remaining on the Department of Transportation, Division of Aeronautics loan was paid off.

BBVA Compass Loan (Taxable) (Refinance CIEDB Loan)

In January 2021, the City refinanced the CIEDB Loan for the purpose of saving on annual debt service costs. The loan, in the amount of \$6,472,000, is for 15 years with an effective interest rate of 2.41%. The loan is a taxable loan. Annual installment payments range from \$502,989 to \$522,626 through 2036. The average fiscal year savings is \$24,655, with a total savings of \$369,829. On June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance was \$5,721,000.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending	,	n			TD 4.1		
June 30,		Principal	 Interest	Total			
2024	\$	387,000	\$ 133,213	\$	520,213		
2025		395,000	123,790		518,790		
2026		404,000	114,162		518,162		
2027		412,000	104,329		516,329		
2028		421,000	94,291		515,291		
2029-2033		2,241,000	313,288		2,554,288		
2034-2036		1,461,000	 53,297		1,514,297		
Total	\$	5,721,000	\$ 936,370	\$	6,657,370		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

2018 Refunding of the 1993 Variable Rate Demand Bonds (Golf Course Commercial Loan) (Private Placement)

In May 1993, the Financing Authority issued Variable Rate Demand Bonds in the aggregate principal of \$5,280,000. The proceeds were used to redeem \$4,835,000 of its December 8, 1989 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A, and \$262,450 for additional Golf Course construction.

On January 1, 2018, the Bonds were refunded and the Financing Authority paid the City an advance rental for the use and right to the possession of the Golf Course and Police facilities for a total of \$2,553,000. The lease was then assigned to Zions Bank/California Bank & Trust on the same day and named the Golf Course Commercial Loan. The loan is due in annual installments of \$138,100 (\$10,600 first year) to \$161,800 beginning May 2018 with interest rate fixed 3.190% per annum payable semi-annually. At June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance was \$161,800.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	In	iterest	Total
2024	\$	161,800	\$	2,581	\$ 164,381
Total	\$	161,800	\$	2,581	\$ 164,381

Water and Wastewater Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 (Public Offering)

Water and Wastewater Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 were issued by the Financing Authority in December 2015 for \$30,140,000. Proceeds from the bonds were used to refund \$30,440,000 of its Water and Wastewater Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2016. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$70,000 to \$2,080,000 through March 1, 2036, with interest payable semiannually on September 1 and March 1 of each year at 3.700%. At June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance of the Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds was \$21,935,000.

The Financing Authority has pledged a portion of future water and wastewater revenue to repay the 2015 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds. For the year ended June 30, 2023, total principal and interest paid was \$2,154,510, and net revenues were \$7,692,524. Total principal and interest remaining on the agreement is \$28,027,420 payable through 2036.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 1,340,000	\$ 811,595	\$ 2,151,595
2025	1,395,000	762,015	2,157,015
2026	1,450,000	710,400	2,160,400
2027	1,505,000	656,750	2,161,750
2028	1,555,000	601,065	2,156,065
2029-2033	8,675,000	2,099,935	10,774,935
2034-2036	6,015,000	450,660	6,465,660
Total	\$ 21,935,000	\$ 6,092,420	\$ 28,027,420

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Water Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 (Public Offering)

Water Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 were issued by the Financing Authority in December 2019 for \$9,016,903. The City used the proceeds to refund the outstanding principal of the Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 in the amount of \$9,530,000. The bonds are due semi-annual installments of \$204,890 to \$312,774 with interest rate fixed at 2.64% per annum payable semi-annually through 2037. At June 30, 2023 the outstanding principal and interest balance was \$8,872,316. The aggregate debt service payments of the new debt are \$2,587,313 less than the old debt. The issuance of the new debt and refunding of the old debt resulted in an economic gain (the difference between the net present value of the old debt and new debt service payments) of approximately \$2,053,508.

The Financing Authority has pledged a portion of future water and wastewater revenue to repay the 2019 Water Revenue Bonds. For the year ended June 30, 2023, total principal and interest paid was \$638,985, and net revenues were \$4,318,142.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	Total
2024	\$ 447,120	\$ 191,863	\$ 638,983
2025	457,908	179,988	637,896
2026	467,850	167,834	635,684
2027	480,334	155,400	635,734
2028	487,160	142,675	629,835
2029-2033	2,651,697	510,999	3,162,696
2034-2037	2,387,279	144,209	2,531,488
Total	\$ 7,379,348	\$ 1,492,968	\$ 8,872,316

C. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the fiduciary fund financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

									Classi	ficat	ion
Balance		Debt			Debt	_	Balance	_			ue in More
 uly 1, 2022		Issued			Retired	Jı	ine 30, 2023		One Year	Th	an One Year
\$ 29,475,000	\$		-	\$	(770,000)	\$	28,705,000	\$	1,005,000	\$	27,700,000
2,105,000			-		(670,000)		1,435,000		510,000		925,000
3,663,971			-		(228,998)		3,434,973		-		3,434,973
35,243,971			-		(1,668,998)		33,574,973		1,515,000		32,059,973
\$ 35,243,971	\$		_	\$	(1,668,998)	\$	33,574,973	\$	1,515,000	\$	32,059,973
	\$ 29,475,000 2,105,000 3,663,971 35,243,971	\$ 29,475,000 \$ 2,105,000 3,663,971 35,243,971	\$ 29,475,000 \$ 2,105,000 3,663,971 35,243,971	\$ 29,475,000 \$ - 2,105,000 - 3,663,971 - 35,243,971 -	\$ 29,475,000 \$ - \$ 2,105,000 - 3,663,971 - 35,243,971 -	\$ 29,475,000 \$ - \$ (770,000) 2,105,000 - (670,000) 3,663,971 - (228,998) 35,243,971 - (1,668,998)	July 1, 2022 Issued Retired July 1, 2022 \$ 29,475,000 \$ - \$ (770,000) \$ 2,105,000 - (670,000) 3,663,971 - (228,998) 35,243,971 - (1,668,998)	July 1, 2022 Issued Retired June 30, 2023 \$ 29,475,000 \$ - \$ (770,000) \$ 28,705,000 2,105,000 - (670,000) 1,435,000 3,663,971 - (228,998) 3,434,973 35,243,971 - (1,668,998) 33,574,973	July 1, 2022 Issued Retired June 30, 2023 C \$ 29,475,000 - \$ (770,000) \$ 28,705,000 \$ 2,105,000 - (670,000) 1,435,000 3,663,971 - (228,998) 3,434,973 - (1,668,998) 33,574,973 - (1,668,998) 33,574,973 - (228,998) 33,574,973 - (1,668,998) 33,574,973 - (1,668,998) 33,574,973 - (1,668,998) 33,574,973 - (1,668,998) 33,574,973 - (1,668,998) 33,574,973 - (1,668,998) 33,574,973 - (1,668,998) - (1,668,998) 33,574,973 - (1,668,998) 33,574,973 - (1,668,998)	Balance July 1, 2022 Debt Issued Debt Retired Balance June 30, 2023 Due within One Year \$ 29,475,000 2,105,000 2,105,000 3,663,971 - \$ (770,000) - (670,000) 1,435,000 2(228,998) \$ 1,005,000 3,434,973 510,000 - (228,998) 3,434,973 33,574,973 - 35,243,971 - (1,668,998) 33,574,973 1,515,000	July 1, 2022 Issued Retired June 30, 2023 One Year Th \$ 29,475,000 \$ - \$ (770,000) \$ 28,705,000 \$ 1,005,000 \$ 2,105,000 \$ 1,005,000 <t< td=""></t<>

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

C. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A and 2018B (Public Offering)

On July 17, 2018, the Successor Agency to the Former Madera Redevelopment Agency issued \$31,445,000 of Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A and \$4,065,000 of Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2018B (collectively the "2018 TARBs") to (a) refund four outstanding series of bonds payable (the 1998 Tax Allocation Redevelopment Project Bonds, the 2003 Tax Allocation Refunding and Redevelopment Project Bonds, the Madera Redevelopment Agency Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2008A, and the Madera Redevelopment Agency Housing Set-Aside Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2008B) from tax increment revenue generated in the Madera Redevelopment Project Area (the "Project Area"), (b) fund a reserve account, and (c) pay the costs of issuance of the bonds. The 2018 TARBs are payable from and secured by a pledge of tax revenues to be derived from the Project Area.

The 2018 TARBs consist of serial bonds maturing from 2019 through 2038 in annual installments of \$390,000 to \$2,405,000. Interest is due and payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year at rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% commencing March 1, 2019. Annual principal on the bonds is due on September 1 of each year through 2038. The bonds are subject to federal arbitrage requirements. The aggregate debt service payments of the new debt are \$11,314,301 less than the old debt. The issuance of the new debt and refunding of the old debt resulted in an economic gain (the difference between the net present value of the old debt and new debt service payments) of approximately \$8,659,587.

A reserve account is required to be maintained in the amount of the lesser of (i) 10% of the original aggregate principal amount of the 2018 TARBs, or (ii) 125% of the average annual debt service with respect to the 2018 TARBs, or (iii) the maximum annual debt service with respect to the 2018 TARBs. As of June 30, 2023, the reserve requirement was met through the City's purchase of a surety policy in-lieu of the cash reserve requirement. The total principal and interest outstanding at June 30, 2023 is \$41,615,044.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2018 TARBs outstanding at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Tay Allocation	Defunding	Dande	Sarias '	20184
Tax Allocation	Retunding	bonus,	Series.	2010A

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	 Total
2024	\$ 1,005,000	\$ 1,298,650	\$ 2,303,650
2025	1,045,000	1,247,400	2,292,400
2026	1,230,000	1,190,525	2,420,525
2027	1,705,000	1,125,675	2,830,675
2028	1,765,000	1,047,450	2,812,450
2029-2033	10,160,000	3,986,725	14,146,725
2034-2038	11,405,000	1,501,000	12,906,000
2039	390,000	6,338	396,338
Total	\$ 28,705,000	\$ 11,403,763	\$ 40,108,763

Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2018B

Year Ending			
June 30,	 Principal	 nterest	Total
2024	\$ 510,000	\$ 40,895	\$ 550,895
2025	525,000	23,296	548,296
2026	 400,000	7,120	 407,120
Total	\$ 1,435,000	\$ 71,311	\$ 1,506,311

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

D. Component Unit

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the component unit for the twelve month period ended September 30, 2022, is as follows:

									Classif	icatio	n
]	Balance	Debt		Debt		Balance		Due within	Dı	ue in More
	Octo	ber 1, 2021	Issued		Retired		September 30, 2022		One Year		ın One Year
Component Unit:											
Direct borrowings:											
Loans payable:											
Farmers' Home Administration loan	\$	219,019	\$	-	\$ (17,694)	\$	201,325	\$	18,605	\$	182,720
Citizen Business Bank loan		2,687,812			(112,675)		2,575,137		117,381		2,457,756
Total loans payable		2,906,831		-	(130,369)		2,776,462		135,986		2,640,476
Total	\$	2,906,831	\$	-	\$ (130,369)	\$	2,776,462	\$	135,986	\$	2,640,476

Farmers' Home Administration loan

Notes payable to Farmers' Home Administration, 1.00% due in monthly installments of \$1,653, including interest, first trust deeds on land and building subject to note.

Citizen Business Bank loan

Note payable to Citizen Business Bank, 4.75% due in monthly installments of \$19,852, including interest, secured by assets subject to note.

The total annual debt service requirements for the Component Unit long-term liabilities outstanding at September 30, 2022 are as follows:

]	Principal		Interest	Total		
\$	135,986	\$	121,443	\$	257,429	
	146,910		115,510		262,420	
	148,769		109,292		258,061	
	155,282		102,777		258,059	
	162,106		95,955		258,061	
	1,989,684		33,812		2,023,496	
	37,725		442		38,167	
\$	2,776,462	\$	579,231	\$	3,355,693	
	\$	146,910 148,769 155,282 162,106 1,989,684 37,725	\$ 135,986 \$ 146,910 148,769 155,282 162,106 1,989,684 37,725	\$ 135,986 \$ 121,443 146,910 115,510 148,769 109,292 155,282 102,777 162,106 95,955 1,989,684 33,812 37,725 442	\$ 135,986 \$ 121,443 \$ 146,910 115,510 148,769 109,292 155,282 102,777 162,106 95,955 1,989,684 33,812 37,725 442	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 10 – Special Assessment Debt with No City Commitment

The City issued special tax and assessment bonds on behalf of property owners, pursuant to the Improvement Bond Act of 1915 and the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, to finance the acquisition and construction of certain infrastructure improvements within the assessment districts and community facilities districts.

The City acts solely as an agent for those paying special tax and assessments and remits the amounts collected to the bondholders of these fixed-rate Improvement Bond Act of 1915 and Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 issues. The City is acting as an custodian and is in no way liable for the special assessment debt and, accordingly, the debt is not recorded in these financial statements.

On January 1, 2018, the City of Madera, on behalf of the City of Madera Community Facilities District No. 2006-1, issued the City of Madera Community Facilities District No. 2006-1 Special Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2018 to refund the CFD 2006-1 Series Special Tax Bond for the purpose of creating annual debt savings. Total debt service payments were reduced by \$88,740. The amount of principal outstanding as of June 30, 2023 is \$2,068,320 The bonds are not a general obligation of the City but are limited obligations, payable solely from special tax and assessments.

The City has no obligation beyond the balances in the designated custodial funds for any delinquent assessment district bond payments. If delinquencies occur beyond the amounts held in the reserve funds created from bond proceeds, the City has no duty to pay the delinquency out of the available funds of the City. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City, or the State of California, or any political subdivision thereof is pledged to the payment of these bonds.

Noncommittal debt amounts issued and outstanding at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		O	utstanding
	Original		Balance
	Amount	Ju	ne 30, 2023
CFD 2006-1, Series Special Tax Bonds Refunding Bonds Series 2019	\$ 2,452,228	\$	2,068,320

Note 11 – Compensated Absences

A. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in the compensated absences balances for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

										Classi	fication		
Balance								Balance	D	ue within	Du	e in More	
	Jı	ıly 1, 2022		Additions		Deletions June 30, 2023			(One Year	Tha	n One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	1,856,077	\$	1,445,059	\$	(1,360,147)	\$	1,940,989	\$	1,360,147	\$	580,842	

Compensated absences in the governmental activities are obligations of the following funds:

Governmental Funds	\$ 1,739,098
Fleet Maintenance	44,009
Facilities Maintenance	119,357
Technology	38,525
Total	\$ 1,940,989

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 11 – Compensated Absences (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in the compensated absences balances for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

		Balance					Balance	D	ue within	Due	in More
	Ju	ıly 1, 2022	Additions		Deletions	June 30, 2023		(One Year	Than	One Year
Compensated absences	\$	463,245	\$ 357,131	\$	(380,783)	\$	439,593	\$	363,316	\$	76,277

Compensated absences in the business-type activities are obligations of the following funds:

Water Fund	\$ 185,534
Sewer Fund	112,647
Solid Waste Fund	70,726
Drainage Operations Fund	32,869
Local Transit Fund	26,944
Airport Fund	10,873
Total	\$ 439,593

C. Component Unit

A summary of changes in the compensated absences balances for the component unit for the twelve month period ended September 30, 2022 is as follows:

Balance								Classi	fication				
	Octo	ber 1, 2021,						F	Balance	1	Due within	Du	e in More
	as restated Additions		Additions		Deletions September 30, 2022		nber 30, 2022		One Year	Thar	One Year		
Compensated absences	\$	36,379	\$	94,789	\$		-	\$	131,168	\$	65,584	\$	65,584

All compensated absences liabilities in the component unit belong to the Housing Authority of the City of Madera.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City obtains insurance coverage.

The City is a member of the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA), a public entity risk pool for workers' compensation and general liability insurance. The CSJVRMA is a consortium of fifty-three cities located in California's San Joaquin Valley. It was established under the provisions of California Government Code Section 6500 et. seq. CSJVRMA is governed by a Board of Directors, consisting of one member appointed by each member city. The day-to-day business operations are handled by a management group employed by CSJVRMA. The relationship between the City and CSJVRMA is such that the CSJVRMA is not considered a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes.

General Liability Insurance coverage is addressed via retention maintained by the City and participation in CSJVRMA. The City maintains a self-insured retention level of \$100,000 and participates in the CSJVRMA risk pool for coverage up to \$1,000,000. CSJVRMA participates in an excess pool, which provides coverage from \$1,000,000 to \$29,000,000.

Note 12 – Risk Management (Continued)

Workers' Compensation coverage is also addressed via a retention maintained by the City and participation in CSJVRMA. The City maintains a self-insured retention level of \$100,000 and participates in the CSJVRMA risk pool for additional coverage up to \$250,000. CSJVRMA also participates in an excess pool which provides workers' compensation coverage from \$250,000 to \$500,000 and purchases excess insurance of approximately \$500,000 to the statutory limit.

Public entity risk pools are formally organized and separated entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, those entities exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreements including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Each risk pool is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. Each board controls the operations of the respective risk pool, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influences by member municipalities beyond their representation of that board. Obligations and liabilities of these risk pools are not the City's responsibility.

CSJVRMA is currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 53 member cities. The program's general objectives are to formulate, develop, and administer, on the behalf of the member cities, a program of insurance, to obtain lower cost for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. A member may withdraw from CSJVRMA only by giving six-month notice. Cities applying for membership in CSJVRMA may do so on approval of a two-thirds vote of the board of CSJVRMA.

The financial information of the CSJVRMA for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

Total assets	\$ 153,984,502
Total liabilities	\$ 120,022,096
Net position	\$ 33,962,406
Operating revenues	\$ 73,024,624
Operating expenses	\$ 71,300,255
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 64,143
Change in net position	\$ 1,788,512

Note 13 – Pension Plans

A. Summary

		vernmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total	C	omponent Unit
Deferred outflows of resources:								
Pension contribution made after measurement date:	Φ.	2.702.021	Φ.	1 262 422	Φ.	4.067.052	•	21 000
CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety	\$	2,703,821 3,202,253	\$	1,363,432	\$	4,067,253 3,202,253	\$	21,980
Total pension contribution made after measurement date		5,906,074		1,363,432		7,269,506		21,980
Change in assumption:		2,700,071		1,505,152	_	7,207,000		21,700
CalPERS M iscellaneous		1,335,436		673,408		2,008,844		413,134
CalPERS Safety		2,379,547		-		2,379,547		-
Total change in assumption		3,714,983		673,408		4,388,391		413,134
Projected earnings on pension plan investments in excess of actual earnings:								
CalPERS M iscellaneous		2,315,559		1,167,649		3,483,208		738,505
Total projected earnings on pension plan investments in excess of actual earnings		2,315,559		1,167,649		3,483,208		738,505
Difference between expected and actual experience:								
CalPERS Miscellaneous		-		-		-		80,965
CalPERS Safety		720,426				720,426		-
Total difference between expected and actual experience		720,426				720,426		80,965
Adjustment due to difference in proportions:								4.000
CalPERS Miscellaneous		-		-		-		4,088
CalPERS Safety		183,234		-		183,234		-
Total adjustment due to difference in proportions		183,234		-	_	183,234		4,088
Employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution:								
CalPERS Miscellaneous		-		-		-		149,611
CalPERS Safety	_	3,726,695				3,726,695		
Total employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution		3,726,695				3,726,695		149,611
Total deferred outflows of resources		6.254.016		2 20 4 400		0.550.205		1 400 202
CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety		6,354,816 10,212,155		3,204,489		9,559,305 10,212,155		1,408,283
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	16,566,971	\$	3,204,489	\$	19,771,460	\$	1,408,283
Net pension liability:	-	10,500,571	Ψ	3,204,407	Ψ	17,771,400	-	1,400,203
CalPERS Miscellaneous	\$	21,635,534	\$	10,909,961	\$	32,545,495	\$	4,031,725
CalPERS Safety	Ψ	23,599,525	Ψ	-	Ψ	23,599,525	Ψ.	- 1,031,725
Total net pension liability	\$	45,235,059	\$	10,909,961	\$	56,145,020	\$	4,031,725
Deferred inflows of resources:	_				_			
Adjustment due to difference in proportions:								
CalPERS M iscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	494,153
Total adjustment due to difference in proportions		-		-		-		494,153
Employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution:								
CalPERS Miscellaneous		-		-		-		55,284
CalPERS Safety		507,386				507,386		
Total employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution		507,386			_	507,386		55,284
Changes in actual vs. expected experience								
CalPERS M iscellaneous		328,930		165,866		494,796		54,227
Total difference between expected and actual experience		328,930		165,866		494,796		54,227
Total deferred inflows of resources								
CalPERS Miscellaneous		328,930		165,866		494,796		603,664
CalPERS Safety Total deferred inflows of resources	_	507,386	_	165.066	_	507,386		
rotal deferred limows of resources	\$	836,316	\$	165,866	\$	1,002,182	\$	603,664
Pension expenses (income):								
CalPERS Miscellaneous	\$	2,360,567	\$	1,190,343	\$	3,550,910	\$	(742,558)
CalPERS Safety Total not pension expenses (income)	_	414,758	_	1 100 242	_	414,758		(7.40.550)
Total net pension expenses (income)	\$	2,775,325	\$	1,190,343	\$	3,965,668	\$	(742,558)

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City Miscellaneous Plan

Plan Description

Substantially all City employees working the equivalent of 1,000 hours per fiscal year are eligible to participate in the Miscellaneous Plan Agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan or the Safety Plan Cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit administered by California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit Provisions under the Plans are established by State statutes within the Public Employee's Retirement Law. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office – 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2022, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

Active employees	173
Non-contributing members not drawing retirement	267
Retired employees and beneficiaries	265
Total	705

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Classic CalPERS member becomes eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 50; full formula at age 55 with at least 5 years of credited service. Public Employees' Pension Reform Act ("PEPRA") miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 52; full formula at 62 with at least 5 years of service. The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation. The final compensation is the monthly average of the member's highest 36 full-time equivalent monthly pay.

Following are the benefit provisions for each plan:

	City Miscellaneous Plan				
	Prior to	January 1, 2011 thru	On or After		
Hire Date	January 1, 2011	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 60	2% @ 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service		
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life		
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 63	52 - 67		
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.000% to 2.500%	1.092% to 2.418%	1.000% to 2.500%		
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	7.000%	6.900%		
Required employer contribution rates	9.830%	9.830%	9.830%		
Final Annual Compensation	1 year	3 years	3 years		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law ("PERL") requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the employer contributions made for the Miscellaneous Plan was \$4,067,253.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2022, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is described as follows.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement No. 68

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 6.90% Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth 2.80%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Mortality Rate Table Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The mortality table used was

developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality

improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing

Power applies, 2% thereafter

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of December 2021 actuarial experience study for the period 2000 to 2019. Further details of the Experiences Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Change in Assumptions

The discount rate lowered from 7.15% in 2022 to 6.90% in 2023. The inflation rate lowered from 2.50% in 2022 to 2.30% in 2023. The payroll growth increased from 2.75% in 2022 to 2.80% in 2023. The investment rate of return lowered from 7.25% in 2022 to 7.00% in 2023. In the prior year, the actuarial report did not have any changes in assumptions.

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Assumed Asset	
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Return ^{1,2}
Global equity - cap-weighted	30.00%	4.45%
Global equity - non-cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment grade corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging market debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real assets	15.00%	3.21%
Liquidity	-5.00%	-0.59%

¹ An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90% for the plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 6.90% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 6.90% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 Section.

² Figures are based on the 2021 Asset Liability Management study.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

Plan's Aggregate Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

Discount Rate - 1% (5.90%)		Current Discount Rate (6.90%)	Discount Rate + 1% (7.90%)			
\$	46,010,739	\$ 32,545,495	\$	21,437,509		

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability recognized over the measurement period:

	 otal Pension Liability	Plan	Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Valuation Date)	\$ 97,597,059	\$	78,350,446	\$	19,246,613	
Changes in the year:						
Service cost	1,715,940		-		1,715,940	
Interest on the total pension liabilities	6,797,912		-		6,797,912	
Changes in assumptions	3,348,073		-		3,348,073	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(550,819)		-		(550,819)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of members contributions	(5,463,626)		(5,463,626)		-	
Contributions - employer	-		3,270,441		(3,270,441)	
Contributions - employee	-		719,807		(719,807)	
Net investment income	-		(5,929,216)		5,929,216	
Administrative expenses			(48,808)		48,808	
Net changes	 5,847,480		(7,451,402)		13,298,882	
Balance at June 30, 2022 (Measurement Date)	\$ 103,444,539	\$	70,899,044	\$	32,545,495	

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension income in the amount of \$3,550,910 for the miscellaneous plans.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over 5-years straight line. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The Expected Average Remaining Service Lifetime ("EARSL") is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the risk pool. The EARSL for the Miscellaneous Plan for the 2021-22 measurement period is 2.5 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 1,699 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 680 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired).

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2022 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred outflows of Resources			Deferred inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions made subsequent to measurement date	\$	4,067,253	\$	-		
Difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments		3,483,208		-		
Changes in assumptions Differences between expected		2,008,844		-		
and actual experience		-		(494,796)		
Total	\$	9,559,305	\$	(494,796)		

For the City Miscellaneous Plan, \$4,067,253 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Outflows/(Inflows) f Resources
2024	\$ 1,496,239
2025	1,034,737
2026	210,925
2027	2,255,355
2028	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ 4,997,256

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan

The City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Miscellaneous pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

C. City Safety Plan

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2022, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms the Plan:

Active employees	58
Non-contributing members not drawing retirement	45
Retired employees and beneficiaries	122
Total	225

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Classic and PEPRA Safety CalPERS member becomes eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 50 with at least 5 years of credited service. The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation. The final compensation is the monthly average of the member's highest 36 full-time equivalent monthly pay.

Following are the benefit provisions for each plan:

	Safety			
	Prior to	January 1, 2011 thru	On or After	
Hire Date	January 1, 2011	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	50	50 - 55	50 - 57	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3.000%	2.400% to 3.000%	2.000% to 2.700%	
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%	9.000%	13.000%	
Required employer contribution rates	23.750%	20.640%	12.780%	
Final Annual Compensation	1 year	1 year	1 year	

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by the Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, employer contributions made for the Safety Cost-sharing Plan was \$3,202,253.

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

C. City Safety Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

As of June 30, 2023, the City reported net pension liability for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Safety Plan as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Plan Total Pension		Plan	Fiduciary Net	Plan Net Pension	
		Liability		Position	Liability/(Asset)	
Balance at: 6/30/21 (Valuation date)	\$	72,217,372	\$	58,522,823	13,694,549	
Balance at: 6/30/22 (Measurement date)		77,276,594		53,677,069	23,599,525	
Net Changes during 2021-2022		5,059,222		(4,845,754)	9,904,976	

The following is the approach established by the plan actuary to allocate the net pension liability and pension expense to the individual employers within the risk pool.

- (1) In determining a cost-sharing plan's proportionate share, total amounts of liabilities and assets are first calculated for the risk pool as a whole on the valuation date (June 30, 2021). The risk pool's fiduciary net position ("FNP") subtracted from its total pension liability ("TPL") determines the net pension liability ("NPL") at the valuation date.
- (2) Using standard actuarial roll forward methods, the risk pool TPL is then computed at the measurement date (June 30, 2022). Risk pool FNP at the measurement date is then subtracted from this number to compute the NPL for the risk pool at the measurement date. For purposes of FNP in this step and any later reference thereto, the risk pool's FNP at the measurement date denotes the aggregate risk pool's FNP at June 30, 2022 less the sum of all additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by all employers during the measurement period (2021-22).
- (3) The individual plan's TPL, FNP and NPL are also calculated at the valuation date.
- (4) Two ratios are created by dividing the plan's individual TPL and FNP as of the valuation date from (3) by the amounts in step (1), the risk pool's total TPL and FNP, respectively.
- (5) The plan's TPL as of the Measurement Date is equal to the risk pool TPL generated in (2) multiplied by the TPL ratio generated in (4). The plan's FNP as of the Measurement Date is equal to the FNP generated in (2) multiplied by the FNP ratio generated in (4) plus any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer on behalf of the plan during the measurement period.
- (6) The plan's NPL at the Measurement Date is the difference between the TPL and FNP calculated in (5).

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

C. City Safety Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Safety Plan as of June 30, 2021 and 2022 was as follows:

Proportion June 30, 2021	0.39022%
Proportion June 30, 2022	0.34344%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.04678%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension income in the amount of \$414,758 for the Safety Plan.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over 5-years straight line. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The EARSL for PERF C for the measurement date ending June 30, 2022 is 3.7 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 574,665 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 153,587 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired) in PERF C. Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred outflows of Resources	Deferred inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions made subsequent		_			
to measurement date	\$	3,202,253	\$	-	
Difference between projected and actual earning on					
pension plan investments		3,726,695		-	
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		183,234		-	
Changes in assumptions		2,379,547		-	
Difference between actual and expected experience		720,428		-	
Difference between employer's actual contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions		-		(507,386)	
Total	\$	10,212,157	\$	(507,386)	

For the City Safety Plan, \$3,202,253 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

C. City Safety Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resource		
2024	\$	1,929,682	
2025		1,495,387	
2026		804,117	
2027		2,273,332	
2028		-	
Thereafter		-	
	\$	6,502,518	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2022 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2021 total pension liability. Both the June 30, 2022 and the June 30, 2021 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement No. 68
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Mortality Rate Table	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2% thereafter

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of December 2021 actuarial experience study for the period 2000 to 2019. Further details of the Experiences Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 6.90% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 6.90% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

C. City Safety Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Assumed Asset				
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Return 1,2		
Global equity - cap-weighted	30.00%	4.45%		
Global equity - non-cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%		
Private equity	13.00%	7.28%		
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%		
Mortgage-backed securities	5.00%	0.50%		
Investment grade corporates	10.00%	1.56%		
High yield	5.00%	2.27%		
Emerging market debt	5.00%	2.48%		
Private debt	5.00%	3.57%		
Real assets	15.00%	3.21%		
Liquidity	-5.00%	-0.59%		

¹ An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period

² Figures are based on the 2021 Asset Liability Management study.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

C. City Safety Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the City Safety Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the City Safety Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

Plan's Aggregate Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

Di	scount Rate - 1% (5.90%)	Current Discount Rate (6.90%)	D	riscount Rate + 1% (7.90%)
\$	34,271,302	\$ 23,599,525	\$	14,877,759

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2023, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Safety pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

D. Component Unit Miscellaneous Plan

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other.) Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The Madera Housing Authority (Housing Authority) sponsors three miscellaneous rate plans. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and Housing Authority resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2022, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms the Plan:

Active employees	21
Transferred and terminated employees	52
Retired employees and beneficiaries	32
Total	105

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

D. Component Unit Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full - time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for the Plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Following are the benefit provisions for each plan:

	Miscellaneous - Component Unit				
	Prior to	January 1, 2011 thru	On or After		
Hire Date	January 1, 2011	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 60	2% @ 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service		
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life		
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 63	52 - 67		
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.000% to 2.500%	1.092% to 2.418%	1.000% to 2.500%		
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	7.000%	6.250%		
Required employer contribution rates	12.200%	8.650%	7.590%		
Final Annual Compensation	1 year	1 year	1 year		

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by the Miscellaneous risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, employer contributions made for the Housing Authority Miscellaneous Cost-sharing Plan was \$331,109.

Pension Liabilities. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The Authority's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

D. Component Unit Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

As of September 30, 2022, the Authority reported net pension liability for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Housing Authority Miscellaneous Plan as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Plan	Total Pension	Plan	Fiduciary Net	Plan	Net Pension
		Liability		Position	Lial	bility/(Asset)
Balance at: 6/30/21 (Valuation date)	\$	11,439,712	\$	8,922,694	\$	2,517,018
Balance at: 6/30/22 (Measurement date)		11,831,764		7,800,039		4,031,725
Net Changes during 2021-2022		392,052		(1,122,655)		1,514,707

The following is the approach established by the plan actuary to allocate the net pension liability and pension expense to the individual employers within the risk pool.

- (1) In determining a cost-sharing plan's proportionate share, total amounts of liabilities and assets are first calculated for the risk pool as a whole on the valuation date (June 30, 2021). The risk pool's fiduciary net position ("FNP") subtracted from its total pension liability ("TPL") determines the net pension liability ("NPL") at the valuation date.
- (2) Using standard actuarial roll forward methods, the risk pool TPL is then computed at the measurement date (June 30, 2022). Risk pool FNP at the measurement date is then subtracted from this number to compute the NPL for the risk pool at the measurement date. For purposes of FNP in this step and any later reference thereto, the risk pool's FNP at the measurement date denotes the aggregate risk pool's FNP at June 30, 2022 less the sum of all additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by all employers during the measurement period (2021-22).
- (3) The individual plan's TPL, FNP and NPL are also calculated at the valuation date.
- (4) Two ratios are created by dividing the plan's individual TPL and FNP as of the valuation date from (3) by the amounts in step (1), the risk pool's total TPL and FNP, respectively.
- (5) The plan's TPL as of the Measurement Date is equal to the risk pool TPL generated in (2) multiplied by the TPL ratio generated in (4). The plan's FNP as of the Measurement Date is equal to the FNP generated in
- (2) multiplied by the FNP ratio generated in (4) plus any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer on behalf of the plan during the measurement period.
- (6) The plan's NPL at the Measurement Date is the difference between the TPL and FNP calculated in (5).

The Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Housing Authority Miscellaneous Plan as of June 30, 2021 and 2022 was as follows:

Proportion June 30, 2021	0.13260%
Proportion June 30, 2022	0.08616%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.04644%

For the twelve months ended September 30, 2022, the Authority recognized pension income in the amount of \$742,558 for the Housing Authority Miscellaneous Plan.

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

D. Component Unit Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over 5-years straight line. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The EARSL for PERF C for the measurement date ending June 30, 2022 is 3.7 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 574,665 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 153,587 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired) in PERF C. Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

At September 30, 2022, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

 Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources
\$ 21,980	\$	-
738,505		-
4,088		(494,153)
413,134		-
80,965		(54,227)
149,611		(55,284)
\$ 1,408,283	\$	(603,664)
\$	\$ 21,980 738,505 4,088 413,134 80,965 149,611	\$ 21,980 \$ 738,505 4,088 413,134 80,965 149,611

For the Housing Authority Miscellaneous Plan, \$21,980 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	red Outflows/ s) of Resources
2023	\$ 79,838
2024	60,648
2025	26,967
2026	615,186
2027	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ 782,639

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

D. Component Unit Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2022 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2021 total pension liability. Both the June 30, 2021 and the June 30, 2022 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement No. 68

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 6.90% Inflation 2.50% Payroll Growth 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.65%

Mortality Rate Table Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The mortality table used was

developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality

improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing

Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of December 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the Experiences Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 6.90% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 6.90% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

D. Component Unit Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Assumed Asset		
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Return ^{1,2}	
Global equity - cap-weighted	30.00%	4.45%	
Global equity - non-cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%	
Private equity	13.00%	7.28%	
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%	
Mortgage-backed securities	5.00%	0.50%	
Investment grade corporates	10.00%	1.56%	
High yield	5.00%	2.27%	
Emerging market debt	5.00%	2.48%	
Private debt	5.00%	3.57%	
Real assets	15.00%	3.21%	
Liquidity	-5.00%	-0.59%	

¹ An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Housing Authority Miscellaneous Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Housing Authority Miscellaneous Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

Plan's Aggregate Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

Disc	count Rate - 1% (5.90%)	Current Discount Rate (6.90%)		Discount Rate + 1% (7.90%)
\$	5,644,607	\$	4,031,725	\$ 2,704,722

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2022, the Housing Authority reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

² Figures are based on the 2021 Asset Liability Management study.

Note 14 – Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Summary

	Go	overnmental Activities		iness-Type Activities	 Total
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Employer contributions made					
subsequent to the measurement date	\$	112,407	\$	24,659	\$ 137,066
Difference between expected and actual experience		412,607		90,520	503,127
Changes in assumptions		364,895		80,055	 444,950
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	889,909	\$	195,234	\$ 1,085,143
Total OPEB liability:					
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,742,428	\$	821,042	\$ 4,563,470
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,742,428	\$	821,042	\$ 4,563,470
Deferred inflows of resources:			-		
Changes in assumptions	\$	154,229	\$	33,836	\$ 188,065
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	154,229	\$	33,836	\$ 188,065
OPEB Expense	\$	236,239	\$	51,828	\$ 288,067

B. General Information about OPEB

Plan Description

The City administers a single employer defined benefit (implicit subsidy) healthcare plan. No assets have been accumulated in a trust for the payment of benefits that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75.

Employees from groups other than Management who have attained age 50 and completed at least five years of PERS service or who become eligible for medical disability benefits under PERS, are eligible to retire and participate in the City's healthcare plans by paying COBRA premiums based on 102% of the premiums applicable to active employees. Spouses and eligible dependent children of retirees may also be covered at the retiree's expense. Eligibility for this benefit ends at age 65 or when the individual becomes eligible for Medicare.

Management employees, who meet the requirements, may retire and receive City-paid medical insurance for the retiree only. This is a grandfathered benefit and is no longer offered prospectively to new Management employees, nor is it provided to any employee who did not meet required criteria as of December 31, 2018. Once the retiree attains age 65, a Medicare Supplement benefit is payable by the City for the retiree only, for the retiree's further lifetime. Employees from Management who do not have the grandfathered benefit are eligible to retire and participate in the City's healthcare plans by paying COBRA premiums based on 102% of the premiums applicable to active employees.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 14 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

B. General Information about OPEB (Continued)

Covered Employees

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2022, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active employees	229
Transferred and terminated employees	-
Retired employees and beneficiaries	12
Total	241

Contributions

The obligation of the City to contribute to the plan is established and may be amended by the City Council. The City Council has established a policy of paying the premiums of the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) on a pay as you go basis. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City's average contribution rate was 2.41% of covered-employee payroll. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan.

C. Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2023 was \$4,563,470.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 3.69%
Inflation 2.50%
Aggregate payroll increases 3.00%
Expected long-term investment rate of return n/a

Mortality, Termination, and Disability CalPERS 2021 Experience Study

Mortality Improvement Scale Modified projected fully generational with Scale MP-2014

Healthcare Trend Rate 6.50 percent for 2022, 6.00 percent for 2023, 5.50 percent for 2024,

5.25c preent for 2025-2029, 5.00 percent for 2030-2039, 4.75 percent for 2040-2049, 4.50 percent for 2050-2069, and 4.00 percent for 2070 and later years; Medicare ages: 4.50 percent for all years for 2022-2029 and

4.00 percent for 2030 and later years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 14 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.69% percent. This discount rate is the mid-point, rounded to five basis points, of the range of 3-20 year municipal bond rate indices; S&P Municipal bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, and Fidelity GO AA 20 Year Bond Index.

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$ 4,220,323
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:	
Service Cost	266,779
Interest on the total OPEB liability	84,763
Changes of benefit terms	(179,263)
Difference between expected and actual experience	416,211
Changes of assumptions	(99,963)
Benefit payments	(145,380)
Net Changes during July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022	343,147
Balance at June 30, 2022 (Measurement Date)	\$ 4,563,470

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.69 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.69 percent) than the current discount rate:

Plan's	Total	OPEB	Liability

 unt Rate - 1% (2.69%)	Current Discount Rate (3.69%)		Discount Rate + 1% (4.69%)	
\$ 5,078,911	\$	4,563,470	\$	4,101,151

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Plan's T	otal O	PEB Lia	ability
----------	--------	---------	---------

Healthcare Cost					
-1% Trend Rates					1%
\$	3,951,465	\$	4,563,470	\$	5,299,570

Note 14 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$288,067. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		rred outflows Resources	Deferred inflows of Resources		
Employer contributions made					
subsequent to the measurement date	\$	137,066	\$	-	
Difference between expected and actual experience		503,127		-	
Changes of assumptions		444,950		(188,065)	
Total	\$	1,085,143	\$	(188,065)	

The difference between projected OPEB plan investment earnings and actual earnings is amortized over a five year period. The remaining gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service life. The expected average remaining service life is 9.8 years, which was determined as of June 30, 2021, the beginning of the measurement period, for employees covered by the OPEB plan benefit terms as of the valuation date.

For the OPEB plan, \$137,066 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as future OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended June 30	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources				
2023	\$	115,788			
2024		115,788			
2025		115,788			
2026		133,459			
2027		109,476			
Thereafter		169,713			
	\$	760,012			

Note 15 – Deferred Compensation Plan

A. City

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan was amended so that the assets of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The employer is not required to contribute to the deferred compensation plan but is required for full time non-management, non-sworn employees. Since the plan assets are administered by an outside party and not subject to the claims of the City's general creditors, their assets and related liabilities are not on the City's financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32."

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 15 – Deferred Compensation Plan (Continued)

B. Component Unit

The Housing Authority offers all of its full-time employees a deferred compensation plan (the Plan) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan permits employees to defer a portion of their current salary until future years. Participating employees may begin to receive the balance of their deferred compensation account upon termination, retirement, death, or emergency. Employees may also borrow against their deferred compensation account while employed (up to 50% of the current balance) under the deferred compensation loan program. Employees direct the investment of Plan assets into certificates of deposits and various mutual funds. The Housing Authority has insignificant administrative duties.

Note 16 – Service Concession Agreement

On June 21,2023, the City approved an amendment to the Madera Municipal Golf Course Operation and Management Lease Agreement (Agreement) with Sierra Golf Management Inc. dba Sierra Golf Management, Inc. (SGM), extending the term to five years after the current lease agreements expiration on June 30,2023, and making various economic modifications. The Agreement would be for 5 years and includes, at City discretion, one option to extend the term an additional five years. This would mean the agreement would expire on June 30, 2028, with the five-year extension available through June 30, 2033. The Agreement would increase the base rent to the present value of \$65,000 annually to lease the golf course and clubhouse facilities. SGM will remit \$2.75 per round of golf to the City in years one through four. The remittance will increase to \$3.00 per round in year five. SGM, the Clubhouse Tenant, currently Sugar Pine Smokehouse (SPS), and the City will each contribute \$25,000 annually to a capital improvement fund. Thus, the grand contribution for capital improvements annually shall be \$75,000. City will hold SGM capital funds of \$50k per year until capital projects are completed. SGM is required to operate and maintain the golf course in accordance with the Agreement.

Note 17 – Other Required Disclosures

A. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

At June 30, 2023, the following funds had a fund balances (deficit) or unrestricted net position (deficit), which will be eliminated by the City as follows:

Fund	Fund Type De		Deficit	Plan to eliminate deficit		
Federal Aid Urban Fund	Special Revenue Fund	\$	1,242,142	Federal grant reimbursement		
Solar Energy Lease Fund	Capital Projects Fund		674,459	Interfund cost allocation		

B. Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2023, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds by function:

Fund	Function	Excess Expenditures over Appropriations			
General Fund	General government: City manager	\$ 93,401			
General Fund	Debt service: Principal	5,509			
General Development Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund	Public ways and facilities	1,209,506			
General Development Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund	Culture and recreation	522,558			
Measure "T" Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	Public ways and facilities	778			
Intermodal Building Special Revenue Fund	General government	934			
Intermodal Building Special Revenue Fund	Public ways and facilities	8,886			
Economic Development Special Revenue Fund	Community development	198			

Note 18 - Fund Balance Classification

The City classifies fund balances, as shown on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds, as follows as of June 30, 2023:

	General Fund	General Development Impact Fee Fund	Measure "T" Sales Tax Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items	\$ 58,961	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,131	\$ 72,092
Inventories	82,881					82,881
Total nonspendable	141,842	-	_	-	13,131	154,973
Restricted						
Community development	-	-	-	-	12,751,924	12,751,924
Park development	-	-	-	-	98,941	98,941
Parking improvements	-	-	-	-	136,363	136,363
Public works and transportation	-	-	14,310,390	-	4,044,020	18,354,410
Special assessment project	-	-	-	-	519,667	519,667
Insurance stabilization reserve	2,365,453	-	-	-	-	2,365,453
Public protection	-	-	-	-	368,640	368,640
Capital projects and improvements	-	18,047,981	-	-	-	18,047,981
Total restricted	2,365,453	18,047,981	14,310,390	-	17,919,555	52,643,379
Committed				.,		
General Fund stabilization reserve	12,731,891	-	-	-	-	12,731,891
General plan update	50,000	-	-	-	-	50,000
Solar street light repair Installation	50,000	-	-	-	-	50,000
Measure K - Fire Protection Stabilization	780,000	-	-	-	-	780,000
Measure K - Police Protection Stabilization	780,000	-	-	-	-	780,000
Measure K - Fire Protection Vehicle Replacement	738,540			<u> </u>		738,540
Total committed	15,130,431					15,130,431
Assigned						
Golf course capital	20,000	-	-	-	-	20,000
Debt service	1,106,145	-	-	-	-	1,106,145
OPEB liability	97,339	-	-	-	-	97,339
Insurance claims reserve	950,134	-	-	-	-	950,134
Health insurance premiums	1,357,000	-	-	-	-	1,357,000
Future annual stipend payments	650,000	-	-	-	-	650,000
Measure K - Fire Protection	7,293,910	-	-	-	-	7,293,910
Measure K - Police	3,422,960	-	-	-	-	3,422,960
Measure K - Sales Tax Refund Reserve	900,000			<u> </u>		900,000
Total assigned	15,797,488	-			-	15,797,488
Unassigned (deficit)	12,291,870	-	-	-	(1,927,931)	10,363,939
Total fund balances	\$ 45,727,084	\$ 18,047,981	\$ 14,310,390	\$ -	\$ 16,004,755	\$ 94,090,210

Note 19 – Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net Investment in Capital Assets at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total	
Total capital assets, net	\$	193,451,488	\$	101,019,583	\$ 294,471,071	
Less related debt:						
Subscription liability		(209,417)		-	(209,417)	
Finance purchase agreement		(17,834,000)		_	(17,834,000)	
Loans payable		(299,800)		(5,882,800)	(6,182,600)	
Lease revenue bonds		(3,988,528)		-	(3,988,528)	
Bonds payable		-		(29,314,348)	(29,314,348)	
Unspent bond proceeds		2,517,025		-	2,517,025	
Gain on refunding of debt				(261,333)	(261,333)	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	173,636,768	\$	65,561,102	\$ 239,197,870	

Note 20 – Prior Period Adjustments

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The beginning net position at October 1, 2021 of the Governmental-Wide Financial Statements was restated as follows:

	Component Unit		
	Housing Authority of the City of Madera		
	Septe	ember 30, 2022	
Net position, as previously reported, at October 1, 2021	\$	12,284,478	
To correct various errors in financial statements		(674,675)	
Net position at October 1, 2021, as restated	\$	11,609,803	

Note 21 - Commitments and Contingencies

A. Litigation

The City is currently a party to various claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is management's opinion that the ultimate liabilities, if any, resulting from such claims and proceedings will not materially affect the financial position of the City.

Note 21 – Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

B. Contingent Liabilities

On March 1, 1993, the City issued Certificates of Participation in the aggregate of \$10,250,000 for the benefit of Madera Community Hospital (Hospital), a California nonprofit public benefit corporation. The Hospital is not included in the City's reporting entity. The City is obligated to make the principal payments only from and to the extent that it receives revenue from the Hospital. In December of 2022, the Hospital closed and filed for bankruptcy protection on March 10, 2023. As of this report, the Hospital's bankruptcy status is still uncertain. They are not secured by any pledge of taxes or other revenues of the City. In addition, the purchase payments are insured by the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development of the State of California. As of June 30, 2023, the City has not recorded revenues from the Hospital.

C. Federal and State Grants

The City participates in various federal grant programs, the principal of which are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit act as amended. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City anticipates such amounts, if any, will be immaterial.

D. Contractual Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2023. At year-end, the City's major contractual commitments are as follows:

	Contract Amount		Sp	ent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment	
Engineering Design Services for Intermodal Facility	\$	285,961	\$	71,024	\$	214,937
Engineering Design Services for Sidewalk Improvements		402,344		337,693		64,651
Engineering Design Services for Westberry Bridge		1,015,144		728,091		287,053
Manual Water Meter Replacements		310,048		176,720		133,328
Northwest Water Storage Tank		392,430		154,894		237,536
Olive Ave Widening from Gateway To Knox		380,553		253,270		127,284
Sewer Main Video Inspection		536,000		505,296		30,704
Sewer System Condition Assessment/Rehab		320,320		205,690		114,630
Sewer Trunk Main Rehab at Ave 13		518,399		252,889		265,510
Solar and Energy Efficiency Equipment		18,848,862		18,194,324		654,538
Water System Condition Assessment/Rehab		295,000		255,754		39,246
Total	\$	23,305,061	\$	21,135,645	\$	2,169,416

In addition, the City has various contracts with developers for the cost of public improvements made through construction of new developments within the City. The agreements are for the reimbursement of reasonable costs for the construction of public improvements within the planned developments. The City agrees to reimburse developers for the City's proportionate share of the costs of improvements as determined by the City Engineer. The City will not reimburse any expenses beyond the actual and reasonable costs of installing the improvements.

Note 21 – Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

E. Encumbrances

The City uses an encumbrance system as an extension of normal budgetary accounting for all funds. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance, depending on the classification of the resources to be used to liquidate the encumbrance, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Outstanding encumbrances at year-end are automatically re-appropriated for the following year. Unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbrances for operating expenditures outstanding as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$991,280.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

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Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Budgetary Information

The City adheres to the following general procedures in establishing its annual budget, which is reflected in the accompanying schedules:

- Budgets are legally adopted and formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue Funds. Budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. From the effective date of the budget, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City did not prepare a budget for the American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund.
- Reported budget amounts represent the original legally adopted budget as amended. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original adopted budget amounts. The City Council may amend the budget to increase appropriations only by a duly adopted minute resolution during a regular meeting, providing that sufficient monies are available and that expenditures of proceeds of taxes will not be increased beyond the constitutional appropriation limit as imposed by Article XIIIB of the State Constitution. Management can transfer, without City Council approval, budgeted amounts provided they do not increase or decrease total fund appropriations adopted by the City Council.
- Unexpended budgeted amounts lapse at the end of the budget year. Spending control for the fund is established by the amount of expenditures budgeted for the fund, but management control is exercised at the budgetary line item levels.
- Expenditures may not legally exceed overall budgeted appropriations.
- The budgets of the City's capital projects are primarily "long-term" budgets which emphasize major programs and capital outlay plans extending over a number of fiscal periods. Therefore, no budget-to-actual schedules are presented for Capital Projects Funds.

City of Madera Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedules – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	De le de 1	A		A1	F	ariance with
	 Budgeted Original	Amoui	Final	Actual Amounts		Favorable/ Infavorable)
DENTENATEG	 Original		1 11141	 Timounts		omavorable)
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$ 4,335,119	\$	4,335,119	\$ 4,879,850	\$	544,731
Sales and use taxes	18,939,052		18,939,052	19,291,534		352,482
Other taxes	1,862,413		1,862,413	2,027,689		165,276
Investment income	477,085		477,085	341,518		(135,567)
Franchise fees	800,000		800,000	841,540		41,540
Licenses and permits	1,196,820		1,196,820	1,502,455		305,635
Fines and forfeitures	439,998		439,998	465,127		25,129
Intergovernmental	11,838,790		11,838,790	9,222,604		(2,616,186)
Charges for services	1,442,330		1,442,330	1,941,861		499,531
Miscellaneous	 399,075		399,075	 789,839		390,764
Total revenues	 41,730,682		41,730,682	 41,304,017		(426,665)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government						
City clerk	574,839		574,839	400,519		174,320
City manager	1,354,364		1,359,000	1,452,401		(93,401)
Finance	505,733		505,733	430,594		75,139
City attorney	394,834		394,834	234,588		160,246
Human resources	640,342		696,216	634,169		62,047
Economic development	248,694		5,248,694	613,851		4,634,843
Public safety						
Police	16,857,079		17,205,497	16,758,044		447,453
Fire	6,548,354		6,655,688	4,632,858		2,022,830
Social services	217,802		250,302	181,934		68,368
Public ways and facilities						
Development and engineering	2,177,616		2,177,616	2,025,586		152,030
Community development						
Parks and community services	5,331,086		5,594,547	5,031,074		563,473
Culture and recreation	4,563,603		4,571,978	4,164,682		407,296
Capital outlay	4,392,098		4,652,063	624,105		4,027,958
Debt service:						
Principal	259,400		259,400	264,909		(5,509)
Interest and fiscal charges	 173,248		173,248	 173,244		4
Total expenditures	 44,239,092		50,319,655	 37,622,558		12,697,097
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (2,508,410)		(8,588,973)	 3,681,459		12,270,432
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from sale of property	-		-	33,429		33,429
Inception of subscription liability	-		-	23,636		23,636
Transfers in	5,633,216		5,633,216	3,794,772		(1,838,444)
Transfers out	 (2,066,036)		(2,066,036)	 (382,358)		1,683,678
Total other financing sources (uses)	 3,567,180		3,567,180	 3,469,479		(97,701)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 1,058,770		(5,021,793)	7,150,938	\$	12,172,731
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				38,576,146		
End of year				\$ 45,727,084		

City of Madera Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedules – General Development Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Original	Amour	nts Final	 Actual Amounts	F	riance with inal Budget Favorable/ infavorable)
REVENUES:						
Investment income	\$ 149,025	\$	149,025	\$ 288,682	\$	139,657
Charges for services	 3,078,081		3,078,081	3,582,404		504,323
Total revenues	 3,227,106		3,227,106	3,871,086		643,980
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public ways and facilities	6,550		14,375	1,223,881		(1,209,506)
Culture and recreation	-		-	522,558		(522,558)
Capital outlay	 2,340,627		2,342,752	 674,490		1,668,262
Total expenditures	 2,347,177		2,357,127	 2,420,929		(63,802)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	879,929		869,979	1,450,157		580,178
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out	(397,771)		(397,771)	(397,771)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(397,771)		(397,771)	 (397,771)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 482,158	\$	472,208	1,052,386	\$	580,178
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				16,995,595		
End of year				\$ 18,047,981		

City of Madera Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Measure "T" Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Budgeted Original	Amour	nts Final	 Actual Amounts	Fi F	riance with nal Budget 'avorable/ nfavorable)
REVENUES:						
Investment income (loss)	\$ 38,548	\$	38,548	\$ 277,586	\$	239,038
Intergovernmental	 3,209,972		3,209,972	2,312,989		(896,983)
Total revenues	3,248,520		3,248,520	2,590,575		(657,945)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public ways and facilities	1,800		1,800	2,578		(778)
Capital outlay	2,878,386		2,953,393	218,651		2,734,742
Total expenditures	 2,880,186		2,955,193	 221,229		2,733,964
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	368,334		293,327	 2,369,346		2,076,019
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out	 (897,474)		(897,474)	 (897,474)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (897,474)		(897,474)	(897,474)		-
Net change in fund balance	\$ (529,140)	\$	(604,147)	1,471,872	\$	2,076,019
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				12,838,518		
End of year				\$ 14,310,390		

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Miscellan	eous Plan					
Measurement period, year ended	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
Total pension liability									
Service cost	\$ 1,715,940	\$ 1,606,099	\$ 1,719,344	\$ 1,915,335	\$ 2,074,876	\$ 1,857,394	\$ 1,556,770	\$ 1,515,655	\$ 1,562,632
Interest on total pension liability	6,797,912	6,643,295	6,484,056	6,295,654	5,940,862	5,651,202	5,352,560	5,085,808	4,865,000
Differences between expected and actual									
experience	(550,819)	(711,985)	(758,426)	1,363,296	1,082,691	1,184,077	337,609	(269,941)	-
Changes in assumptions	3,348,073	-	-	-	(647,285)	4,531,204	-	(1,189,492)	-
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee									
contributions	(5,463,626)	(5,525,027)	(4,890,282)	(4,548,873)	(4,125,431)	(3,877,650)	(3,532,833)	(3,412,481)	(3,247,986)
Net change in total pension liability	5,847,480	2,012,382	2,554,692	5,025,412	4,325,713	9,346,227	3,714,106	1,729,549	3,179,646
Total pension liability - beginning	97,597,059	95,584,677	93,029,985	88,004,573	83,678,860	74,332,633	70,618,527	68,888,978	65,709,332
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$103,444,539	\$ 97,597,059	\$ 95,584,677	\$ 93,029,985	\$ 88,004,573	\$ 83,678,860	\$ 74,332,633	\$ 70,618,527	\$ 68,888,978
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	3,270,441	3,088,563	2,776,816	2,610,704	2,395,891	\$ 2,329,046	\$ 1,948,033	\$ 1,603,067	\$ 1,465,153
Contributions - employee	719,807	724,414	736,497	798,675	858,755	829,670	775,135	705,875	787,068
Investment income (net of administrative expenses)	(5,929,216)	14,821,011	3,166,226	3,967,331	4,851,004	5,795,462	282,173	1,164,130	7,962,241
Benefit payments	(5,463,626)	(5,525,027)	(4,890,282)	(4,548,873)	(4,125,431)	(3,877,650)	(3,532,833)	(3,412,481)	(3,247,986)
Plan to plan resources	-	-	-	132	(140)	(1,724)	394	-	-
Other	(48,808)	(65,237)	(89,670)	(43,264)	(258,000)	(76,926)	(32,095)	(59,277)	(55,556)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(7,451,402)	13,043,724	1,699,587	2,784,705	3,722,079	4,997,878	(559,193)	1,314	6,910,920
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	78,350,446	65,306,722	63,607,135	60,822,430	57,100,351	52,102,473	52,661,666	52,660,352	45,749,432
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 70,899,044	\$ 78,350,446	\$ 65,306,722	\$ 63,607,135	\$ 60,822,430	\$ 57,100,351	\$ 52,102,473	\$ 52,661,666	\$ 52,660,352
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 32,545,495	\$ 19,246,613	\$ 30,277,955	\$ 29,422,850	\$ 27,182,143	\$ 26,578,509	\$ 22,230,160	\$ 17,956,861	\$ 16,228,626
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.54%	80.28%	68.32%	68.37%	69.11%	68.24%	70.09%	74.57%	76.44%
	0 000000	6 0 5 4 2 0 5 2	0 10 051 (11	0 11 050 515	6 12 025 012	0 10 240 240	A 0 200 502	A 0 000 225	0 0 0 5 5 4 0

Notes to Schedule:

covered payroll

Net pension liability as a percentage of

Covered payroll

Benefit changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2014. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years of Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

301.13%

\$ 9,829,365 \$ 9,543,073 \$ 10,054,641 \$ 11,058,515 \$ 12,035,942 \$ 10,240,349 \$ 9,298,593 \$ 8,909,327 \$ 8,873,549

225.84%

259.55%

239.07%

266.07%

182.89%

201.55%

331.10%

201.68%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

City of Madera Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Safety	Plan					
Measurement period, year ended	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability	0.343440%	0.390215%	0.318266%	0.317253%	0.319144%	0.314800%	0.324000%	0.340000%	0.337500%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 23,599,525	\$ 13,694,549	\$ 21,203,994	\$ 19,804,633	\$ 18,725,928	\$ 18,807,385	\$ 16,778,473	\$ 14,009,122	\$ 12,759,288
Plan's covered payroll	\$ 5,148,829	\$ 4,998,863	\$ 4,853,265	\$ 4,711,908	\$ 4,574,668	\$ 4,428,574	\$ 4,211,168	\$ 3,797,547	\$ 3,916,737
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	458.35%	273.95%	436.90%	420.31%	409.34%	424.68%	398.43%	368.90%	325.76%
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 53,677,069	\$ 58,522,823	\$ 48,543,855	\$ 48,056,036	\$ 44,837,253	\$ 41,761,897	\$ 37,574,019	\$ 38,216,008	\$ 37,919,898
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.46%	81.04%	69.60%	70.82%	44.92%	44.75%	46.68%	53.15%	57.52%
Plan's proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions	\$ 3,055,010	\$ 2,879,830	\$ 2,464,699	\$ 2,197,168	\$ 1,942,249	\$ 1,806,992	\$ 1,650,502	\$ 1,388,656	\$ 1,405,797

 $^{^{1}\,}$ Information only presented from the implementation year

City of Madera Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	C	omponent U	nit - Miscella	aneous Plan				
Measurement period, year ended	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability	0.086162%	0.132600%	0.084600%	0.084400%	0.082100%	0.082800%	0.088100%	0.078600%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,031,725	\$ 2,517,018	\$ 3,389,295	\$ 3,179,336	\$ 3,235,424	\$ 2,875,227	\$ 2,416,697	\$ 1,966,014
Plan's covered payroll	\$ 941,461	\$ 1,191,513	\$ 1,280,623	\$ 1,270,009	\$ 1,140,725	\$ 1,043,730	\$ 982,585	\$ 1,108,052
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	428.24%	211.25%	264.66%	250.34%	283.63%	275.48%	245.95%	177.43%
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 7,800,039	\$ 8,922,694	\$ 7,134,083	\$ 6,579,986	\$ 5,930,422	\$ 6,264,351	\$ 6,281,657	\$ 5,399,644
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	51.69%	28.21%	47.51%	48.32%	54.56%	45.90%	38.47%	36.41%
Plan's proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions	\$ 331,109	\$ 336,461	\$ 302,136	\$ 268,409	\$ 238,140	\$ 257,128	\$ 203,184	\$ 239,779

¹ Information only presented from the implementation year.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions - Pension For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Miscellaneous Plan													
Fiscal Year:	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-141			
Contractually determined contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ 4,067,253 (4,067,253)	\$ 3,270,441 (3,270,441)	\$ 3,088,563	\$ 2,776,816 (2,776,816)	\$ 2,610,704	\$ 2,395,891	\$ 2,329,046	\$ 1,948,033 (1,948,033)	\$ 1,603,067 (1,603,067)	\$ 1,465,153 (1,397,058)			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Covered payroll	\$10,124,246	\$ 9,829,365	\$ 9,543,073	\$ 10,054,641	\$11,058,515	\$ 12,035,942	\$ 10,240,349	\$ 9,298,593	\$ 8,909,327	\$ 8,873,549			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	40.17%	33.27%	32.36%	27.62%	23.60%	19.91%	22.74%	20.95%	17.99%	15.74%			

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

The actuarial methods and assumption used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2023 were derived from the June 30, 2021 funding valuation report.

Amortization method/period For details, see June 30, 2021 Funding Valuation Report

Asset valuation method Actuarial Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2021 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.30%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll growth 2.750%

Investment rate of return 6.90% net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses.

Retirement age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 and 2015.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the the 2021 experience study report. The mortality table was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates

incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP 2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

¹ Information only presented from the implementation year

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions – Pension (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Safety Pla	an					
Fiscal Year:	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-141
Contractually determined contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the	\$ 3,202,253	\$ 3,055,010	\$ 2,879,830	\$ 2,464,699	\$ 2,197,168	\$ 1,942,249	\$ 1,806,992	\$ 1,650,502	\$ 1,388,656	\$ 1,405,797
actuarially determined contributions	(3,202,253)	(3,055,010)	(2,879,830)	(2,464,699)	(2,197,168)	(1,942,249)	(1,806,992)	(1,650,502)	(1,388,656)	(1,405,797)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>s -</u>	<u>s -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	<u>s</u> -	<u>s</u> -	<u>s</u> -
Covered payroll	\$ 5,303,294	\$ 5,148,829	\$ 4,998,863	\$ 4,853,265	\$ 4,711,908	\$ 4,574,668	\$ 4,428,574	\$ 4,211,168	\$ 3,797,547	\$ 3,916,737
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	60.38%	59.33%	57.61%	50.78%	46.63%	42.46%	40.80%	39.19%	36.57%	35.89%

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

The actuarial methods and assumption used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2023 were derived from the June 30, 2021 funding valuation report.

Amortization method/period For details, see June 30, 2021 Funding Valuation Report

Asset valuation method Actuarial Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2021 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.30%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll growth 2.750%

Investment rate of return 6.90% net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses.

Retirement age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 and 2015.

Mortality

The probabilities of mortality are based on the the 2021 experience study report. The mortality table was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP 2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

¹ Information only presented from the implementation year

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions – Pension (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Componen	t Unit - Mis	cellaneous l	Plan			
Fiscal Year:	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-151
Contractually determined contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the	\$ 331,109	\$ 336,461	\$ 302,136	\$ 268,409	\$ 238,140	\$ 257,128	\$ 203,184	\$ 239,779
actuarially determined contributions	(331,109)	(336,461)	(302,136)	(268,409)	(238,140)	(257,128)	(203,184)	(239,779)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 941,461	\$ 1,191,513	\$ 1,280,623	\$ 1,270,009	\$ 1,140,725	\$ 1,043,730	\$ 982,585	\$ 1,108,052
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	35.17%	28.24%	23.59%	21.13%	20.88%	24.64%	20.68%	21.64%

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

The actuarial methods and assumption used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2022 were derived from the June 30, 2020 funding valuation report.

Amortization method/period For details, see June 30, 2020 Funding Valuation Report

Asset valuation method Actuarial Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2020 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.63%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll growth 2.875%

Investment rate of return 7.00% net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses.

Retirement age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 and 2011.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-

retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by

the Society of Actuaries.

¹ Information only presented from the implementation year

City of Madera Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Measurement period, year ending:	6/30/2022	(6/30/2021	 6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6	/30/2017 1
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$ 266,779	\$	188,828	\$ 159,827	\$ 148,304	\$ 196,158	\$	165,796
Interest	84,763		95,919	104,757	110,666	97,813		92,870
Changes of benefit terms	(179,263)		-	-	-	(219,769)		
Differences between expected and actual experience	416,211		-	156,277	-	74,529		-
Changes of assumptions	(99,963)		255,972	263,250	183,321	(254,393)		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(145,380)		(92,662)	(196,273)	(132,070)	(89,635)		(111,633)
Net change in total OPEB liability	343,147		448,057	487,838	310,221	(195,297)		147,033
Total OPEB liability - beginning	4,220,323		3,772,266	3,284,428	2,974,207	3,169,504		3,022,471
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 4,563,470	\$	4,220,323	\$ 3,772,266	\$ 3,284,428	\$ 2,974,207	\$	3,169,504
OPEB fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$ 145,380	\$	92,662	\$ 196,273	\$ 132,070	\$ 89,635	\$	111,633
Net investment income	-		-	-	-	-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(145,380)		(92,662)	(196,273)	(132,070)	(89,635)		(111,633)
Administrative expense								
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-		-	-	-	-		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-			_				-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Plan net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 4,563,470	\$	4,220,323	\$ 3,772,266	\$ 3,284,428	\$ 2,974,207	\$	3,169,504
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,444,154	\$	11,110,829	\$ 10,787,213	\$ 13,763,983	\$ 13,752,967	\$	13,352,395
Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	39.88%		37.98%	34.97%	23.86%	21.63%		23.74%

¹ Information only presented from the implementation year

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds:

Special Gas Tax Fund - This fund is used to account for the receipt of gasoline tax revenue paid to the City as a subvention from the State of California. These funds support maintenance activities and finance street construction projects as provided by State law.

Business Improvement District Fund - This fund is used to account for the City's efforts of the Business Improvement District (BID) to promote commerce in downtown Madera. The funding source is assessment fees.

Park Development Fund - This fund is used for park land acquisition and development. Principal revenue sources are parks acquisition and development fees collected from developers and state revenues for park development.

Parking District Fund - This fund is used to support the activities of the City's Parking Enforcement Office. Non-sworn officers patrol a designated area in Madera's downtown and issue citations to motorists who violate the City's vehicle ordinances.

Federal Aid Urban Fund - This fund is used to report various federal grants awarded to the City by the Federal government not otherwise accounted for in the General Fund or Capital Projects funds. A separate detailed report by program is available which meets the criteria of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, for all federal grants received by the City.

Street Construction Fund - This fund is used to account for right-of-way acquisition, construction, and improvements related to the City's street system. These projects are funded by various state and federal programs and matching City funds.

Landscape Assessment Fund - This fund is used to account for funds received from the landscaping assessment districts to provide for alternative sources of funding for maintenance and service of landscaping located within the public areas of the assessment districts.

Supplemental Law Enforcement Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with front line law enforcement and municipal police services. The funding source is state grant funding.

Intermodal Building Fund - This fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the intermodal building facility for use by the City and its tenants. The Intermodal Facility currently houses the MAX system, the Greyhound Bus terminal, and Madera Cab Co. This facility relies solely on grants and rents collected to fund its operations, and therefore does not impact the General Fund budget.

Economic Development Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to programs and projects funded with Economic Development grant proceeds.

Residential Rehab Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the City's Down Payment Assistance Program (DAP) which assists low-income residents with purchasing their first homes and the Owner Occupied Rehabilitation (OOR) program that helps existing low-income homeowners make health and safety repairs to their homes.

Non-Major Governmental Funds (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds (Continued):

Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund - This fund is used to account for the balances of the former low and moderate income housing funds of the former Madera Redevelopment Agency and revenues and expenditures related to such housing projects and programs.

Community Facilities Districts (CFD) Fund - This fund is used to account for bond and annual tax assessment proceeds to be used for the construction and implementation of off-site infrastructure improvements. In addition, the Fund accounts for services and administration of assessments received annually.

Capital Projects Funds:

Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund - This fund accounts for the construction of the Solar Energy Lease Purchase projects. These projects are funded by the Solar Energy Lease Purchase debt obligations.

Streets and Roads Fund - This fund is used to account for right-of-way acquisition, construction, and improvements related to the City's street system. These projects are funded by various state and federal programs and matching City funds.

City of Madera Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue											
		Special Gas Tax Fund	Im	Business aprovement District	De	Park evelopment		Parking District				
ASSETS												
Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivable Lease receivable	\$	4,518,212 - 619,527	\$	2,417 15,663	\$	98,941 - - -	\$	119,291 17,974 -				
Notes receivable		_		_		-		_				
Prepaid items		_		-		_		_				
Land held for resale		-		-		-		-				
Total assets	\$	5,137,739	\$	18,080	\$	98,941	\$	137,265				
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	1,120,000	\$	2,417	\$	-	\$	902				
Accrued payroll		-		-		-		-				
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-				
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-				
Unearned revenues		-		-		-						
Total liabilities		1,120,000		2,417		-		902				
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue Related to leases		-		-		-		-				
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-				
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-				
Restricted		4,017,739		15,663		98,941		136,363				
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		-						
Total fund balances (deficit)		4,017,739		15,663		98,941		136,363				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources, and fund balances	\$	5,137,739	\$	18,080	\$	98,941	\$	137,265				

City of Madera Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

				Special 1	Rev	enue	
ASSETS	Federal Aid Urban			Street Construction		Landscape Assessment	applemental Law nforcement
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	509,717	\$ 385,562
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		2,744	56
Intergovernmental receivable		154,125		2,453,431		4,384	111,283
Lease receivable		-		-		-	-
Notes receivable		-		-		-	-
Prepaid items		-		11,330		-	1,027
Land held for resale						-	
Total assets	\$	154,125	\$	2,464,761	\$	516,845	\$ 497,928
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,688,667	\$	1,206	\$ 16,972
Accrued payroll		-		-		-	6
Due to other funds		36,181		378,236		-	-
Deposits payable		-		-		-	-
Unearned revenues						-	
Total liabilities		36,181		2,066,903		1,206	16,978
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue Related to leases		-		1,640,000		-	111,283
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		1,640,000		-	111,283
Fund Balances:							
				11 220			1 027
Nonspendable Restricted		117.044		11,330		- 515 (20	1,027
		117,944		(1.252.472)		515,639	368,640
Unassigned (deficit)		- 115011		(1,253,472)		-	 20000
Total fund balances (deficit)		117,944		(1,242,142)		515,639	 369,667
Total liabilities deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$	154,125	\$	2,464,761	\$	516,845	\$ 497,928

City of Madera Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds

June 30, 2023

				Special				
		ntermodal Building	Economic Development		Residential Rehab			Low and Moderate Income Housing
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	1,545,268	\$	1,080,131	\$	-
Accounts receivable, net		417		-		14,664		885
Intergovernmental receivable		67,512		-		5,000		-
Lease receivable		16,042		-		-		-
Notes receivable		-		-		7,996,577		7,000
Prepaid items		80		-		-		694
Land held for resale		-		-				670,000
Total assets	\$	84,051	\$	1,545,268	\$	9,096,372	\$	1,292,884
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	3,161	\$	156,500	\$	3,982	\$	_
Accrued payroll		7		-		-		-
Due to other funds		38,560		-		-		343,470
Deposits payable		-		-		-		74
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		41,728		156,500		3,982		343,544
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue		_		_		_		_
Related to leases		15,962		-		-		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		15,962		-		-		-
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		80		_		_		694
Restricted		26,281		1,388,768		9,092,390		948,646
Unassigned (deficit)		20,201		1,500,700		-,072,370		710,010
Total fund balances (deficit)		26,361	-	1,388,768		9,092,390		949,340
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		20,301		1,500,700		,,o, 2 ,5,0		7 17,5 10
resources, and fund balances	\$	84,051	\$	1,545,268	\$	9,096,372	\$	1,292,884
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City of Madera Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds

June 30,	2023
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	Special Revenue Community Facilities Districts			Capital	Proje	cts		
			Solar Energy Lease		Streets and Roads			Γotal Other overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	1,297,333	\$	-	\$	4,028	\$	9,560,900
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		-		52,403
Intergovernmental receivable		5,031		-		-		3,420,293
Lease receivable		-		-		-		16,042
Notes receivable		-		-		-		8,003,577
Prepaid items		-		-		-		13,131
Land held for resale		-		-		-		670,000
Total assets	\$	1,302,364	\$	2,517,025	\$	4,028	\$	24,867,676
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,993,807
Accrued payroll		-		-		-		13
Due to other funds		-		3,191,484		-		3,987,931
Deposits payable		-		-		-		74
Unearned revenues		113,851		-		-		113,851
Total liabilities		113,851		3,191,484		-		7,095,676
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue		-		_		-		1,751,283
Related to leases		-		-				15,962
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		1,767,245
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		_		_		_		13,131
Restricted		1,188,513		_		4,028		17,919,555
Unassigned (deficit)				(674,459)		-,026		(1,927,931)
Total fund balances (deficit)		1,188,513		(674,459)		4,028		16,004,755
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				· / - /				
resources, and fund balances	\$	1,302,364	\$	2,517,025	\$	4,028	\$	24,867,676
resources, and rand valances	Ψ	1,502,507	Ψ	2,011,023	Ψ	7,020	Ψ	21,007,070

(Concluded)

City of Madera Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Special	Special Revenue				
	Special Gas Tax Fund	Business Improvement District	Park Development	Parking District			
REVENUES:							
Property taxes Other taxes Investment income (loss)	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -			
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	3,845			
Intergovernmental Charges for services	4,194,692	19,975	-	17,858			
Miscellaneous				-			
Total revenues	4,194,692	19,975		21,703			
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government	-	18,594	-	16,870			
Public protection	-	-	-	-			
Public ways and facilities	2	-	-	-			
Community development	25 205	-	- 6.024	-			
Capital outlay Debt service:	35,395	-	6,034	-			
Principal	_	_	_	_			
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-			
Total expenditures	35,397	18,594	6,034	16,870			
REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	4,159,295	1,381	(6,034)	4,833			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	-	-	-	-			
Transfers out	(1,065,007)			(9,030)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,065,007)			(9,030)			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	3,094,288	1,381	(6,034)	(4,197)			
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	923,451	14,282	104,975	140,560			
End of year	\$ 4,017,739	\$ 15,663	\$ 98,941	\$ 136,363			

City of Madera Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Special	Revenue			
	Federal Aid Urban	Street Construction	Landscape Assessment	Supplemental Law Enforcement		
REVENUES:	d.	Ф	Ф	Ф		
Property taxes Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 443,140	\$ -		
Investment income	-	-	-	2,768		
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	422,363	887,216	-	341,213		
Charges for services Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-		
Total revenues	422,363	887,216	443,140	343,981		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	-		
Public protection	-	-	-	227,051		
Public ways and facilities Community development	-	110,872	389,176	-		
Capital outlay	208,450	302,127	-	-		
Debt service:	200,120	302,127				
Principal	-	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges						
Total expenditures	208,450	412,999	389,176	227,051		
REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	213,913	474,217	53,964	116,930		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-		
Transfers out		(512,000)	(1,421)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(512,000)	(1,421)			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	213,913	(37,783)	52,543	116,930		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):						
Beginning of year	(95,969)	(1,204,359)	463,096	252,737		
End of year	\$ 117,944	\$ (1,242,142)	\$ 515,639	\$ 369,667		

City of Madera Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Intermodal Building	Economic Development	Residential Rehab	Low and Moderate Income Housing	
REVENUES:					
Property taxes Other taxes Investment income	\$ - - 2,318	\$ - 25,477	\$ - 107,691	\$ - - -	
Fines and forfeitures	91,909	-	1 960	-	
Intergovernmental Charges for services	26,737	-	1,860	-	
Miscellaneous	-	-	8,701	614,305	
Total revenues	120,964	25,477	118,252	614,305	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	67,830	-	-	-	
Public protection	-	-	-	-	
Public ways and facilities	48,895	-	-	-	
Community development	-	2,522	117,994	26,813	
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	-	-	552,001	
Principal					
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	116,725	2,522	117,994	578,814	
REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	4,239	22,955	258	35,491	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	_	_	-	-	
Transfers out	(4,326)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,326)				
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(87)	22,955	258	35,491	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):					
Beginning of year	26,448	1,365,813	9,092,132	913,849	
End of year	\$ 26,361	\$ 1,388,768	\$ 9,092,390	\$ 949,340	

City of Madera Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Spec	ial Revenue	Capita	al Projects	
		ommunity Facilities Districts	Solar Energy Lease	Streets and Roads	Total Other Governmental Funds
REVENUES:					
Property taxes Other taxes Investment income Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	894,132 - 6,643 - -	\$		\$ 894,132 443,140 144,897 3,845 5,939,253 64,570 623,006
Total revenues		900,775		<u> </u>	8,112,843
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: General government Public protection Public ways and facilities Community development Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures		5,359 - - - - - - 5,359	810,000 505,220 1,315,220		108,653 227,051 548,945 147,329 1,104,007 810,000 505,220 3,451,205
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		895,416	(1,315,220	<u> </u>	4,661,638
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in Transfers out		(316,440)	505,223	4,323	509,546 (1,908,224)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(316,440)	505,223	4,323	(1,398,678)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		578,976	(809,997	4,323	3,262,960
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):					
Beginning of year		609,537	135,538	(295)	12,741,795
End of year	\$	1,188,513	\$ (674,459) \$ 4,028	\$ 16,004,755

(Concluded)

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original Fina			nts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental	\$	3,329,273	\$	3,329,273	\$ 4,194,692	\$	865,419
Total revenues		3,329,273		3,329,273	4,194,692		865,419
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public ways and facilities		590,715		590,715	2		590,713
Capital outlay		2,145,612		2,180,155	35,395		2,144,760
Total expenditures		2,736,327		2,770,870	 35,397		2,735,473
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		592,946		558,403	 4,159,295		3,600,892
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(1,073,151)		(1,073,151)	 (1,065,007)		8,144
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,073,151)		(1,073,151)	(1,065,007)		8,144
Net change in fund balance	\$	(480,205)	\$	(514,748)	3,094,288	\$	3,609,036
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					 923,451		
End of year					\$ 4,017,739		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Business Improvement District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted A		l Amount	s Final	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$	24,371	\$	24,371	\$ 19,975	\$	(4,396)
Total revenues		24,371		24,371	 19,975		(4,396)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		23,801		23,801	 18,594		5,207
Total expenditures		23,801		23,801	 18,594		5,207
Net change in fund balance	\$	570	\$	570	1,381	\$	811
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					 14,282		
End of year					\$ 15,663		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Parking Development Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital outlay	\$	15,059	\$	15,059	\$ 6,034	\$	9,025	
Total expenditures		15,059		15,059	6,034		9,025	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(15,059)	\$	(15,059)	(6,034)	\$	9,025	
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year					 104,975			
End of year					\$ 98,941			

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Parking District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual .mounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	19,797	\$	19,797	\$ 3,845	\$	(15,952)
Charges for services		21,334		21,334	 17,858		(3,476)
Total revenues		41,131		41,131	21,703		(19,428)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		34,403		34,403	 16,870		17,533
Total expenditures		34,403		34,403	 16,870		17,533
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		6,728		6,728	 4,833		(1,895)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(9,030)		(9,030)	(9,030)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(9,030)		(9,030)	(9,030)		
Net change in fund balance	\$	(2,302)	\$	(2,302)	(4,197)	\$	(1,895)
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					 140,560		
End of year					\$ 136,363		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Federal Aid Urban Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental	\$	3,293,021	\$ 3,293,021	\$	422,363	\$	(2,870,658)
Total revenues		3,293,021	 3,293,021		422,363		(2,870,658)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Capital outlay		2,257,782	2,309,971		208,450		2,101,521
Total expenditures		2,257,782	2,309,971		208,450		2,101,521
Net change in fund balance	\$	1,035,239	\$ 983,050		213,913	\$	(769,137)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT):							
Beginning of year					(95,969)		
End of year				\$	117,944		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Street Construction Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Actual Original Final Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,086,290	\$	3,086,290	\$	887,216	\$	(2,199,074)	
Total revenues	3,086,290		3,086,290		887,216		(2,199,074)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public ways and facilities	-		129,250		110,872		18,378	
Capital outlay	 1,952,040		2,112,945		302,127		1,810,818	
Total expenditures	 1,952,040		2,242,195		412,999		1,829,196	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,134,250		844,095		474,217		(369,878)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	(512,000)		(512,000)		(512,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(512,000)		(512,000)		(512,000)			
Net change in fund balance	\$ 622,250	\$	332,095		(37,783)	\$	(369,878)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT):								
Beginning of year					(1,204,359)			
End of year				\$	(1,242,142)			

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Landscape Assessment Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	(Budgeted Original	Amoun	nts Final	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:							
Other taxes	\$	417,383	\$	417,383	\$ 443,140	\$	25,757
Total revenues		417,383		417,383	 443,140		25,757
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public ways and facilities		405,269		405,269	 389,176		16,093
Total expenditures		405,269		405,269	 389,176		16,093
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		12,114		12,114	53,964		41,850
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(1,421)		(1,421)	(1,421)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,421)		(1,421)	(1,421)		-
Net change in fund balance	\$	10,693	\$	10,693	52,543	\$	41,850
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					463,096		
End of year					\$ 515,639		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Supplemental Law Enforcement Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:						
Investment income (loss)	\$ 1,235	\$	1,235	\$ 2,768	\$	1,533
Intergovernmental	 162,899		267,899	 341,213		73,314
Total revenues	 164,134		269,134	 343,981		74,847
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public protection	 204,719		309,719	 227,051		82,668
Total expenditures	 204,719		309,719	227,051		82,668
Net change in fund balance	\$ (40,585)	\$	(40,585)	116,930	\$	157,515
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				 252,737		
End of year				\$ 369,667		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Intermodal Building Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	C	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:								
Investment income (loss)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,318	\$	2,318
Intergovernmental		50,000		50,000		91,909		41,909
Charges for services		38,180		38,180		26,737		(11,443)
Total revenues		88,180		88,180		120,964		32,784
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		66,896		66,896		67,830		(934)
Public ways and facilities		40,009		40,009		48,895		(8,886)
Total expenditures		106,905		106,905		116,725		(9,820)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(18,725)		(18,725)		4,239		22,964
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(4,326)		(4,326)		(4,326)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,326)		(4,326)		(4,326)		
Net change in fund balance	\$	(23,051)	\$	(23,051)		(87)	\$	22,964
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						26,448		
End of year					\$	26,361		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Economic Development Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	C	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:								
Investment income (loss)	\$	11,377	\$	11,377	\$	25,477	\$	14,100
Total revenues		11,377		11,377		25,477		14,100
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:		2 22 4		2.224		2.500		(400)
Community development	-	2,324		2,324	-	2,522		(198)
Total expenditures	-	2,324		2,324	-	2,522		(198)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		9,053		9,053		22,955		13,902
Net change in fund balance	\$	9,053	\$	9,053		22,955	\$	13,902
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						1,365,813		
End of year					\$	1,388,768		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Residential Rehab Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:								
Investment income (loss)	\$	414,944	\$	414,944	\$	107,691	\$	(307,253)
Intergovernmental		-		-		1,860		1,860
Miscellaneous		24,431		24,431		8,701		(15,730)
Total revenues		439,375		439,375		118,252		(321,123)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Community development		117,711		126,820		117,994		8,826
Total expenditures		117,711		126,820		117,994		8,826
Net change in fund balance	\$	321,664	\$	312,555		258	\$	(312,297)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						9,092,132		
End of year					\$	9,092,390		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	_	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$	194,750 7,000	\$	194,750 7,000	\$	614,305	\$	(194,750) 607,305
Total revenues		201,750		201,750		614,305		412,555
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Community development Capital outlay		650 1,686,384		36,650 2,136,384		26,813 552,001		9,837 1,584,383
Total expenditures		1,687,034		2,173,034		578,814		1,594,220
Net change in fund balance	\$	(1,485,284)	\$	(1,971,284)		35,491	\$	2,006,775
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						913,849		
End of year					\$	949,340		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Facilities District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Original	Amoun	ts Final				iance with al Budget vorable/ favorable)
REVENUES:							
Property taxes Investment income (loss)	\$ 493,035 3,739	\$	493,035 3,739	\$	894,132 6,643	\$	401,097 2,904
Total revenues	496,774		496,774		900,775		404,001
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
General government	6,303		6,303		5,359		944
Total expenditures	6,303		6,303		5,359		944
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 490,471		490,471		895,416		404,945
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out	(316,440)		(316,440)		(316,440)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(316,440)		(316,440)		(316,440)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 174,031	\$	174,031		578,976	\$	404,945
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					609,537		
End of year				\$	1,188,513		

Non-Major Enterprise Funds

Local Transit Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's public transit operations.

Golf Course Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's golf course operations.

Airport Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's airport operations.

City of Madera Combining Statement of Net Position Non-Major Enterprise Funds June 30, 2023

	June 30, 2023			
A CONTRO	Local Transit Fund	Golf Course Fund	Airport Fund	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets: Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,092,013	\$ 1,092,013
Accounts receivable, net	-	16,670	35,443	52,113
Intergovernmental receivable	1,409,265	10,070	31,775	1,441,040
Lease receivable - due within one year		-	36,784	36,784
Prepaid items	358	-	9,721	10,079
Total current assets	1,409,623	16,670	1,205,736	2,632,029
Noncurrent assets:				
Lease receivable - due in more than one year Capital assets:	-	-	822,162	822,162
Non-depreciable	323,583	146,933	4,087,640	4,558,156
Depreciable, net	7,810,439	1,881,928	7,268,219	16,960,586
Total capital assets	8,134,022	2,028,861	11,355,859	21,518,742
Total noncurrent assets	8,134,022	2,028,861	12,178,021	22,340,904
Total assets	9,543,645	2,045,531	13,383,757	24,972,933
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Related to OPEB	-	-	4,540	4,540
Related to pensions	298,622		81,892	380,514
Total deferred outflow of resources	298,622		86,432	385,054
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:	25.205		44= 04.4	444.604
Accounts payable	27,287	-	417,314	444,601
Accrued payroll Due to other funds	2,313 1,255,040	563,534	6	2,319 1,818,574
Interest payable	1,233,040	1,707	-	1,818,374
Deposits payable	_	1,707	14,065	14,065
Compensated absences - due within one year	21,996	-	7,289	29,285
Long-term debt - due within one year	-	161,800	· -	161,800
Total current liabilities	1,306,636	727,041	438,674	2,472,351
Noncurrent liabilities:	<u> </u>			
Advances from other funds	-	12,240	-	12,240
Total OPEB liability	-	-	19,094	19,094
Aggregate net pension liability	1,016,682	-	278,808	1,295,490
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	4,948		3,584	8,532
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,021,630	12,240	301,486	1,335,356
Total liabilities	2,328,266	739,281	740,160	3,807,707
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to service concession arrangement	-	16,670	-	16,670
Related to leases	-	-	845,189	845,189
Related to OPEB	15,457	-	787 4 220	787 10.606
Related to pensions		16 670	4,239	19,696
Total deferred inflows of resources NET POSITION	15,457	16,670	850,215	882,342
Net investment in capital assets	8,134,022	1,867,061	11,355,859	21,356,942
Unrestricted (deficit)	(635,478)	(577,481)	523,955	(689,004)
Total net position	\$ 7,498,544	\$ 1,289,580	\$ 11,879,814	\$ 20,667,938

City of Madera Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Non-Major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Local Transit Fund	Golf Course Fund	Airport Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:				_
Charges for services Miscellaneous revenue	\$ 2,994,770 1,856	\$ 84,107	\$ 348,230 136,078	\$ 3,427,107 137,934
Total operating revenues	2,996,626	84,107	484,308	 3,565,041
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Salaries and benefits General and administrative Supplies and miscellaneous Parts and supplies Utilities Depreciation Total operating expenses	 1,119,584 1,900,123 456,412 - 428,319 3,904,438	 64,083	 247,560 311,788 28,680 322,965 18,331 297,676	 1,367,144 2,275,994 485,092 322,965 18,331 725,995 5,195,521
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (907,812)	20,024	(742,692)	(1,630,480)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	 (507,012)	20,021	 (712,072)	 (1,030,100)
Investment income (loss) Property taxes Interest expense	2,691 - -	20 - (11,910)	45,112 96,082 (634)	47,823 96,082 (12,544)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,691	(11,890)	140,560	131,361
(LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(905,121)	8,134	(602,132)	 (1,499,119)
TRANSFERS				
Capital contributions Capital grants Transfers in Transfers out	 13,819 572,961 - (61,704)	298,804	(17,672)	13,819 572,961 298,804 (79,376)
Total transfers	 525,076	 298,804	 (17,672)	806,208
Changes in net position	(380,045)	306,938	(619,804)	(692,911)
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year	 7,878,589	 982,642	 12,499,618	21,360,849
End of year	\$ 7,498,544	\$ 1,289,580	\$ 11,879,814	\$ 20,667,938

City of Madera Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Local Transit Fund	Golf Course Fund	Airport Fund	 Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Receipts from other operating revenues Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	2,115,312 (2,492,105) (618,118) 1,856 (993,055)	\$ 84,125 (64,083) - - 20,042	\$ 350,951 (276,347) (173,562) 136,078 37,120	\$ 2,550,388 (2,832,535) (791,680) 137,934 (935,893)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	(773,033)	 20,012	 37,120	 (755,075)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Property taxes		-	-	96,082	96,082
Advances from other funds		-	(24,480)	-	(24,480)
Due to other funds		977,355	34,458	-	1,011,813
Transfers from other funds		((1.704)	298,804	(17 (72)	298,804
Transfers to other funds		(61,704)	 	 (17,672)	 (79,376)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		915,651	308,782	 78,410	 1,302,843
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Capital grants		572,961	-	-	572,961
Acquisition of capital assets		(498,248)	-	(511,320)	(1,009,568)
Principal payment of long-term debt		-	(316,100)	(315,876)	(631,976)
Interest paid on debt			 (12,744)	 (1,717)	 (14,461)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		74,713	 (328,844)	 (828,913)	 (1,083,044)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Interest from investments		2,691	 20	45,112	 47,823
Net cash provided by investing activities		2,691	 20	45,112	47,823
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		-	-	(668,271)	(668,271)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:					
Beginning of year		_	 	1,760,284	 1,760,284
End of year	\$		\$ 	\$ 1,092,013	\$ 1,092,013

(Continued)

City of Madera Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Non-Major Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Local Transit Fund	Golf Course Fund	Airport Fund	Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO	TEXTS O				
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVI	TIES:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(907,812)	\$ 20,024	\$ (742,692)	\$ (1,630,480)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net					
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation		428,319	-	297,676	725,995
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and					
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:					
Accounts receivable, net		-	-	(12,251)	(12,251)
Intergovernmental receivable		(879,458)	-	22,369	(857,089)
Lease receivable		-	16,646	36,122	52,768
Prepaid items		343	-	(705)	(362)
Deferred outflows - OPEB related		-	-	(1,205)	(1,205)
Deferred outflows - pension related		(250,335)	-	(51,424)	(301,759)
Accounts payable		(135,913)	-	406,122	270,209
Accrued payroll		(12,375)	-	(4,022)	(16,397)
Deposits payable		-	-	(100)	(100)
Compensated absences		(7,418)	-	(98)	(7,516)
Aggregate net pension liability		852,775	-	162,672	1,015,447
Total OPEB liability		-	-	1,436	1,436
Deferred inflows - lease related		-	(16,628)	(43,419)	(60,047)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related		-	-	248	248
Deferred inflows - pension related		(81,181)	 -	 (33,609)	(114,790)
Total adjustments		(85,243)	18	 779,812	 694,587
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(993,055)	\$ 20,042	\$ 37,120	\$ (935,893)

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Internal Service Funds

Fleet Maintenance Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with the maintenance of the City's fleet of vehicles.

Facilities Maintenance Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with the maintenance of the City Hall building and other City buildings.

Technology Fund - This fund is used to account for the costs associated with automation maintenance of the City's various computers, servers and interdepartmental electronic communications.

City of Madera Combining Statement of Net Position All Internal Service Funds June 30, 2023

	Fleet Facilities Maintenance Maintenance		Technology	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net Prepaid items	\$ 3,358,487 7,481	\$ 1,532,333 6,230	\$ 840,577 666 57,675	\$ 5,731,397 14,377 57,675
Total current assets	3,365,968	1,538,563	898,918	5,803,449
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Non-depreciable Depreciable, net	3,026 3,575,159	3,684	395,365	3,026 3,974,208
Total capital assets	3,578,185	3,684	395,365	3,977,234
Total noncurrent assets	3,578,185	3,684	395,365	3,977,234
Total assets	6,944,153	1,542,247	1,294,283	9,780,683
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB Related to pensions Total deferred outflow of resources	27,242 281,693 308,935	36,323 563,181 599,504	18,162 333,088 351,250	81,727 1,177,962 1,259,689
LIABILITIES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Compensated absences - due within one year Long-term debt, due within one year	148,991 18 28,793	82,331 49 85,173	24 28,026 94,498	231,322 91 141,992 94,498
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Total OPEB liability Aggregate net pension liability Compensated absences - due in more than one year Long term debt - due in more than one year	177,802 114,564 959,047 15,216	152,752 1,917,401 34,184	76,376 1,134,027 10,499 96,792	467,903 343,692 4,010,475 59,899 96,792
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,088,827	2,104,337	1,317,694	4,510,858
Total liabilities	1,266,629	2,271,890	1,440,242	4,978,761
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB Related to pensions	4,721 14,581	6,295 29,151	3,148 17,241	14,164 60,973
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,302	35,446	20,389	75,137
NET POSITION				
Investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit) Total net position (deficit)	3,578,185 2,388,972 \$ 5,967,157	3,684 (169,269) \$ (165,585)	395,365 (210,463) \$ 184,902	3,977,234 2,009,240 \$ 5,986,474

City of Madera Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position All Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	M	Fleet laintenance	Facilities Maintenance				Total
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$	1,980,070	\$	2,126,458	\$	1,372,691	\$ 5,479,219
Miscellaneous revenue		28,309		316		218	 28,843
Total operating revenues		2,008,379		2,126,774		1,372,909	 5,508,062
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Salaries and benefits		618,454		1,750,688		965,077	3,334,219
General and administrative		232,659		255,499		415,817	903,975
Supplies and miscellaneous		240,275		85,403		3,823	329,501
Parts and supplies		-		-		157,958	157,958
Utilities		1,053		463,337		11,795	476,185
Amortization		_		-		-	-
Depreciation and amortization	-	566,191		1,263		111,483	 678,937
Total operating expenses		1,658,632		2,556,190		1,665,953	 5,880,775
OPERATING INCOME		349,747		(429,416)		(293,044)	 (372,713)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Interest expense				-		(1,143)	(1,143)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)						(1,143)	(1,143)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		349,747		(429,416)		(294,187)	(373,856)
TRANSFERS:							
Transfers in		57,000		_		_	57,000
Transfers out		(58,036)		(103,742)		(10,299)	(172,077)
Total transfers		(1,036)		(103,742)		(10,299)	(115,077)
Changes in net position		348,711		(533,158)		(304,486)	(488,933)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):							
Beginning of year		5,618,446		367,573		489,388	6,475,407
End of year	\$	5,967,157	\$	(165,585)	\$	184,902	\$ 5,986,474

City of Madera Combining Statement of Cash Flows All Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Fleet Maintenance		M	Facilities Maintenance Technology		 Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Receipts from other operating activities	\$	1,978,297 (381,505) (448,861) 28,309	\$	2,120,497 (825,439) (1,163,997) 316	\$	1,372,025 (628,503) (637,825) 218	\$ 5,470,819 (1,835,447) (2,250,683) 28,843
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,176,240		131,377		105,915	 1,413,532
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Transfers from other funds		57,000		-		-	57,000
Transfers to other funds		(58,036)		(103,742)		(10,299)	(172,077)
Net cash (used in) noncapital financing activities		(1,036)		(103,742)		(10,299)	 (115,077)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Acquisition of capital assets		(310,975)		-		(13,184)	(324,159)
Principal payment of long-term debt		-		-		(97,405)	(97,405)
Interest paid on debt		-		-		(1,143)	 (1,143)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(310,975)				(111,732)	 (422,707)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		864,229		27,635		(16,116)	875,748
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:							
Beginning of year		2,494,258		1,504,698		856,693	4,855,649
End of year	\$	3,358,487	\$	1,532,333	\$	840,577	\$ 5,731,397

(Continued)

City of Madera Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) All Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Fleet Maintenance	Facilities Maintenance	Technology	Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	S:			
Operating income	\$ 349,747	\$ (429,416)	\$ (293,044)	\$ (372,713)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net				
cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	566,191	1,263	111,483	678,937
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and				
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:				
Accounts receivable, net	(1,773)	(5,961)	(666)	(8,400)
Prepaid items	27,329	32	44,291	71,652
Deferred outflows - OPEB related	(7,230)	(9,641)	(4,821)	(21,692)
Deferred outflows -pension related	(151,349)	(377,097)	(235,224)	(763,670)
Accounts payable	65,153	(21,232)	(83,401)	(39,480)
Accrued payroll	(9,344)	(24,728)	(11,499)	(45,571)
Compensated absences	(5,530)	17,001	(17,303)	(5,832)
Aggregate net pension liability	430,993	1,149,131	712,895	2,293,019
Total OPEB liability	8,614	11,486	5,743	25,843
Deferred inflows - OPEB related	1,488	1,985	993	4,466
Deferred inflows - pension related	(98,049)	(181,446)	(123,532)	(403,027)
Total adjustments	826,493	560,793	398,959	1,786,245
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,176,240	\$ 131,377	\$ 105,915	\$ 1,413,532

(Concluded)

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Custodial Funds

The Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City maintains the following custodial funds for the purposes indicated:

General Deposit Fund - This fund is used to account for all money held as deposits on behalf of others.

Community Facilities Districts - This fund is used to account for the collection of assessments from property owners and for the remittance of such assessments to bondholders as required by the Improvement Bond Act of 1915 and related California State statutes for the Community Facilities District No. 2006-1.

City of Madera Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2023

		General	C	ommunity		
		Deposit		Facilities		
		Fund				Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	2,499,300	\$	343,174	\$	2,842,474
Accounts receivable, net		-		1,658		1,658
Prepaid items		-		925		925
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents				48,600		48,600
Total assets		2,499,300		394,357		2,893,657
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	16,259	\$	-	\$	16,259
Due to City		614,305		-		614,305
Total liabilities		630,564				630,564
NET POSITION						
Restricted for:						
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u></u>	1,868,736		394,357		2,263,093
Total net position	\$	1,868,736	\$	394,357	\$	2,263,093

City of Madera Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Deposit Fund	F	ommunity Facilities Districts	Total
ADDITIONS:				
Special assessments for other governments	\$ -	\$	184,968	\$ 184,968
Investment income (loss)	 128,204		3,765	 131,969
Total additions	128,204		188,733	316,937
DEDUCTIONS:				
Administration	-		9,780	9,780
Payments on conduit bonds - principal	-		88,740	88,740
Payments on conduit bonds - interest	 		80,916	80,916
Total deductions	 		179,436	 179,436
Changes in net position	128,204		9,297	137,501
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year	 1,740,532		385,060	 2,125,592
End of year	\$ 1,868,736	\$	394,357	\$ 2,263,093

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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CITY OF MADERA - STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Madera's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

CON	NTENTS	PAGE
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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year

City of Madera Schedule 1 Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years								
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019				
Governmental activities									
Net investment in capital assets,	\$ 173,636,768	\$ 177,369,996	\$ 178,947,614	\$ 160,970,918	\$ 172,189,172				
Restricted	50,277,926	44,524,605	46,349,016	55,679,367	44,311,906				
Unrestricted	16,130,158	1,380,440	(9,774,183)	(10,495,207)	(12,968,431)				
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 240,044,852	\$ 223,275,041	\$ 215,522,447	\$ 206,155,078	\$ 203,532,647				
Business type activities									
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 65,561,102	\$ 65,475,770	\$ 65,967,085	\$ 64,433,636	\$ 61,048,060				
Restricted	2,579,539	1,794,447	963,474	1,166,101	4,940,553				
Unrestricted	43,636,832	41,013,126	33,447,161	26,306,961	17,336,248				
Total business type activities net position	\$ 111,777,473	\$ 108,283,343	\$ 100,377,720	\$ 91,906,698	\$ 83,324,861				
Primary government									
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 239,197,870	\$ 242,845,766	\$ 244,914,699	\$ 225,404,554	\$ 233,237,232				
Restricted	52,857,465	46,319,052	47,312,490	56,845,468	49,252,459				
Unrestricted	59,766,990	42,393,566	23,672,978	15,811,754	4,367,817				
Total primary government net position	\$ 351,822,325	\$ 331,558,384	\$ 315,900,167	\$ 298,061,776	\$ 286,857,508				

City of Madera Schedule 1 Net Position by Component (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years									
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014					
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 176,114,816	\$ 178,119,000	\$ 178,483,617	\$ 182,403,676	\$ 185,644,703					
Restricted	37,033,179	34,863,951	32,193,071	32,671,232	32,451,846					
Unrestricted	(10,128,387)	(9,560,807)	(11,207,039)	(14,435,936)	12,294,870					
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 203,019,608	\$ 203,422,144	\$ 199,469,649	\$ 200,638,972	\$ 230,391,419					
Business type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 58,537,120	\$ 58,792,617	\$ 57,639,498	\$ 58,455,927	\$ 60,056,090					
Restricted	1,125,151	1,076,451	-	-	-					
Unrestricted	15,846,498	13,966,875	17,152,594	15,542,964	19,739,870					
Total business type activities net position	\$ 75,508,769	\$ 73,835,943	\$ 74,792,092	\$ 73,998,891	\$ 79,795,960					
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 234,651,936	\$ 236,911,617	\$ 236,123,115	\$ 240,859,603	\$ 245,700,793					
Restricted	38,158,330	35,940,402	32,193,071	32,671,232	32,451,846					
Unrestricted	5,718,111	4,406,068	5,945,555	1,107,028	32,034,740					
Total primary government net position	\$ 278,528,377	\$ 277,258,087	\$ 274,261,741	\$ 274,637,863	\$ 310,187,379					

City of Madera
Schedule 2
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years									
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	8,709,507	\$	9,503,665	\$	9,700,357	\$	9,574,371	\$	9,703,723
Public protection		19,843,489		21,670,917		18,826,073		20,182,145		18,983,486
Social services		(12,583)		1,061,114		133,639		422,270		330,498
Public ways and facilities		3,690,713		5,320,754		3,741,698		7,369,948		5,478,070
Culture and recreation		4,195,329		5,136,917		5,993,699		4,056,088		4,525,133
Community development		4,670,551		3,158,176		3,509,000		4,654,520		4,492,799
Interest on long-term debt		643,406		671,356		692,894		509,977		210,504
Total governmental activities expenses		41,740,412		46,522,899		42,597,360		46,769,319		43,724,213
Business type activities:										
Water		9,595,209		7,317,498		7,427,430		8,295,137		7,654,315
Sewer		12,320,078		8,737,728		9,216,976		10,038,430		9,924,665
Solid waste		9,379,389		6,146,265		5,758,119		5,875,225		6,056,309
Drainage operations		1,241,082		929,265		943,353		1,110,864		1,149,676
Local transit		3,904,438		3,104,405		2,499,127		2,403,789		2,321,063
Golf course		75,993		85,044		94,635		103,861		120,763
Airport		1,227,634		883,402		787,373		801,043		842,652
Total business type activities expenses		37,743,823		27,203,607		26,727,013		28,628,349		28,069,443
Total primary government expenses	\$	79,484,235	\$	73,726,506	\$	69,324,373	\$	75,397,668	\$	71,793,656
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Program revenues:										
General government	\$	806,808	\$	951,582	\$	1,174,107	\$	242,424	\$	6,223,401
Public protection	Ψ	1,654,817	Ψ	1,583,277	Ψ	1,906,334	Ψ	2,492,680	Ψ	1,498,740
Social services		1,054,017		1,505,277		1,700,334		42,549		45,159
Public ways and facilities		15,013,053		11,479,145		10,910,045		9,246,144		10,385,688
Community development		3,868,158		4,842,711		5,645,305		2,866,097		3,434,002
Culture and recreation		1,225,283		638,302		1,048,539		696,197		941,359
								<u> </u>		
Total governmental activities program revenues		22,568,119		19,495,017		20,684,330		15,586,091		22,528,349
Business type activities:										
Program revenues:										
Water		12,178,109		13,727,980		13,538,219		12,414,215		12,323,836
Sewer		11,734,950		10,921,383		11,352,608		10,797,565		10,352,115
Solid waste		8,288,152		6,096,051		5,890,825		5,982,010		5,890,085
Drainage operations		1,078,836		1,510,375		1,070,277		869,502		938,423
Local transit		3,581,550		2,842,877		2,398,029		5,873,660		4,316,816
Golf course		84,107		74,712		78,053		101,734		95,889
Airport		348,230		442,548		617,608		581,739		579,745
Total business type activities program revenues		37,293,934		35,615,926		34,945,619		36,620,425		34,496,909
Total primary government program revenues	\$	59,862,053	\$	55,110,943	\$	55,629,949	\$	52,206,516	\$	57,025,258
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	(19,172,293)	\$	(27,027,882)	\$	(21,913,030)	\$	(31,183,228)	\$	(21,195,864)
Business type activities	Φ	(449,889)	Ф	8,412,319	Ф	8,218,606	Φ	7,992,076	Φ	6,427,466
• •	<u></u>	•	_		_		Φ.		•	
Total primary government net expense	\$	(19,622,182)	\$	(18,615,563)	\$	(13,694,424)	\$	(23,191,152)	\$	(14,768,398)

City of Madera Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years									
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	8,697,525	\$	7,692,256	\$	8,890,092	\$	11,483,880	\$	11,482,393
Public protection		18,425,675		12,903,321		14,722,091		13,759,629		13,358,929
Social services		346,863		303,015		182,286		331,774		517,537
Public ways and facilities		5,081,612		4,607,237		6,852,731		3,695,605		3,766,236
Culture and recreation		4,744,555		4,421,827		4,451,155		4,335,983		3,814,936
Community development		4,022,163		3,029,515		5,249,438		5,812,948		5,478,644
Interest on long-term debt		74,490		110,856		280,037		258,764		269,845
Total governmental activities expenses		41,392,883		33,068,027		40,627,830		39,678,583		38,688,520
Business type activities:										
Water		9,262,549		10,066,546		5,590,810		5,668,873		4,788,350
Sewer		9,854,304		8,758,885		8,476,744		7,573,475		7,318,263
Solid waste		5,811,095		6,305,944		4,936,291		4,675,782		4,326,840
Drainage operations		887,698		956,287		1,024,498		900,903		933,506
Local transit		2,166,293		2,184,533		2,051,814		1,996,563		1,827,194
Golf course		199,012		115,882		74,596		122,102		66,651
Airport		1,163,134		893,106		852,560		871,796		687,228
Total business type activities expenses		29,344,085		29,281,183		23,007,313		21,809,494		19,948,032
Total primary government expenses	\$	70,736,968	\$	62,349,210	\$	63,635,143	\$	61,488,077	\$	58,636,552
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Program revenues:										
General government	\$	5,727,717	\$	5,526,628	\$	6,996,758	\$	8,763,455	\$	7,894,884
Public protection	Ψ	1,268,539	Ψ	1,160,181	Ψ	1,414,790	Ψ	1,558,094	Ψ	1,820,803
Social services		87,568		82,637		69,314		80,730		111,223
Public ways and facilities		6,320,845		7,164,876		7,865,237		7,432,036		14,609,971
Community development		2,831,560		3,085,754		3,833,881		5,481,186		9,596,690
Culture and recreation		837,220		934,173		1,529,999		996,481		836,826
Total governmental activities program revenues		17,073,449		17,954,249		21,709,979		24,311,982		34,870,397
Business type activities:										
Program revenues:		11 022 055		0.000.000		5 212 514		5 (1 (0 (0		5 550 100
Water		11,932,955		9,232,389		7,312,514		5,616,869		5,759,100
Sewer		8,791,285		8,108,977		7,469,167		6,474,652		6,275,667
Solid waste		5,872,152		5,889,675		5,695,241		5,697,468		5,550,361
Drainage operations		692,227		706,793		955,602		686,328		793,149
Local transit		2,263,648		2,297,400		2,811,840		1,870,304		2,191,542
Golf course		100,469		93,797		96,542		117,562		122,494
Airport		1,038,032		1,810,619		551,005		647,283		1,341,754
Total business type activities program revenues		30,690,768		28,139,650		24,891,911		21,110,466		22,034,067
Total primary government program revenues	\$	47,764,217	\$	46,093,899	\$	46,601,890	\$	45,422,448	\$	56,904,464
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	(24,319,434)	\$	(15,113,778)	\$	(18,917,851)	\$	(15,366,601)	\$	(3,818,123)
Business type activities		1,346,683		(1,141,533)		1,884,598		(699,028)		2,086,035
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City of Madera Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years									
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019
General Revenues and										
Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$	13,505,386	\$	12,134,288	\$	11,020,353	\$	11,045,364	\$	4,332,639
Sales and use taxes		19,291,534		19,440,017		16,894,337		15,227,811		13,399,196
Franchises taxes		841,540		763,276		721,028		688,563		649,666
Other taxes		2,281,598		2,462,689		1,813,979		2,019,087		1,964,472
Investment income (loss)		959,461		(1,475,300)		(97,360)		1,247,564		1,910,967
Miscellaneous		980,194		934,376		317,971		1,205,394		829,050
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-		-		35,469		(42,920)		43,791
Transfers		(1,917,609)		521,130		574,622		352,225		275,116
Special items - Transfers of assets		_				_		2,062,571		
Total governmental activities		35,942,104		34,780,476		31,280,399		33,805,659		23,404,897
Business type activities:										
Property taxes		258,727		247,624		237,264		228,943		209,374
Investment income (loss)		679,254		(913,654)		340,816		548,322		407,450
Miscellaneous		1,035,824		680,464		113,658		78,165		76,531
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		52,605		-		135,300		86,556		-
Transfers		1,917,609		(521,130)		(574,622)		(352,225)		(275,116)
Total business type activities		3,944,019		(506,696)		252,416		589,761		418,239
Total primary government	\$	39,886,123	\$	34,273,780	\$	31,532,815	\$	34,395,420	\$	23,823,136
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$	16,769,811	\$	7,752,594	\$	9,367,369	\$	2,622,431	\$	2,209,033
Business type activities	3,494,130			7,905,623				8,581,837		6,845,705
Total primary government	\$	20,263,941	\$	15,658,217	\$	17,838,391	\$	11,204,268	\$	9,054,738

City of Madera Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years									
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
General Revenues and										
Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$	3,824,185	\$	4,040,067	\$	3,571,669	\$	2,837,432	\$	2,943,796
Sales and use taxes		12,923,918		9,112,909		6,506,004		5,638,847		5,472,283
Transient occupancy taxes		666,238		649,415		678,438		612,474		591,116
Other taxes		1,707,452		1,694,786		2,172,574		2,035,238		1,821,326
Investment earnings		265,581		203,973		603,795		309,988		795,691
Miscellaneous		1,147,727		343,287		580,398		577,213		1,071,486
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-		31,374		16,304		26,983		75,607
Transfers		374,407		172,913		1,718,751		1,065,193		2,538,648
Special items - Transfers of assets										
Total governmental activities		20,909,508		16,248,724		15,847,933		13,103,368		15,309,953
Business type activities:										
Other taxes		182,390		171,878		58,333		70,353		61,049
Investment earnings		68,049		120,594		210,257		262,948		19,076
Miscellaneous		3,956		26,004		34,976		28,170		25,478
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		12,990		39,821		4,250		14,476		(11,968)
Transfers		(372,671)		(172,913)		(1,718,751)		(1,065,193)		(2,538,648)
Total business type activities		(105,286)		185,384		(1,410,935)		(689,246)		(2,445,013)
Total primary government	\$	20,804,222	\$	16,434,108	\$	14,436,998	\$	12,414,122	\$	12,864,940
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$	(3,409,926)	\$	1,134,946	\$	(3,069,918)	\$	(2,263,233)	\$	11,491,830
Business type activities		1,241,397		(956,149)		473,663		(1,388,274)		(358,978)
Total primary government	\$	(2,168,529)	\$	178,797	\$	(2,596,255)	\$	(3,651,507)	\$	11,132,852

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years								
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019				
General Fund									
Nonspendable	\$ 141,842	\$ 149,510	\$ 139,843	\$ 249,637	\$ 202,901				
Restricted	2,365,453	-	-	401,700	4,934,403				
Committed	15,130,431	10,903,504	11,194,964	10,292,405	10,483,246				
Assigned	15,797,488	16,614,848	13,906,278	6,763,704	5,528,814				
Unassigned	12,291,870	10,908,284	5,482,689	7,398,714	3,049,282				
Total General Fund	45,727,084	38,576,146	30,723,774	25,106,160	24,198,646				
All other Governmental Funds									
Nonspendable	13,131	-	4,010	3,815	27				
Restricted	50,277,926	43,876,531	45,692,871	55,277,667	39,377,503				
Committed	-	-	-	-	-				
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-				
Unassigned	(1,927,931)	(1,300,623)	(1,460,591)	(959,555)					
Total all other Governmental Fund	48,363,126	42,575,908	44,236,290	54,321,927	39,377,530				
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 94,090,210	\$ 81,152,054	\$ 74,960,064	\$ 79,428,087	\$ 63,576,176				

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years								
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014				
General Fund									
Nonspendable	\$ 601,522	\$ 272,102	\$ 368,959	\$ 258,252	\$ 282,184				
Restricted	-	-	-	646,823	87,453				
Committed	11,574,005	-	-	-	-				
Assigned	1,199,518	1,199,518	1,199,518	727,159	1,199,518				
Unassigned	4,673,303	13,968,482	12,879,473	12,326,175	11,280,658				
Total General Fund	18,048,348	15,440,102	14,447,950	13,958,409	12,849,813				
All other Governmental Funds									
Nonspendable	42	-	8,547,157	-	-				
Restricted	35,986,212	33,857,600	23,974,874	32,277,375	32,615,786				
Committed	-		-	-	-				
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-				
Unassigned		- <u>-</u>	(231,803)	(221,039)	42,897				
Total all other Governmental Fund	35,986,254	33,857,600	32,290,228	32,056,336	32,658,683				
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 54,034,602	\$ 49,297,702	\$ 46,738,178	\$ 46,014,745	\$ 45,508,496				

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years									
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	5,773,982	\$	4,971,690	\$	4,331,022	\$	4,613,254	\$	4,332,639
Sales and use taxes		19,291,534		19,440,017		16,894,337		15,227,811		13,399,196
Other taxes		2,470,829		2,644,500		1,921,747		2,114,190		2,081,211
Use of money and property		1,052,683		(689,229)		323,569		1,378,494		2,078,944
Franchises		841,540		763,276		721,028		688,563		649,666
Licenses, permits and fees		1,502,455		1,174,652		1,555,955		1,106,424		1,322,830
Fines		468,972		436,032		452,319		494,823		591,298
Intergovernmental		19,995,869		17,976,535		17,641,730		13,620,058		16,380,444
Charges for services		5,588,835		4,995,341		5,118,683		4,091,909		3,322,989
Other revenue		1,412,845		1,212,449		578,896		1,235,377		1,048,977
Total revenues		58,399,544		52,925,263		49,539,286		44,570,903		45,208,194
Expenditures										
General government		3,874,775		4,301,922		3,628,480		2,691,729		3,075,710
Public protection		21,617,953		20,383,663		19,854,358		18,393,027		17,196,886
Social services		181,934		45,991		131,881		198,360		192,633
Public ways and facilities		3,800,991		6,072,097		3,319,019		5,957,037		4,233,896
Community development		5,178,403		4,548,230		5,839,428		3,130,348		3,429,815
Culture and recreation		4,687,240		3,237,150		2,796,274		3,300,189		4,006,826
Capital outlay		2,621,252		6,955,986		18,538,217		13,834,273		6,802,125
Debt service:										
Principal		1,074,909		1,034,200		401,700		559,403		633,222
Interest		678,464		709,092		730,344		351,820		52,341
Total expenditures		43,715,921		47,288,331		55,239,701		48,416,186		39,623,454
Culture and recreation										
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		14,683,623		5,636,932		(5,700,415)		(3,845,283)		5,584,740
Other financing sources (uses)										
Proceeds from sale of property		33,429		400		513,267		679,580		46,518
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		-		-		-		19,432,000		4,005,000
Premium on bond issuance		-		-		-		-		648,613
Cost of issuance		23,636		-		-		(84,752)		(153,613)
Transfers in		4,304,318		3,350,930		5,103,755		15,443,432		2,768,183
Transfers out		(6,106,850)		(2,796,272)		(4,384,630)		(15,773,066)		(2,992,087)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,745,467)		555,058		1,232,392		19,697,194		4,322,614
Net change in fund balances	\$	12,938,156	\$	6,191,990	\$	(4,468,023)	\$	15,851,911	\$	9,907,354
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital										
expenditures		4.3%		4.3%		3.1%		2.6%		2.1%

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years									
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014					
Revenues	-	_	-							
Taxes	\$ 3,825,921	\$ 4,054,503	\$ 3,115,740	\$ 3,087,520	\$ 2,869,599					
Sales and used taxes	13,262,908	8,741,373	6,506,004	5,638,847	5,539,847					
Other taxes	1,707,452	1,698,487	2,141,433	2,041,961	1,842,002					
Use of money and property	392,428	358,735	767,778	463,853	961,315					
Franchises	666,238	649,415	678,438	612,474	591,116					
Licenses, permits and fees	1,049,103	701,825	646,800	595,255	395,730					
Fines	588,584	750,388	935,358	985,169	874,861					
Intergovernmental	11,781,034	12,654,660	16,326,841	15,934,329	28,437,678					
Charges for services	3,457,257		3,240,452	6,041,361	5,775,536					
Other revenue	924,918		437,305	908,991	1,453,736					
Total revenues	37,655,843	33,739,534	34,796,149	36,309,760	48,741,420					
Expenditures										
General government	2,106,580	1,796,055	2,959,739	5,123,445	4,797,564					
Public protection	16,932,579	14,934,669	14,621,471	13,616,969	13,177,569					
Social services	309,121	405,251	357,699	330,062	510,579					
Public ways and facilities	3,476,106	3,101,070	3,834,908	2,532,178	3,012,275					
Community development	3,800,416	3,831,163	3,392,870	3,425,208	2,814,466					
Culture and recreation	3,598,837	3,106,938	5,219,577	5,380,767	4,681,217					
Capital outlay	2,519,381	3,143,357	7,073,119	5,255,764	10,925,198					
Debt service:										
Principal	1,452,775	568,464	977,512	425,970	415,920					
Interest	75,660	113,860	266,431	259,255	270,255					
Total expenditures	34,271,455	31,000,827	38,703,326	36,349,618	40,605,043					
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	3,384,388	2,738,707	(3,907,177)	(39,858)	8,136,377					
Other financing sources (uses)										
Proceeds from sale of property	41,691	37,027	9,969	_	_					
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	895,900		· -	_	_					
Premium on bond issuance			1,540,065	157,755	_					
Cost of issuance			-	· -	_					
Transfers in	5,005,541	4,504,230	7,289,955	5,557,426	6,338,959					
Transfers out	(5,284,157			(5,111,740)	(4,357,470)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	658,975	(271,588)	2,730,016	603,441	1,981,489					
Net change in fund balances	\$ 4,043,363	\$ 2,467,119	\$ (1,177,161)	\$ 563,583	\$ 10,117,866					
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures	4.89	% 2.4%	3.9%	2.2%	2.3%					

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Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Sources of]	Business]	Franchise		Property		Sales		Transient		Gas		
Tax Revenues]	Licenses		Fees		Tax		Tax ¹		Occupancy		Tax	_	TOTAL
2022-2023	\$	567,304	\$	1,052,683	\$	5,773,982	\$	19,291,534	\$	1,105,972	\$	2,910,090	\$	30,701,565
2021-2022	*	566,564	•	763,276	*	4,971,690	•	19,440,017	_	1,149,939	•	2,807,345	-	29,698,831
2020-2021		291,109		721,028		4,331,022		16,894,337		886,017		2,563,059		25,686,572
2019-2020		578,040		688,563		4,613,254		15,227,811		804,286		2,578,121		24,490,075
2018-2019		442,443		649,666		4,332,639		13,399,196		903,124		2,397,464		22,124,532
2017-2018		447,059		666,238		3,824,186		12,934,817		-		1,607,173		19,479,473
2016-2017		426,375		649,415		3,696,995		8,741,373		-		1,145,897		14,660,055
2015-2016		416,806		678,438		3,115,740		6,506,004		-		1,290,623		12,007,611
2014-2015		408,728		612,474		3,087,520		5,638,847		-		-		9,747,569
2013-2014		392,946		591,116		2,869,599		5,539,847		-		4,007,477		13,400,985

NOTES:

¹⁾ The City passed "Measure T" allowing an additional increase of 0.50% in the local sales tax rate. This local measure became effective on April 1, 2007 and ends on March 31, 2027. In addition, the City passed "Measure K", an additional 0.50% sales tax increase specifically for public safety in November 2016 with no sunset date.

City of Madera Schedule 6 Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Years		
CATEGORY	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Residential	\$ 2,760,446,564	\$ 2,496,189,868	\$ 2,335,164,803	\$ 2,201,293,176	\$ 2,035,513,239
Commercial	520,965,786	498,301,393	483,155,413	443,426,571	429,900,137
Industrial	186,944,825	169,861,323	174,322,830	178,171,356	179,040,074
Agriculture	15,017,779	14,056,096	13,017,642	13,457,474	12,920,915
Dry Farm	16,137,016	15,746,916	15,306,770	15,019,028	15,391,780
Government	-	-	2,036,417	2,054,539	-
Institutional	1,426,383	1,603,250	1,920,464	1,282,549	1,674,829
Irrigated	1,732,408	1,697,771	1,680,888	1,635,256	1,603,053
Cross Reference	39,530,686	38,833,078	40,913,367	37,692,391	39,817,937
Vacant Land	212,580,116	207,422,925	196,572,803	183,027,173	219,593,087
SBE Non-Unitary	590,440	548,402	548,402	625,460	625,460
Unsecured	306,329,667	305,755,769	307,490,035	287,932,288	280,734,337
Unknown	653,585	643,408	638,191	628,316	1,236,714
TOTALS	4,062,355,255	3,750,660,199	3,572,768,025	3,366,245,577	3,218,051,562
Total Direct Rate	0.13287	0.12699	0.13147	0.13198	0.13281

NOTES:

Exempt values are not included in Total

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed as a result of new construction activity or at the time it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property is reassessed based upon the added value of the construction or at the purchase price (market value) or economic value of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: HdL Coren Cone 198

^{*} Beginning in 2013/14 the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. For the purposes of this report, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City in the same proportions as General Fund revenue.

City of Madera Schedule 6 Assessed Value of Taxable Property (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Years							
CATEGORY	2017	2017	2016	2015	2014*			
Residential	\$ 1,824,835,555	\$ 1,824,835,555	\$ 1,739,590,175	\$ 1,629,686,371	\$ 1,518,325,305			
Commercial	403,687,826	403,687,826	386,226,705	376,032,631	366,862,480			
Industrial	166,063,864	166,063,864	178,416,598	170,784,960	164,018,245			
Agriculture	5,275,944	5,275,944	5,153,044	5,042,110	4,791,797			
Dry Farm	13,830,501	13,830,501	11,764,375	12,516,645	12,649,078			
Government	5,950	5,950	5,861	5,747	5,722			
Institutional	1,295,250	1,295,250	1,558,852	1,348,373	1,242,996			
Irrigated	1,566,070	1,566,070	1,541,526	1,510,496	1,502,446			
Cross Reference	35,511,414	35,511,414	34,716,877	28,515,201	23,735,117			
Vacant Land	166,553,864	166,553,864	155,926,515	153,947,112	158,636,497			
SBE Non-Unitary	743,768	743,768	743,768	743,768	743,768			
Unsecured	221,973,452	221,973,452	201,164,923	200,566,825	191,093,988			
Unknown	4,025,707	4,025,707	3,939,930	3,939,713	3,540,012			
TOTALS	2,845,369,165	2,845,369,165	2,720,749,149	2,584,639,952	2,447,147,451			
Total Direct Rate	0.13243	0.13243	0.13255	0.1328	0.13242			

NOTES:

Exempt values are not included in Total

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed as a result of new construction activity or at the time it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property is reassessed based upon the added value of the construction or at the purchase price (market value) or economic value of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: HdL Coren Cone 199

^{*} Beginning in 2013/14 the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. For the purposes of this report, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City in the same proportions as General Fund revenue.

City of Madera Schedule 7 Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the

				Fiscal Year				Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year		Amount		Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years 1		Amount		Percentage of Levy
2023	\$	4,337,253	\$	4,090,897	94.32%	\$	9,509	\$	4,100,406	94.54%
2022		3,804,550		3,763,833	98.93%		5,281		3,769,114	99.07%
2021		3,591,118		3,582,748	99.77%		-		3,582,748	99.77%
2020		3,409,931		3,394,991	99.56%		4,184		3,399,175	99.68%
2019		3,229,350		3,127,793	96.86%		23,314		3,151,107	97.58%
2018		3,128,370		3,093,867	98.90%		1,000		3,094,867	98.93%
2017		2,933,663		2,917,792	99.46%		(10,357)		2,907,435	99.11%
2016		N/A		N/A	0.00%		-		-	0.00%
2015		N/A		N/A	0.00%		-		-	0.00%
2014		N/A		N/A	0.00%		-		-	0.00%

NOTES:

1) Delinquent tax collections are recorded in the current levy year and the County does not give the detail as to the levy year for delinquent tax collections. Delinquent tax collections do not include interest and penalties.

N/A - Information not available

City of Madera Schedule 8 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	City of Madera	Madera Unified School District	State Center Community College	County-wide	Total	
2023	0.0%	11.4%	2.8%	100.0%	114.3%	
2022	0.0%	12.5%	1.8%	100.0%	114.3%	
2021	0.0%	12.5%	1.8%	100.0%	114.3%	
2020	0.0%	16.5%	2.6%	100.0%	119.1%	
2019	0.0%	9.7%	2.3%	100.0%	112.0%	
2018	0.0%	10.3%	2.6%	100.0%	112.9%	
2017	0.0%	11.4%	0.8%	100.0%	112.2%	
2016	0.0%	12.8%	0.8%	100.0%	113.6%	
2015	0.0%	7.3%	0.9%	100.0%	108.2%	
2014	0.0%	7.9%	1.0%	100.0%	108.8%	

Note: The basis for the tax rates is \$100 per assessed valuation. Only 1% of the value is taxed.

Source: Madera County Auditor-Controller Tax Rate Book

City of Madera Schedule 9 Top Ten Principal Property Taxpayers Fiscal Year 2023 and Ten Years Prior

	2022-2023			2013-2014				
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Rank		Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	Rank		Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>
John Hancock Life Insurance Co.	1	\$	48,146,582	1.17%				
Severn Peanut Company, Inc.	2	\$	24,123,962	0.58%				
David L and Partrica R Berry	3		23,638,496	0.57%	1		23,286,493	0.95%
Evapco, Inc.	4		21,242,462	0.51%				
Sealed Air Corporation	5		20,900,085	0.51%	3		17,751,837	0.72%
Newman Development Group of Madera	6		19,532,017	0.47%	6		15,722,442	0.64%
The Almond Company	7		19,284,010	0.47%				
Crossroads Madera	8		19,137,479	0.46%				
801 N Granada Drive LLC	9		18,985,200	0.46%				
OldCastle Precast Inc	10		17,900,162	0.43%	2		20,859,668	0.85%
Lowes HIW Inc					4		17,725,468	0.72%
Advanced Drainage System					5		16,660,960	0.68%
Berry & Berry, Inc.					7		13,836,594	0.56%
Airport Drive Investment, LLC.					8		13,658,009	0.56%
Eurodrip USA, Inc.					9		13,643,632	0.55%
Color Box, LLC.					10		13,451,501	0.55%
Top Ten Totals		\$	232,890,455	5.64%		\$	166,596,604	6.77%
CITY TOTALS		\$ 4	4,130,257,128			\$	2,459,841,087	

Source: HdL Coren Cone 202

City of Madera Schedule 10 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Redevelopment Bonds b	Special Assessment Bonds	Loans Payable	Finance Purchase	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income a	Per Capita ^a	
2023	\$ -	\$ 30,140,000	\$ -	\$ 299,	300 \$ 17,834,000	\$ 48,273,800	3.57%	\$ 737	
2022	-	31,580,000	-	414,	200 18,644,000	50,638,200	4.24%	769	
2021	-	32,970,000	-	525,	19,432,000	52,927,400	4.43%	804	
2020	-	34,295,000	-	633,	500 19,595,500	54,524,100	4.71%	824	
2019	-	39,862,859	-	738,	900 492,602	41,094,361	3.84%	628	
2018	-	43,765,850	-	863,	1,023,325	45,652,729	4.59%	687	
2017	-	45,039,358	-	60,	2,425,766	47,525,212	4.95%	718	
2016	-	46,207,821	2,683,119	98,	3,002,145	51,991,107	5.67%	787	
2015	-	47,346,304	2,722,525	661,	1,874,496	52,604,377	5.82%	803	
2014	-	48,439,787	2,756,931	842,	1,964,615	54,003,424	6.03%	857	

NOTES:

- a) See Schedule 15 (Demographic and Economic Statistics) for personal income and population data
- b) As of February 1, 2012 all redevelopment agencies in California ceased to exist per ABX1 26. The Madera Redevelopment Agencies' obligations were transferred to the Successor Agency.

City of Madera Schedule 11 Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	General		Special		Percentage of Taxable		
Fiscal	Obligation	Redevelopment	nent Assessment		Assessed		Per
Year	Bonds	Bonds ^c	Bonds	Total	Property Values ^a	Capita ^b	
2023	-	30,140,000	-	30,140,000	0.74%	\$	460
2022	-	31,580,000	-	31,580,000	0.84%	\$	480
2021	-	32,970,000	-	32,970,000	0.92%	\$	501
2020	-	34,295,000	-	34,295,000	0.91%	\$	518
2019	-	39,862,859	-	39,862,859	1.18%	\$	609
2018	-	43,794,788	-	43,794,788	1.36%	\$	659
2017	-	45,039,358	-	45,039,358	1.51%	\$	680
2016	-	46,231,429	2,683,119	48,914,548	1.72%	\$	740
2015	-	47,379,250	2,722,525	50,101,775	1.84%	\$	765
2014	-	48,459,969	2,756,931	51,216,900	1.98%	\$	813

NOTES:

- a) Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property provided by HdL, Coren & Cone provided data
- b) Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data Schedule 15
- c) As of February 1, 2012 all redevelopment agencies in California ceased to exist per ABX1 26. The Madera Redevelopment Agencies' obligations were transferred to the Successor Agency.

City of Madera

Schedule 12

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2023

2022-23 Assessed Valuation: \$4,062,355,255

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	Debt Outstanding 6/30/2023	% Applicable 1		City's Share of ebt as of 6/30/23
State Center Community College District Madera Unified School District	\$ 394,910,000 155,719,922	3.768% 51.298%	\$ \$	14,880,209 79,881,206
City of Madera Community Facilities District No. 2006-1 TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	2,068,320	100.000%	\$	2,068,320 96,829,733
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT:				
Madera County General Fund Obligations	69,728,679	22.324%	\$	15,566,230
Madera County Board of Education General Fund Obligations Madera Unified School District Continuous of Portionation	18,898,549	22.324% 51.298%		4,218,912
Madera Unified School District Certificates of Participation City of Madera General Fund Obligations Direct Debt	82,970,000 21,765,600	100.000%		42,561,951 21,765,600
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT			\$	84,112,694
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	\$ 30,140,000	98.851%	\$	29,793,691
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT			\$	21,765,600
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$	188,970,519
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$	210,736,119

NOTES:

- (1) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city.
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

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City of Madera Schedule 13

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation	FY 2023	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2019
Assessed value	\$ 4,130,257,128	\$ 3,750,660,199	\$ 3,750,525,788	\$ 3,572,633,614	\$ 3,366,111,166
Debt limit (15% of assessed value)	619,538,569	562,599,030	562,578,868	535,895,042	504,916,675
Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general	-	-	-	-	-
obligation debt					
Total net debt applicable to limit					
Legal Debt Margin	619,538,569	562,599,030	562,578,868	535,895,042	504,916,675
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

NOTES:

Under State Finance Law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15% of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

City of Madera Schedule 13

Legal Debt Margin Information (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation Assessed value	FY 2018 \$ 3,214,555,536	FY 2017 \$ 2,984,863,745	FY 2016 \$ 2,843,541,362	FY 2015 \$ 2,717,869,926	FY 2014 \$ 2,580,951,334
Debt limit (15% of assessed value)	482,183,330	447,729,562	426,531,204	407,680,489	387,142,700
Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general	-	-	-	-	-
obligation debt					
Total net debt applicable to limit					
Legal Debt Margin	482,183,330	447,729,562	426,531,204	407,680,489	387,142,700
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

NOTES:

Under State Finance Law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15% of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

City of Madera Schedule 14 Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Gross Revenues			Net Revenue Available for Debt Service		Debt	Service		
Year						Principal		Interest	Coverage
2023	\$	25,365,131	\$	15,129,771	\$	1,295,000	\$	859,510	7.0
2022		24,441,447		12,898,231		1,250,000		905,760	5.9
2021		23,085,235		11,537,418		1,200,000		950,160	5.3
2020		23,244,181		10,309,898		1,155,000		992,895	4.8
2019		21,434,207		6,380,941		1,120,000		1,034,335	2.9
2018		20,664,801		4,378,989		1,075,000		1,074,110	2.0
2017		17,181,561		1,139,743		1,040,000		1,112,590	0.5
2016		14,673,722		3,883,912		70,000		275,697	11.2
2015		-		-		-		-	-
2014		-		-		-		-	-

2019 Water Refunding Bonds

Fiscal	Net Revenue Gross Available for			Debt S			
Year	 Revenues		Debt Service	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2023	\$ 13,244,985	\$	8,306,127	\$ 435,546	\$	203,439	13.00
2022	13,465,525		7,402,503	418,148		214,592	11.70
2021	12,511,993		6,379,309	409,781		225,466	10.04
2020	12,428,666		6,697,361	374,080		40,336	16
2019	-		-	-		-	-
2018	-		-	-		-	-
2017	-		-	-		-	-
2016	-		-	-		-	-
2015	-		-	-		-	-
2014	-		-	-		-	-

City of Madera Schedule 14 Pledged Revenue Coverage (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Wastewater	Loans Pa	yable			
Fiscal		Gross		let Revenue vailable for		Debt S	Service		
Year	Revenues		Debt Service		Principal		Interest		Coverage
2023	\$	12,120,146	\$	6,823,644	\$	379,000	\$	142,037	13.1
2022		10,792,230		5,495,728		372,000		150,626	10.5
2021			5,158,109			331,996		196,593	9.7
2020	10,823,426		4,645,738			322,295		206,439	8.7
2019	9,776,777		986,633			312,877		215,998	1.8
2018		8,788,389		266,204		303,735		225,278	0.3
2017		8,042,174		613,008		294,860		234,287	1.3
2016		7,407,933		788,484		286,244		243,032	1.4
2015		5,621,814		984,022		277,879		251,522	1.8
2014		6,199,330		491,670		269,760	0	259,764 0	0.9
			Succe	essor Agency 201	8 Tax Al	location Bonds			
·	·	Special	N	let Revenue		·	·		·
Fiscal		Assessment	A	vailable for		Debt S	Service		
Year		Collections	D	ebt Service	P	rincipal		Interest	Coverage

Fiscal	A	Special Assessment		et Revenue vailable for	Debt S	Service				
Year		Collections	Debt Service		Principal		Interest	Coverage		
2023	\$	3,049,112	\$	2,799,122	\$ 1,440,000	\$	1,403,216	0.98		
2022		2,871,594		2,621,594	1,390,000		1,461,510	0.92		
2021		3,375,855		3,056,710	1,325,000		1,516,309	1.08		
2020		2,790,658		598,095	1,215,000		1,563,337	0.22		
2019		3,343,667		2,227,379	1,215,000		1,777,468	0.74		
2018		3,686,763		2,917,577	1,295,000		2,269,784	0.82		
2017		3,879,515		2,780,354	1,250,000		2,323,983	0.78		
2016		1,951,305		209,883	1,190,000		2,374,693	0.06		
2015		6,218,663		5,727,877	1,140,000		2,427,021	1.61		
2014		724,744		444,534	1,095,000	0	2,474,236 0	0.12		

City of Madera Schedule 15 Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Population (1)	Personal Income	Personal Per Capita Income (1)	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2022	65,540	\$ 1,352,811,140	\$ 20,641	32,161	6.6%
2021	65,843	1,194,391,000	18,139	31,494	9.1%
2020	66,172	1,158,300,000	17,504	32,144	10.9%
2019	65,415	1,069,038,000	16,342	31,925	7.8%
2018	66,419	994,407,000	14,971	31,728	7.7%
2017	66,225	959,263,000	14,484	31,468	7.3%
2016	66,082	917,664,000	13,886	31,077	7.9%
2015	65,474	904,576,000	13,815	30,865	9.1%
2014	63,008	894,966,000	14,204	30,861	9.6%
2013	63,008	895,029,000	14,205	30,478	16.0%

NOTES:

Data provided by HdL, Coren & Cone

Source: MuniServices, LLC

www.cde.ca.gov

¹ Demographic data has a lag because of time to tabulate, 2023 data not available at this time.

City of Madera Schedule 16

Principal Employers Fiscal Year 2023 and Ten Years Prior

	2022-20	023				2013-20)14
			Percentage				Percentage
			of Total City				of Total City
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank	Employment	<u>Employer</u>	$\underline{Employees}$	Rank	<u>Employment</u>
Madera Unified School District	3500	1	7.94%	Madera Unified School District	2139	2	6.22%
State of California	2600	2	5.90%			_	V
County of Madera	1516	3	3.44%	County of Madera	1188	3	3.45%
Wal Mart	350	4	0.79%				
City of Madera	310	5	0.70%	City of Madera	310	7	0.90%
US Government	300	6	0.68%				
Camarena Health	249	7	0.57%				
Community Action Partnership of Madera Co	235	8	0.53%				
Home Depot	170	9	0.39%				
JBT Food Tech	165	10	0.37%	JBT Food Tech	143	8	0.42%
			'	Valley Children's Healthcare	2500	1	7.27%
				Madera Community Hospital	936	4	2.72%
				Constellation Wines	400	5	1.16%
				Ardagh Group	350	6	1.02%
				Evapco West	140	9	0.41%
				Georgia Pacific Corp	125	10	0.36%
	9395		4.04%		8231		12.99%
				•			
Total City 1	Employment		44,063				34,400

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Source: 2022-23 data based on City of Madera 2023-24 Budget Source: California Employment Department or employer provided

(-) No data available.

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City of Madera
Schedule 17
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years (As of June 30)

					Fiscal	Years				
FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Government										
City Attorney	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	2
City Council	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
City Manager	2.7	3.7	2.7	2.7	1.7	1.95	2.7	0.7	0.7	1
City Clerk	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Finance	27.6	24.9	27.7	24.89	24.73	23.73	24.5	24.03	24.45	25.48
Information Technology	4	4	4.2	4.17	4.25	4	4	4	4	4
Human Resources	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Community Development	10.64 1	10.8 1	14.9	18.97	19.59	21.46	21.86	22.13	21.38	21.27
Planning Commissioners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Public Safety										
Police Officers-Sworn	76	71	71	70.3	70.01	69.84	60	57.25	57	57
Other Full-Time Employees	32	24	24	24	23.48	23.48	20	20	20	20
Public Works										
Engineering	19.44	19.9	17.9	13.63	14.67	11.21	11.69	11.85	10.74	10.61
Maintenance	28.22	24.7	17.5	34.45	27.33	28.88	29.57	30.97	30.71	34.78
Transit Services	4.75	5.3	1.7	2.7	3.08	3.08	3.38	3.38	2.98	2.98
Airport	1.88	1.9	1.9	2.86	2.88	2.98	2.46	2.46	2.36	2.58
Solid Waste Disposal	7.26	0.7	0.7	1	6.48	8.88	9.02	7.77	6.69	3.38
Storm Drainage	4.69	4.8	4.1	5.45	5.74	4.54	5.19	4.89	5.89	5.45
Waster	20.54	15.1	18.4	22.34	23.08	25.18	20.66	18.66	16.81	14.74
Wastewater/Sewer	18.82	19.7	25.1	24.66	26.29	26.62	20.32	20.07	19.04	17.59
Waste Disposal Recycling	0	0	0	0	1	1.3	1.35	1.3	1.2	0
Successor Agency/RDA	0.5	0.5	0.5	1	1.8	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.59	2.62
Culture & Recreation	53.81	49.1	37.4	47.64	51.42	56.05	61.12	60.9	53.01	45.67
Total	325.85	293.1	282.7	313.76	322.53	330.48	315.12	307.66	294.55	284.15

City of Madera Schedule 18 Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (As of June 30)

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	Fiscal Years							
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019			
Police								
Physical Arrests	2,317	2,653	1,789	1,829	2,381			
Parking Violations	401	541	1,432	2,189	1,417			
Traffic Violations	1,854	2,676	2,206	3,385	5,141			
Community Development								
Building Permits Issued	3,534	3,010	2,236	1,797	2,202			
Building Inspections Performed	17,324	20,369	12,003	12,003	13,322			
Planning Permits Issued	367	270	200	153	196			
Public Services								
Street Resurfacing (miles)	18	11	16	3	5			
Street Light Replacement	203	186	115	86	64			
Potholes Filled	1,936	4,836	2,864	2,012	2,341			
Waste Water Average Daily								
Treatment (millions of gallons)	5	5	5	5	5			
Transit Route (Service) Miles	283,815	238,887	258,599	317,504	352,476			
Transit Passenger Count	84,567	52,164	54,683	95,326	108,535			
Parks & Recreation								
Sports Field Participation	775	1,603	360	1,802	1,701			
Community Center/Gym/Pool Participation	24,222	14,170	24,728	31,779	38,271			
Other Participation	19,629	10,152	86,364	124,062	133,186			

NOTES:

N/A - Information not available

City of Madera Schedule 18 Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (As of June 30) (Continued)

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	Fiscal Years							
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014			
Police								
Physical Arrests	1,585	1,014	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Parking Violations	953	777	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Traffic Violations	1,824	2,801	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Community Development								
Building Permits Issued	2,390	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Building Inspections Performed	16,106	15,186	N/A N/A		N/A			
Planning Permits Issued	234	211	N/A N/A		N/A			
Public Services								
Street Resurfacing (miles)	6	4	8	5	N/A			
Street Light Replacement ^a	92	206	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Potholes Filled	2,703	2,542	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Waste Water Average Daily								
Treatment (millions of gallons)	5	5	5	5	5			
Transit Route (Service) Miles	140,033	366,788	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Transit Passenger Count	143,746	142,991	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Parks & Recreation								
Sports Field Participation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Community Center/Gym/Pool Participation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Other Participation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			

NOTES:

City of Madera Schedule 19 Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units (marked)	19	19	41	41	35	35	34	N/A	N/A	N/A
Motorcycle unit	5	5	5	4	4	5	3	N/A	N/A	N/A
K-9 unit	3	3	3	3	3	3 3		N/A	N/A	N/A
Streets										
Streets (miles)	203	199	199	199	160	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Streetlights	3326	3309	3000	3000	3000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Traffic Signals										
CalTrans maintained	16	16	15	15	15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
City of Madera maintained	35	34	32	29	29	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Culture & Recreation										
Total Park Acreage	160	160	159	159	151	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Parks	16	16	15	15	13	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Baseball Fields	2	2	2	2	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Softball Fields	9	9	9	9	9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Soccer Fields	7	7	7	7	7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Football Fields	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tennis Courts	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Swimming Pools	3	3	3	3	3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Community Centers	3	3	3	3	3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Waste Water										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	375.1	375	375	375	408	0	0	0	0	0
Storm Sewers (miles)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Treatment Capacity (millions of gallons/day)	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transit Services										
Minibuses										
Fixed Route	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dial A Ride	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bus Shelters	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	N/A	N/A	N/A

NOTES:

N/A - Information not available