

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

MADERA CITY HALL • 205 W. 4TH STREET • MADERA, CA 93637 • MADERA.GOV

City of Madera Madera, California **Annual Comprehensive Financial Report** For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 Prepared by Finance Department

City of Madera Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table of Contents

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION (Unaudited)	
Table of Contents	i
Letter of Transmittal	
Principal Officials	
Organization Chart	
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position	26
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet	32
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	_
to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	35
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and, Changes in Fund Balances	36
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide	
Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position	38
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	40
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and, Changes in Net Position	42
Statement of Cash Flows	44
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	50
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	57

City of Madera Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table of Contents (Continued)

EINANCIAL SECTION (Confirmal)	<u>Page</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited):	
Budgetary Information	127
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
General Fund	
General Development Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund	
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios.	
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedules of Contributions - Pensions Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	
Supplementary Information:	
Non-Major Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	140
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances	144
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
Special Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	148
Measure "T" Special Revenue Fund	
Business Improvement District Special Revenue Fund	
Parking District Special Revenue Fund	
Federal Aid Urban Special Revenue Fund	
Street Construction Special Revenue Fund	
Landscape Assessment Special Revenue Fund	
Supplemental Law Enforcement Special Revenue Fund	
Intermodal Building Special Revenue Fund	156
Economic Development Special Revenue Fund	
Residential Rehab Special Revenue Fund	
Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund	159
Community Facilities District Special Revenue Fund	160
Non-Major Enterprise Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	162
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	163
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	164

City of Madera Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table of Contents (Continued)

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	<u>Page</u>
Supplementary Information (Continued):	
Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	170
Custodial Funds:	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.	174
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	175
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)	
Table of Contents	179
Financial Trends: Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	180
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Revenue Capacity:	
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source – Last Ten Fiscal Years	191
Assessed Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Top Ten Principal Property Taxpayers – Fiscal Year 2022 and Ten Years Prior	
Debt Capacity:	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years	197
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	
Legal Debt Margin Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Pledged Revenue Coverage – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	204
Principal Employers – Fiscal Year 2022 and Ten Years Prior	
Operating Information:	
Full - Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	207
Operating Indicators by Function Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	

This page intentionally left blank.



Financial Services Department

January 30, 2023

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council, City of Madera, California

It is with pleasure that I present to you the City of Madera Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

State law requires local governments to prepare a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. This report was prepared by the City of Madera's (the City) Finance Department, which assumes responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures.

The accompanying financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Account Standards Board (GASB).

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The City's financial statements have been audited by The Pun Group LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for the rendering of an unmodified opinion that the City of Madera's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are presented in a separately issued report, the Single Audit and Independent Auditors' Reports.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of this report offers a more detailed discussion about the economic condition of the City, fund balance analysis and other management goals and achievements.

Government Profile

The City was incorporated on March 27, 1907, as a general law city. The City Council is comprised of six members who are elected by district, plus a Mayor who is elected at large. The Council Members and the Mayor are elected to alternating four-year terms staggered every two years. The City Council is responsible for making policy, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager and the City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the ordinances and policies of the City Council and overseeing operations. All other department heads are appointed by the City Manager.

Madera is located in the center of California, twenty miles north of Fresno, and is the county seat of Madera County. The City has approximate population of 66,000 and its boundaries encompass 16.0 square miles. Madera is also within close proximity to cherished world treasures such as Yosemite National Park, the Sierra Nevada Mountain Range and attractions that run along the Pacific coastline.

The City provides a full range of services that include public safety, public works, recreational and community services, community development and general administrative services. The City also operates a municipal golf course, water and wastewater utilities. A general aviation airport is also part of the City of Madera. Component units are legally separate entities for which the nature and significance of their relations with the City are such that exclusion would cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Accordingly, the Housing Authority of the City of Madera is reported as a component unit in the City's financial statements.

Local economy and local budget issues

Budget projections for the Fiscal Year 2021/22 were influenced by experts' and consultants' analysis. The City continues to recover from the effects of the recent pandemic. The pandemic has undoubtedly affected the City's finances, operational performance, and compliance burdens in all departments; however, the local economy continues to show signs of recovery. It is unknown at this time how recent economic factors including inflation, interest rate increases, labor shortages, supply chain issues, global conflicts and increased regulation will affect the City's future finances but there are a few key items worth highlighting:

- Sales tax receipts came in higher than expected. Future budget projections remain conservative as the current economic factors could result in a significant slowdown in the economy.
- Property values for both commercial and residential real estate increased slightly and revenue exceeded projections. However, the recent increase in interest rates could result in a significant flattening or reversal of this trend in the future. Future property tax revenue projections are conservative anticipating a continued slow down in the real estate market.
- Recently approved rate adjustments to water, sewer and solid waste charges will allow the City to keep pace with increasing operational costs and new service mandates.
- The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) passed into law in March 2021, has provided the City of Madera with approximately \$23 Million in federal grant funds. The City Council has committed these grant funds to infrastructure needs in both the Water and Sewer Funds.

Despite the lingering effects of the pandemic, the financial outcomes were in line with the projections made. Actual sales tax and property tax revenues came in higher than projected as of June 30, 2022. While some industry sectors were impacted, Madera was not as severely impacted in comparison to other communities. This may partially be attributed to the composition of the City's economy which is not heavily reliant on tourism or entertainment. While the City experienced decreases in some categories, any shortages were offset by increases in sales tax and property tax revenues.

Agriculture has been the mainstay of the local economy. Government also represents a growing part of the economy. Major employers in the City include Madera Unified School District, County of Madera, City of Madera and Madera Community Hospital. Major retail employers include Walmart, Lowe's and Home Depot. The City of Madera's unemployment rate was 17% during the peak of the pandemic but significant improvements are now visible with the rate at 5.5% as of October of 2022.

The City is part of the Madera/Chowchilla Metropolitan Area, which includes City of Madera, City of Chowchilla and developed areas of Madera County.

The City maintains extensive budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget adopted by the City Council. For the 2022 fiscal year, activities for the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service, enterprise, and capital project funds were included in the annual appropriated budget.

The level of budgetary control, i.e. the level where the expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount, is maintained at the fund level for all funds. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as a method of maintaining budgetary control. Outstanding encumbrances at year-end are evaluated and, if deemed necessary by the City Manager, are carried forward as part of the following year's budget.

Long-term financial planning

The City maintains a five-year Capital Improvement Plan, which is updated annually. This plan includes major ongoing maintenance and rehabilitation costs to existing capital assets (land, land improvements, infrastructure, and equipment), as well as the costs of new facilities and improvements.

Budget policies require that budgets be balanced, and ongoing costs shall not exceed current revenues plus available fund balance that exceeds reserve fund requirements. The City is continuously monitoring economic conditions and will adjust the budget as necessary as economic conditions change.

The City maintains a General Fund Economic Stabilization Reserve at a level of at least 30% of the general fund operating expenditures in order to protect essential service programs and funding requirements during periods of economic downturn or other unforeseen major costs not covered by the Contingency Reserve. The balance in the reserve was \$9.4 million as of the end of FY 22. In addition, separate reserve funds have been established in the Measure K fund for economic stabilization for the Fire and Police Departments. Each year \$130,000 is added to each of the reserves until they reach the level of 30% of expenditures. Currently, each Economic Stabilization Fund had a \$650,000 balance at the end of FY 22. Additionally, the Fire department has established a fire engine replacement reserve. The intent was to add \$200,000 each year when the reserve was established. The fund was used for the purchase of a new fire apparatus in FY 22 and had a balance of \$248,540 as of the end of the FY. The funding amount was increased to \$490,000 in FY 22-23.

Also, to finance current and future growth, the City has in place a variety of user and developer fees to pay for streets, parks, sewer lines, water lines and wells. The City reviews these fees periodically to assure that the fee structure is in line with the cost of construction. The City has hired a consultant who is currently developing recommendations for updates to these fees. In addition, the City recently adopted updated fees for Water, Sewer and Solid Waste services to keep up with the rising cost of providing these services.

Cash Management

The City of Madera's investment policy prioritizes safety, liquidity and then yield on the City's investment. The highest priority of cash management and investments is to ensure adequate funds are available to meet the City of Madera's obligations and all investments are in safe instruments. Yield, while important, is considered the third priority after safety and liquidity. The City invests in the Local Agency Investment Fund "LAIF" operated by the State of California for the benefit of local governments. Bond proceeds, debt service monies, and debt service reserves are invested according to the bond covenants of each bond issue.

Acknowledgments

I would like to extend my thanks to the City Council for their interest in and suggestions for the financial reporting of the City. The preparation of the ACFR could not have been accomplished without the efforts and dedication of the staff of the City of Madera, Department of Finance. I extend my appreciation to my staff and other personnel from various departments, agencies and authorities who assisted in the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Joy Canfield

Interim Director of Financial Services



City Council Members

Santos Garcia, Mayor Cece Gallegos, Councilmember (D1) Jose Rodriguez, Councilmember (D2) Steve Montes, Councilmember (D3) Anita Evans, Mayor Pro Tem (D4) Elsa Mejia, Councilmember (D5) Artemio Villegas, Councilmember (D6)

Executive Management

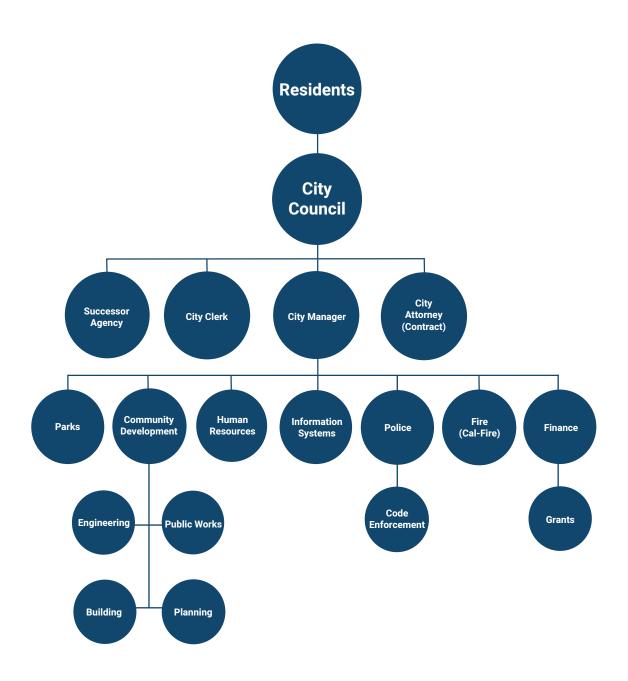
Arnoldo Rodriguez, City Manager Hilda Cantu Montoy, City Attorney (contracted) Alicia Gonzales, City Clerk

Department Directors

Vacant, Director of Financial Services
Gary Conte, Planning Manager
Dino Lawson, Police Chief
Vacant, Director of Public Works
Joseph Hebert, Interim Director of Parks & Community Services
Vacant, Chief Building Official
Keith Helmuth, City Engineer
Wendy Silva, Director of Human Resources
Mark Souders, Information Services Manager

City of Madera

Organizational Chart



This page intentionally left blank.



200 E. Sandpointe Avenue, Suite 600 Santa Ana, California 92707



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

www.pungroup.cpa



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Madera Madera, California

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of the City of Madera, California (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Housing Authority of the City of Madera (the "Authority"), which represent 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues, respectively, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements

As discussed in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 87, *Leases* during the year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Change in Fiscal Year-End – Discretely Presented Component Unit

As described in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, the Discretely Presented Component Unit elected to change its fiscal year-end from June 30, 2021 to September 30, 2021. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.







To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Madera Madera, California Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Madera Madera, California Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedules of Contributions, and Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory and Statistical Sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Madera Madera, California Page 4

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 30, 2023, on our consideration of City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Ana, California January 30, 2023

This narrative overview of the City of Madera's financial performance provides an analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The City's government-wide total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$331.5 million. Of this amount, \$41.8 million is in unrestricted net position and available to meet the City's ongoing commitments to citizens and creditors. In addition, the City's restricted net position totals \$46.9 million and is dedicated to specific purposes. Lastly, net position of \$242.8 million is the City's net investment in capital assets.
- The City's total net position increased by \$15.6 million or 4.9% during fiscal year 2021-22 to \$331.5 million from \$315.9 million.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$79.9 million, an increase of \$4.9 million or 6.5% in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$11.1 million or 13.9% of this amount is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- The City's General Fund, Measure K Sales Tax, Code Enforcement, Insurance Reserve, Community Development and LEA Tire Grants, ended the year with a fund balance of \$36.7 million, which represents a net increase of approximately \$6.0 million from the previous year. The General Fund unassigned balance of \$7.8 million is available for carryover to fund future general fund expenditures.
- Net Pension Liability decreased by \$18.6 million or 36.1% during fiscal year 2021-22 to \$32.9 million from \$51.5 million. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions decreased by \$1.4 million or 13.4% and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions increased by \$15.5 million or 1601.3%. The Net Pension Liability is based on an Actuarial Valuation and there was no change in the discount rate of 7.15% from the prior year.

During this year, the rates for water and sewer services remained static. Prior to this year, incremental rate increases over the subsequent five years were approved by Council during the second quarter of calendar year 2015. Those rate increases took effect in fiscal year 2015-16 and were increased between 9-10% during each of the five years covered in the rate schedule, except for fiscal year 2018-19 when Council considered a revised water rate analysis and adjusted the increase to 6%. In October 2021, the City issued an RFP for a Proposition 218 Rate Study for water, sewer, storm drainage and solid waste utility rates. The study was completed, and Council accepted the Rate Study on April 6, 2022. Prop 218 hearings were held, and all but the new drainage fee rates were adopted on July 20, 2022. The new rates will go into effect in fiscal year 2022-23.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements include all activities of the City of Madera, using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services are financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the Government.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the City using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid out.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as one indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed in the most recent fiscal year. All changes of net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported on this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided as follows:

Governmental Activities: Most of the City's basic services are included here such as public safety, transportation (street and roads), community development, culture and recreation and general government. These services are primarily financed by property and sales taxes and federal and state grants.

Business-type Activities: The City charges fees to customers to cover the costs of services provided. The City's utilities, water, sewer, community sanitation (refuse and street cleaning), golf course, and airport, as well as public transit services are included here.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Some funds are required to be established by State Law or by bond covenants. Management establishes other funds to control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show the City is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. All the funds of the City can be classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. Such information is useful in evaluating a governments near-term financing requirement.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliations between governmental funds and governmental activities. This reconciliation explains the relationship (or differences) between the fund statements and the government- wide statements.

The City of Madera maintains nineteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, General Development Impact Fee Fund, and Solar Energy Lease – Capital Projects Fund all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other sixteen funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation.

Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance to this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City has two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City utilizes enterprise funds to account for those activities that are supported primarily by user charges to external users, and includes community sanitation, sewer disposal, water utilities and transit services. Internal service funds are used to account for activities that are supported by user charges primarily to the City's other programs and activities and include fleet management, facility maintenance, and computer replacement. Because all of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Water, Sewer, Solid Waste, and Drainage Operations funds since they are all major funds. Individual fund data for each of these non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. All of the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefits of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these funds to finance its operations.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund statements.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other post-employment benefits to its employees, and budgetary comparison schedules.

Individual Fund Statements. Individual fund statements in connection with non-major governmental and enterprise funds are presented immediately after the required supplementary information in this report

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Below is a table showing the City's net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, with comparative data for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

	Governmental		Business-Type							
	Activities		Activities			Total				
		2022	2021	2022		2021		2022		2021
Assets:										
Current and other assets	\$	120,798,297	\$ 104,291,965	\$ 55,314,094	\$	48,417,863	\$	176,112,391	\$	152,709,828
Capital Assets		198,074,866	 196,974,509	 103,407,985		106,292,493		301,482,851		303,267,002
Total assets		318,873,163	301,266,474	158,722,079		154,710,356		477,595,242		455,976,830
Deferred outflows of resources		8,453,503	 9,130,947	 1,491,624		2,073,579		9,945,127		11,204,526
Liabilities:										
Current and other liabilities		34,282,489	23,267,879	7,955,385		8,619,361		42,237,874		31,887,240
Noncurrent liabilities		53,924,073	71,091,824	 41,496,907		46,864,701		95,420,980		117,956,525
Total liabilities		88,206,562	94,359,703	49,452,292		55,484,062		137,658,854		149,843,765
Deferred inflows of resources		15,845,063	515,271	 2,478,068		922,153		18,323,131		1,437,424
Net position:										
Net investment in capital assets		177,369,996	178,947,614	65,475,770		65,967,085		242,845,766		244,914,699
Restricted		44,524,605	46,349,016	1,794,447		963,474		46,319,052		47,312,490
Unrestricted		1,380,440	(9,774,183)	41,013,126		33,447,161		42,393,566		23,672,978
Total net position	\$	223,275,041	\$ 215,522,447	\$ 108,283,343	\$	100,377,720	\$	331,558,384	\$	315,900,167

As of June 30, 2022, the City's government-wide total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$331.5 million. Governmental activities finished the year with a positive net position balance of \$223.3 million, an increase of \$7.8 million, or 3.6% compared to 2021. Business-type activities finished the year with a positive balance of \$108.3 million, an increase of \$7.9 million or 7.9% compared to 2021. Net position, as noted earlier, may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. Of the total net position, \$242.8 million or 73.2% is the City's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and the road network) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.

The City's net investment in capital assets decreased by \$2.1 million, restricted net position decreased by \$.4 million and unrestricted net position increased by \$18.1 million, accounting for the increase in total net position of \$15.6 million. The decrease in net investment in capital assets is primarily due to additions to capital assets of \$11 million offset by depreciation expense of \$12.8 million, a decrease in capital-related debt of \$3.4 million. The decrease to restricted net position represents the change in resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use. Net position restricted for public works and transportation increased by \$1.7 million, capital projects decreased by \$3.4 million and debt service increased by \$0.8 million compared to prior year. The increase to unrestricted net position is due to a change in resources available to fund City programs for citizens and debt obligations to creditors.

Restricted net position represents \$46.3 million or 14.0% of the total net position. Restricted net position represents those resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These restrictions are established by bond covenants or restrictions on the use of funds are set forth by state or federal regulations.

Unrestricted net position represents those resources which may be used to meet the City's ongoing commitments to citizens and creditors. Government-wide unrestricted net position represents \$42.4 million or 12.8% of the total net position, which is an increase of \$18.7 million or 79.1% from the previous year. Governmental activities account for \$1.4 million of the total unrestricted net position improved by \$11.2 million or 114.1% compared to last year. Business-type activities account for \$41.0 million of the total unrestricted net position and increased by \$7.6 million or 22.6% compared to last year.

The following table indicates the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities:

	Governmental Activities		Business I y	pe Activities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Revenues:	'						
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 7,314,577	\$ 7,700,139	\$ 34,452,844	\$ 33,368,637	\$ 41,767,421	\$ 41,068,776	
Operating grants and contributions	9,780,314	10,035,691	-	-	9,780,314	10,035,691	
Capital grants and contributions	2,400,126	2,948,500	1,163,082	1,576,982	3,563,208	4,525,482	
Total program revenues	19,495,017	20,684,330	35,615,926	34,945,619	55,110,943	55,629,949	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	12,134,288	11,020,353	247,624	237,264	12,381,912	11,257,617	
Sales and use taxes	19,440,017	16,894,337	-	-	19,440,017	16,894,337	
Franchise taxes	763,276	721,028	-	-	763,276	721,028	
Other taxes	2,462,689	1,813,979			2,462,689	1,813,979	
Total taxes	34,800,270	30,449,697	247,624	237,264	35,047,894	30,686,961	
Investment earnings	(1,475,300)	(97,360)	(913,654)	340,816	(2,388,954)	243,456	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	35,469	-	135,300	-	170,769	
Miscellaneous	934,376	317,971	680,464	113,658	1,614,840	431,629	
Total general revenues and transfers	34,259,346	30,705,777	14,434	827,038	34,273,780	31,532,815	
Total revenues	53,754,363	51,390,107	35,630,360	35,772,657	89,384,723	87,162,764	
Expenses:							
General government	9,503,665	9,700,357	-	-	9,503,665	9,700,357	
Public safety	21,670,917	18,826,073	-	-	21,670,917	18,826,073	
Social services	1,061,114	133,639	-	-	1,061,114	133,639	
Public ways and facilities	5,320,754	3,741,698	-	-	5,320,754	3,741,698	
Community development	5,136,917	5,993,699	-	-	5,136,917	5,993,699	
Culture and recreation	3,158,176	3,509,000	-	-	3,158,176	3,509,000	
Interest on long-term debt	671,356	692,894	-	-	671,356	692,894	
Water	-	-	7,317,498	7,427,430	7,317,498	7,427,430	
Sewer	-	-	8,737,728	9,216,976	8,737,728	9,216,976	
Solid waste	-	-	6,146,265	5,758,119	6,146,265	5,758,119	
Drainage operations	-	-	929,265	943,353	929,265	943,353	
Local transit	-	-	3,104,405	2,499,127	3,104,405	2,499,127	
Golf course	-	-	85,044	94,635	85,044	94,635	
Airport			883,402	787,373	883,402	787,373	
Total expenses	46,522,899	42,597,360	27,203,607	26,727,013	73,726,506	69,324,373	
Change in net position	7,231,464	8,792,747	8,426,753	9,045,644	15,658,217	17,838,391	
Transfers	521,130	574,622	(521,130)	(574,622)	-	-	
Change in net position after transfers	7,752,594	9,367,369	7,905,623	8,471,022	15,658,217	17,838,391	
Increase (decrease) in net position	7,752,594	9,367,369	7,905,623	8,471,022	15,658,217	17,838,391	
Net position, beginning of year	215,522,447	206,155,078	100,377,720	91,906,698	315,900,167	298,061,776	
Net position, end of year	\$ 223,275,041	\$ 215,522,447	\$ 108,283,343	\$ 100,377,720	\$ 331,558,384	\$ 315,900,167	

Governmental activities. Governmental activities account for \$223.2 million or 67.3% of the total government-wide net position. This is an increase of \$7.8 million or 3.6% compared to June 30, 2021.

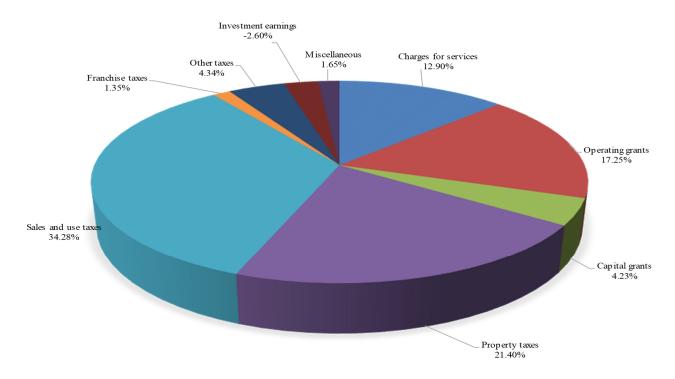
Total governmental revenues for the year were \$53.8 million, which is \$2.4 million or 4.6% more than in 2021.

- Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$0.3 million or 2.5% from the previous year.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$0.5 million or 18.6% from the previous year due to a decrease in developer contributions.
- Taxes, including property, sales, franchise, and other taxes account for approximately \$34.8 million or 66.6% of the City's governmental activities revenue. Total tax revenue increased \$4.4 million or 14.3% from the previous year.
- Investment earnings decreased by \$1.4 million or 1415.3% from the previous year. The decrease was primarily due to the rising interest rates lowering the market value of investments made at lower rates.

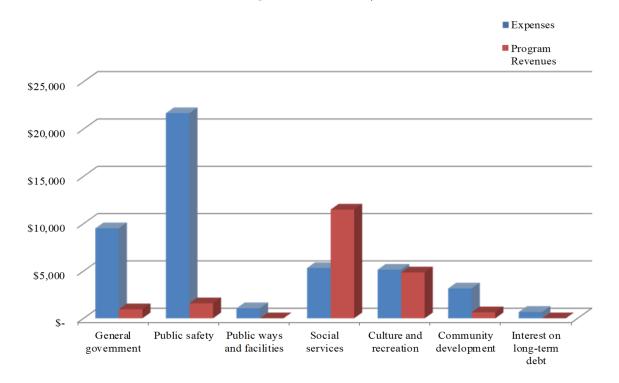
Total governmental expenses for the year were \$46.5 million, which is \$3.8 million or 9.0% more than in 2021.

- General governmental expenses decreased by \$0.3 million or 2.9% from the previous year.
- Public safety expenses increased by \$2.8 million or 15.0% from the previous year.
- Social services expenses increased by \$0.9 million or 694.0% from the previous year.
- Public ways and facilities expenses increased by \$1.6 million or 42.2% from the previous year.
- Community development expenses decreased by \$0.9 million or 14.3% from the previous year.
- Culture and recreation expenses decreased by \$0.4 million or 10.0% from the previous year.

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Expenditures and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities (Dollars in Thousands)



Governmental program revenues that include charges for services and grants specific to certain programs account for \$19.5 million or 56.9% of the total governmental activity revenue. The amounts necessary to fully fund the governmental activity programs are made up of "general" revenues such as taxes, interest, and grants and contributions.

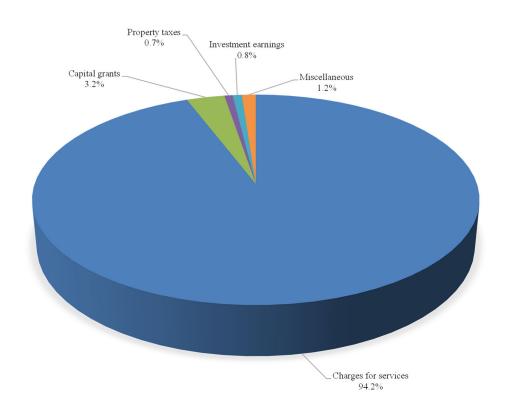
Business-type Activities. Business-type activities account for \$108.3 million or 32.7% of the total government-wide net position. This is an increase of \$7.9 million from the prior year. Net investment in capital assets accounts for \$65.5 million or 59.8% of the total net position and is a decrease of \$0.5 million from 2021. Restricted net position accounts for \$1.8 million, or 1.6% of total net position. This represents an increase of \$0.8 million from 2021. Unrestricted net position of \$42.2 million, or 38.6% of total net position, represents an increase of \$8.8 million from 2021.

Total business-type revenue for the year was \$35.6 million, which is \$0.1 million or 0.4% less than in 2021.

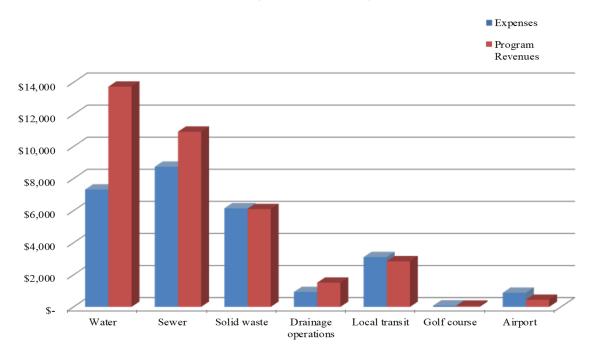
Charges for services increased by \$1.1 million or 3.2% from the prior year. Additional water meters were installed where there were previously no meters. The result of adding meters to customers where no meter was originally installed typically increases charges for services.

Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$0.4 million or 26.2% from the prior year.

Revenues by Source - Business - Type Activities



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-Type Activities(Dollars in Thousands)



Included in charges for services are user fees relating to the water, sewer, solid waste, drainage, transit, golf course, and airport operations. Operating transit grant funds which are the primary revenue for the transit fund are included in charges for services.

Total business-type expenses for the year were \$27.1 million, which is \$0.3 million or 1.2% more than in 2021.

Water expenses decreased by \$0.2 million or 2.6% compared to the prior year, primarily due to salary savings and operational cost decreases.

Sewer expenses decreased by \$0.5 million or 5.7% compared to the prior year.

Solid Waste expenses increased by \$0.4 million or 6.7% compared to the prior year.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. Fund balance is defined in five categories: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. Non-spendable fund balances cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form. Restricted fund balances have limitations imposed externally by creditors, granters, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments. Committed fund balances have self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the period. Assigned fund balances are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. Unassigned fund balances are the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose.

The City's Governmental Funds all ended the year with positive fund balances. The ending fund balance for all funds amounted to \$81.2 million, \$6.2 million or 8.3% more than the previous year.

Of the total fund balance, \$9.6 million or 11.8% is unassigned which, within the limitations of the fund's purpose, is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either non-spendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is not in spendable form, legally required to be maintained intact, restricted for a particular purpose, committed for a particular purpose, or assigned for a particular purpose. The details of the remainder are as follows:

Nonspendable	
Prepaid items	\$ 64,366
Inventories	72,904
Advances to other funds	12,240
Total nonspendable	149,510
Restricted	
Community development	11,995,613
Park development	104,975
Parking improvements	140,560
Public works and transportation	13,788,417
Special assessment project	463,096
Public protection	252,737
Capital projects and improvements	17,131,133
Total restricted	43,876,531
Committed	
General Fund stabilization reserve	9,354,964
Measure K - Police/Fire Protection	 1,548,540
Total committed	10,903,504
Assigned	
Golf course capital	20,000
Debt service	1,069,400
OPEB liability	97,339
Insurance reserve	3,038,867
Health insurance premiums	1,809,333
Future annual stipend payments	866,667
Measure K - Police/Fire Protection	 9,713,242
Total assigned	16,614,848
Unassigned	9,607,661
Total fund balances	\$ 81,152,054

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As of June 30, 2022, the total fund balance (including all categories) of the general fund was \$38.6 million, up \$7.9 million from June 30, 2021. The total fund balance of \$36.7 million includes non-spendable balances of \$0.1 million, committed balances of \$10.9 million, assigned balances of \$16.6 million, and an unassigned balance of \$10.9 million.

The assigned fund balance increased \$2.7 million when compared to June 30, 2021, primarily due to the \$4.0 million increase in Measure K fund balance which was offset by reductions of \$0.9 million to the health insurance premiums reserve and a \$0.4 million decrease in reserves for future annual stipend payments.

The *unassigned* fund balance increased \$5.4 million when compared to June 30, 2021. The \$10.9 million unassigned portion represents the amount carried over to offset the impact of any revenue shortfall that may occur in the next year due to economic uncertainty, adjustments to budgets approved by council during the next fiscal year, and to augment the maintenance of the water and sewer infrastructure as necessary. As a measurement of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 31.0% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 109.5% of total General Fund expenditures.

City of Madera

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Other Major Funds

The General Development Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund, a major fund, had a \$1.8 million increase in fund balance during fiscal year 2021-22. The ending fund balance of \$17.5 million is restricted for capital projects and improvements.

Proprietary Funds. As indicated in the description of proprietary funds, there are two types of funds, enterprise and internal service funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The City's enterprise funds and internal service funds ended the year with total net position as follows:

Water Fund	\$ 44,313,103
Sewer Fund	23,666,831
Solid waste Fund	(93,009)
Drainage Operations Fund	19,035,569
Local Transit Fund	7,878,589
Golf Course Fund	982,642
Airport Fund	12,499,618
Fleet Maintenance Fund	5,618,446
Facilities Maintenance Fund	367,573
Technology Fund	489,388

Revenue was up slightly in the City's enterprise funds in fiscal year 2021-22. Water revenue was up 1.3%, Sewer revenue 2.0%, Solid Waste 2.5% and Drainage Operations 3.2%. Expenses were lower in the Water, Sewer, and Drainage Operations funds for fiscal year 2021-22 but up 7.5% in the Solid Waste Funds. The City Council recently adopted new rates for the Water, Sewer and Solid Waste services which will go into effect in fiscal year 2022-23.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The general fund ended fiscal year 2021-22 \$7.1 million under budget. This variance was primarily the result of \$3.7 million more in revenue and \$3.4 million less in expenditures than projected.

- Actual expenditures for General Government came in \$0.1 million over budget due to increased costs associated with property, liability, and fidelity insurance, contracted services, and intergovernmental charges.
- Actual expenditures for Public Protection came in at \$2.0 million under budget due to savings in contracted services and personnel costs.
- Actual expenditures for Public Ways and Facilities were \$0.6 million under budget due to savings in supplies and materials, contracted services, and personnel costs.
- Actual expenditures for Community Development came in at \$0.5 million under budget due to savings in contracted services and personnel costs.
- Actual expenditures for Culture and Recreation came in at \$0.9 million under budget due to savings in personnel costs related to COVID-19 reduction in recreational programs, contracted services and conference/training.
- Actual expenditures for Capital Outlay were \$1 million over budget due to projects that were carried over from the last fiscal year that were started or completed during the current fiscal year.

City of Madera

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022, amounts to \$301.5 million (net of depreciation), a decrease of \$1.8 million compared to 2021. This increase is primarily due to the additions to capital assets of \$11 million offset by depreciation expense of \$12.8 million.

Major capital asset additions this year include the following:

- Road network improvements \$3.7 million
 - o Developer donations (sidewalk, pavement, pipelines, and others) \$1.8 million
 - Various other street improvement projects \$1.4 million
 - o Various park improvement projects \$0.1 million
 - o Various traffic signal improvement projects \$0.4 million
- Equipment, property, and software purchases \$2.5 million
- Water Pipeline replacements \$0.4 million
- Solar Power Improvement \$4.2 million

During the year, the City made improvements to various streets, parks, sewer mains, and received developer-donated infrastructure. Capital projects constructed by the City include:

- Park improvements: India Park and Olive Knox Park
- Sewer main replacement: Pecan Avenue
- Street improvements: Raymond Road, Cleveland Avenue, Olive Avenue, Gateway Drive, Central Avenue, Stadium Road, Maple Street, Santa Cruz Street, Monterey Street, Lilly Street and Vineyard Avenue, 5th Street, C Street, E Street, Lincoln Avenue, South Street, Austin Street, Schnoor Avenue, Sunset Avenue, and Riverside Drive
- Trail construction: Gateway Drive, Reymond Road, and Cleveland Avenue
- Traffic signal improvements and installations: Granada Drive, Howard Road, Industrial Avenue, Westberry Boulevard, Stadium Road, Gary Lane, Olive Avenue, Pine Street, Yosemite Avenue, Q Street, Cleveland Avenue, D Street, South Street, Lake Street, and Adell Street
- Water storage tank installation: Avenue 17 and Lake Street
- Water main replacements: Madera Avenue, I Street, Gateway Drive, Central Avenue, and Yosemite Avenue

Developer constructed infrastructure was constructed in conjunction with the partial list of projects shown below:

- La Spezia II & III Subdivision
- Varbella II Subdivision
- Country Club Starbucks
- Specialty Crop
- Barrows Physical Therapy
- Caliber Collision
- Downtown Residential Housing (5th Street and C Street)

Capital Assets								
	Government	tal Activities	Business Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2021 2022 2021		2022	2021		
Land	\$ 12,614,951	\$ 12,409,951	\$ 9,725,315	\$ 9,347,017	\$ 22,340,266	\$ 21,756,968		
Construction in progress	23,851,579	29,218,024	1,762,601	1,612,044	25,614,180	30,830,068		
Buildings and improvements	25,042,669	24,965,790	69,924,082	69,924,082	94,966,751	94,889,872		
Equipment	18,222,525	16,399,608	5,672,034	5,672,034	23,894,559	22,071,642		
Infrastructure	319,937,316	307,244,162	102,308,222	101,307,678	422,245,538	408,551,840		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(201,594,174)	(193,263,026)	(85,984,269)	(81,570,362)	(287,578,443)	(274,833,388)		
Total	\$ 198,074,866	\$ 196,974,509	\$ 103,407,985	\$ 106,292,493	\$ 301,482,851	\$ 303,267,002		

Detailed information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 8 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. The City's long-term debt as of June 30, 2022, was \$60.8 million with governmental activities accounting for \$23.2 million or 38.1%, and business-type activities accounting for \$37.6 million or 61.9%. The total debt decreased by \$3.4 million or 5.3% during the current fiscal year. The reason for the decrease was due to the principal payments made during the current year.

	and the same of th	D 14
Lon	g-Term	Debt

	Government	al Activities	Business Ty	pe Activities	Total				
	2022	2022 2021		2022 2021		2021	2022	2021	
Capital leases	\$ 18,644,000	\$ 19,432,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,644,000	\$ 19,432,000			
Loans payable	414,200	525,400	6,605,081	7,309,220	7,019,281	7,834,620			
Bonds payable	4,163,695	4,331,850	31,044,894	32,713,042	35,208,589	37,044,892			
Total	\$ 23,221,895	\$ 24,289,250	\$ 37,649,975	\$ 40,022,262	\$ 60,871,870	\$ 64,311,512			

General obligation debts are direct obligations of the City and are backed by the full faith and credit of the City requiring voter approval and may have a tax rate set to cover repayment. State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt to 15% of the City's total assessed valuation. The City of Madera's debt limit is \$535.8 million. Detailed information on the City's long-term debt activity can be found in Note 9 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The national GDP decreased by 1.5% over the first quarter of 2022. Economic growth remained stagnate and decreased compared with the prior year over the first few months of 2022. At the state level, California GDP continues to be the highest of all the states even though there was a slight decrease for the current fiscal year. Because the Central Valley relies heavily on an agriculture-based economy, profits are not as lucrative and challenges such as weather (drought), labor availability, and government subsidies all play into the bottom line.

In the last year, the County of Madera had added approximately 1,870 jobs. In October 2022, the unemployment rate in the County was 5.5%, down from the yearly high of 7.8% in January of 2022, according to the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics. The effect of the pandemic appeared to be waning over the past year. At the state level, unemployment is averaging 4.5%.

As the economy began to reopen, the local unemployment rate decreased and was down to 5.6% by June 2022. This was vastly improved from the 9.7% rate in the previous year. As businesses reopen and new businesses open, it is hoped unemployment figures will continue to improve.

The City of Madera has seen an increase in certain sectors in consumer spending, especially those sectors related to autos, transportation, travel, fuel, and restaurants. This trend is reflected in overall sales tax revenue growth compared to last fiscal year. Sales tax figures for next fiscal year are projected conservatively due to inflationary pressures and a slowing economy.

New home starts are expected to decline as interest rates continue to rise. The number of residential homes permitted decreased in fiscal year 2021-22, with 173 permits issued. There were 200 permits issued in fiscal year 2020-21. Although Madera has yet to see a large decline in home values seen in other areas, prices could begin to soften based on the recent rise in home mortgage interest rates.

The City has undertaken a number of measures to combat the effects of economic downturns. Voters approved Measure K in November of 2016 which added a half-cent sales tax to expand public safety services. Measure K sales tax brought in \$7 million in additional sales tax revenue for fiscal year 2021-22. Measure K revenue has allowed the City to expand its public safety services and purchase much needed fire apparatus and equipment. The funding has allowed the city to establish economic stabilization reserves and an equipment replacement reserve to ensure reliable delivery of services in the future. The City has also purchased the property adjoining the police department, thereby allowing for the expansion of police operations.

In December 2019 the City entered into a lease purchase agreement to finance energy improvements and upgrades. The projects include HVAC upgrades, LED lighting, solar streetlights, EV charging stations and PV solar. The City has continued to benefit from the upgrades with substantial savings in energy costs. The projects are scheduled to be fully completed early in 2023.

Economic development activity continues to remain stable and is seen through the addition of commercial, industrial, and residential buildings. The industrial vacancy rate continues to remain under 1%. In response, the City began a joint venture with a local company to develop Freedom Industrial Park, a 100-acre industrial site. The first tenant of the complex has moved in and employs about 100 individuals.

The City is actively reaching out to the business community to fill a future, second building that has already been approved for the site. The grounds will be "plug and play" ready, with full infrastructure and rail access. The intersection at Avenue 17 and State Route (SR) 99 remains a primary focus of the City's economic development efforts. The site currently includes Love's Madera Travel Center and more than \$10 million in infrastructure improvements. It is expected that the improvements will spur additional development around the interchange. Another development just to the north of Madera is Matilda Torres High School. The school requires sewer and water infrastructure expansion, which has generated interest in development of properties in the immediate vicinity.

Water is and will remain a key element in the regional economy. The City is taking an active role in regional groundwater management efforts and is planning the next stages of improvements to address long-term water service for current residents and future development. The City received over \$23 million in American Rescue Plan Act funds that have been 100% allocated to fund Water and Sewer Infrastructure projects by the City Council. Additionally, potential projects identified by City staff include the replacement of manual water meters, installation of new water meters, recoating of the water tower and the design of water main upgrades throughout the City. These additional projects have planned funding from revenue in the Water Utility Fund. A new water storage tank, pump station and associated transmission mains are included in the Capital Improvement Program with the initial engineering efforts taking place in fiscal year 2022-23. The tank represents a critical component of infrastructure necessary to counter continual drought conditions in the valley. Construction funding for the tank project will require special financing either through grants, municipal bonds or low interest loans.

The economic outlook for the year ahead remains cautiously optimistic. While the lingering pandemic has impaired economic growth in some industries, other industries have experienced growth including autos, transportation, travel, fuel, restaurants and on-line sales. Efforts to reduce inflation could have a significant impact on growth and the City's future revenues. The City will continue with a prudent, conservative financial planning model as it makes budget decisions for the future.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City of Madera's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Director of Financial Services, City of Madera, 205 W. 4th Street, Madera, CA 93637.

This page intentionally left blank.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This page intentionally left blank.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Madera Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

		Prima	ary Government			Component Unit					
	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities		• •				Total		<u> </u>		Housing hority of the y of Madera mber 30, 2021
ASSETS	 _						_				
Current assets:											
Cash and investments	\$ 96,818,070	\$	48,727,542	\$	145,545,612	\$	7,419,157				
Accounts receivable, net	676,406		4,085,110		4,761,516		808,720				
Intergovernmental receivable	10,486,013		584,566		11,070,579		-				
Lease receivable - due within one year	47,685		52,768		100,453		-				
Prepaid items	200,076		54,196		254,272		97,101				
Inventories	72,904		-		72,904		46,447				
Internal balances	 843,481		(843,481)								
Total current assets	 109,144,635		52,660,701		161,805,336		8,371,425				
Noncurrent assets:											
Restricted cash and investments	2,517,025		1,794,447		4,311,472		2,527,127				
Lease receivable - due in more than one year	463,060		858,946		1,322,006		-				
Notes receivable	8,003,577		-		8,003,577		2,947,073				
Land held for resale	670,000		-		670,000		-				
Capital assets:											
Non-depreciable	36,466,530		11,487,916		47,954,446		785,827				
Depreciable, net	 161,608,336		91,920,069		253,528,405		5,649,308				
Total capital assets, net	 198,074,866		103,407,985		301,482,851		6,435,135				
Total noncurrent assets	 209,728,528		106,061,378		315,789,906		11,909,335				
Total assets	318,873,163		158,722,079		477,595,242		20,280,760				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Related to OPEB	653,723		143,418		797,141		-				
Related to pensions	7,799,780		1,348,206		9,147,986		943,897				
Total deferred outflows of resources	 8,453,503		1,491,624		9,945,127		943,897				

City of Madera Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2022

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Housing Authority of the City of Madera September 30, 2021
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	8,314,377	2,849,724	11,164,101	155,390
Accrued payroll	313,241	149,740	462,981	28,757
Deposits	627,873	420,151	1,048,024	212,669
Interest payable	112,692	1,586,222	1,698,914	115.060
Unearned revenue	22,698,378	184,860	22,883,238	115,269
Due to Fiduciary Funds	48,919	211.061	48,919	26 120
Compensated absences - due within one year	1,097,609	311,861	1,409,470	36,120
Long-term debt - due within one year Total current liabilities	1,069,400 34,282,489	2,452,827 7,955,385	3,522,227 42,237,874	130,395 678,600
	34,262,469	1,933,363	42,237,674	078,000
Noncurrent liabilities: Other non-current liabilities				156 607
Aggregate net pension liability	27,552,092	5,389,070	32,941,162	156,627 2,517,018
Total OPEB liability	3,461,018	759,305	4,220,323	2,317,016
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	758,468	151,384	909,852	36,379
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	22,152,495	35,197,148	57,349,643	2,776,436
Total noncurrent liabilities	53,924,073	41,496,907	95,420,980	5,486,460
Total liabilities	88,206,562	49,452,292	137,658,854	6,165,060
	00,200,302	77,732,272	137,030,034	0,103,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to service concession arrangement	-	16,670	16,670	-
Gain on refunding of debt	-	282,240	282,240	-
Related to leases	501,444	905,236	1,406,680	-
Related to OPEB	105,598	23,167	128,765	2 775 110
Related to pensions	15,238,021	1,250,755	16,488,776	2,775,119
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,845,063	2,478,068	18,323,131	2,775,119
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	177,369,996	65,475,770	242,845,766	3,528,304
Restricted:	11.007.413		44.007.44	
Community development	11,995,613	-	11,995,613	-
Park development Parking improvements	104,975	-	104,975	-
Parking improvements Public works and transportation	140,560 14,316,747	-	140,560	-
Special assessment project	463,096	-	14,316,747 463,096	-
Law enforcement	372,481	-	372,481	-
Capital projects and improvements	17,131,133	_	17,131,133	_
Housing services	-	_	-	1,980,527
Debt service	-	1,794,447	1,794,447	
Total restricted	44,524,605	1,794,447	46,319,052	1,980,527
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,380,440	41,013,126	42,393,566	6,775,647
Total net position	\$ 223,275,041	\$ 108,283,343	\$ 331,558,384	\$ 12,284,478

City of Madera Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Total			
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 9,503,665	\$ 323,683	\$ 627,899	\$ -	\$ 951,582			
Public protection	21,670,917	1,009,384	573,893	-	1,583,277			
Social services	1,061,114	-	-	-	-			
Public ways and facilities	5,320,754	2,244,749	6,834,270	2,400,126	11,479,145			
Community development	5,136,917	3,100,959	1,741,752	-	4,842,711			
Culture and recreation	3,158,176	635,802	2,500	-	638,302			
Interest on long-term debt	671,356	-	-	-	-			
Total governmental activities	46,522,899	7,314,577	9,780,314	2,400,126	19,495,017			
Business-type activities:		-						
Water	7,317,498	13,468,682	-	259,298	13,727,980			
Sewer	8,737,728	10,768,013	-	153,370	10,921,383			
Solid waste	6,146,265	6,079,389	-	16,662	6,096,051			
Drainage operations	929,265	893,568	-	616,807	1,510,375			
Local transit	3,104,405	2,816,974	-	25,903	2,842,877			
Golf course	85,044	74,712	-	-	74,712			
Airport	883,402	351,506		91,042	442,548			
Total business-type activities	27,203,607	34,452,844		1,163,082	35,615,926			
Total primary government	\$ 73,726,506	\$ 41,767,421	\$ 9,780,314	\$ 3,563,208	\$ 55,110,943			
Component unit:								
Housing Authority of the City of Madera	\$ 14,235,207	\$ 10,764,583	\$ 628,797	\$ 826,268	\$ 12,219,648			
Total component unit	\$ 14,235,207	\$ 10,764,583	\$ 628,797	\$ 826,268	\$ 12,219,648			

City of Madera Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit Housing Authority of the City of Madera September 30, 2021		
Primary government:						
Governmental activities: General government Public protection Social services Public ways and facilities Community development Culture and recreation Interest on long-term debt	\$ (8,552,083) (20,087,640) (1,061,114) 6,158,391 (294,206) (2,519,874) (671,356)	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ (8,552,083) (20,087,640) (1,061,114) 6,158,391 (294,206) (2,519,874) (671,356)	\$ - - - - - -		
Total governmental activities	(27,027,882)		(27,027,882)	-		
Business-type activities: Water Sewer Solid waste Drainage operations Local transit Golf course Airport Total business-type activities Total primary government		6,410,482 2,183,655 (50,214) 581,110 (261,528) (10,332) (440,854) 8,412,319 8,412,319	6,410,482 2,183,655 (50,214) 581,110 (261,528) (10,332) (440,854) 8,412,319 (18,615,563)	- - - - - - -		
Component unit: Housing Authority of the City of Madera	-	-	-	(2,015,559)		
Total component unit	-		-	(2,015,559)		
General Revenues and Transfers: General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes Sales and use taxes Franchise taxes Other taxes	12,134,288 19,440,017 763,276 2,462,689	247,624 - - -	12,381,912 19,440,017 763,276 2,462,689	- - - -		
Total taxes	34,800,270	247,624	35,047,894	-		
Investment income (loss) Miscellaneous revenue Transfers Total general revenues and transfers	(1,475,300) 934,376 521,130 34,780,476	(913,654) 680,464 (521,130) (506,696)	(2,388,954) 1,614,840 - 34,273,780	224,234 393,037 - 617,271		
Change in net position	7,752,594	7,905,623	15,658,217	(1,398,288)		
Net Position: Beginning of year End of year	215,522,447 \$ 223,275,041	100,377,720 \$ 108,283,343	315,900,167 \$ 331,558,384	13,682,766 \$ 12,284,478		

This page intentionally left blank.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This page intentionally left blank.

Governmental Funds Financial Statements

General Fund - This fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures used to finance the traditional services associated with a municipal government which are not accounted for in the other funds. In Madera, these services include general government, public protection, social services, public ways and facilities, community development, and culture and recreation.

General Development Impact Fee Fund - This fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of the AB1600 development impact fee monies that are restricted or committed to expenditures for the intended purposes.

Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund - This fund accounts for the construction of the Solar Energy Lease Purchase projects. These projects are funded by the Solar Energy Lease Purchase debt obligations.

City of Madera Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Major Funds					
				General		
		General Fund	D	Development Impact Fee Fund		Energy Lease pital Projects Fund
ASSETS		Turia		Tee Tuna		Turiu
	¢	52 745 766	¢.	10 072 002	¢	
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$	53,745,766	\$	19,973,093	\$	2 517 025
		(25.012		- (754		2,517,025
Accounts receivable, net		625,912 4,878,014		6,754 33		-
Intergovernmental receivable Lease receivable				33		-
Notes receivable		459,217		-		-
Prepaid items		64,366		-		-
Inventories		72,904		-		-
Due from other funds		4,293,111		-		-
Advances to other funds		36,720		_		_
Land held for resale		50,720		_		_
Total assets	\$	64,176,010	\$	19,979,880	\$	2,517,025
Total assets	Ψ	01,170,010	Ψ	13,373,000	Ψ	2,517,025
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	2,254,948	\$	2,356,486	\$	-
Accrued payroll		261,467		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		2,381,487
Due to Fiduciary Funds		48,919		-		-
Deposits payable		_		627,799		_
Unearned revenues		22,584,527		-		-
Total liabilities		25,149,861		2,984,285		2,381,487
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue						
Related to leases		450,003		_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		450,003		_		_
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		149,510		-		-
Restricted		-		16,995,595		135,538
Committed		10,903,504		-		-
Assigned		16,614,848		_		-
Unassigned (deficit)		10,908,284		-		-
Total fund balances		38,576,146		16,995,595		135,538
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	64,176,010	\$	19,979,880	\$	2,517,025

City of Madera Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Gov	Non-major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	18,243,562	\$	91,962,421		
Restricted cash and investments		-		2,517,025		
Accounts receivable, net		37,763		670,429		
Intergovernmental receivable		5,607,966		10,486,013		
Lease receivable		51,528		510,745		
Notes receivable Prepaid items		8,003,577 6,383		8,003,577 70,749		
Inventories		0,383		70,749		
Due from other funds		_		4,293,111		
Advances to other funds		_		36,720		
Land held for resale		670,000		670,000		
Total assets	\$	32,620,779	\$	119,293,694		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	3,432,141	\$	8,043,575		
Accrued payroll		6,112		267,579		
Due to other funds		1,104,863		3,486,350		
Due to Fiduciary Funds		-		48,919		
Deposits payable		74		627,873		
Unearned revenues		113,851		22,698,378		
Total liabilities		4,657,041		35,172,674		
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue		2,467,522		2,467,522		
Related to leases		51,441		501,444		
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,518,963		2,968,966		
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		-		149,510		
Restricted		26,745,398		43,876,531		
Committed		-		10,903,504		
Assigned		-		16,614,848		
Unassigned (deficit)		(1,300,623)		9,607,661		
Total fund balances		25,444,775		81,152,054		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	-	22 (24	4	440.000		
resources, and fund balances	\$	32,620,779	\$	119,293,694		

This page intentionally left blank.

City of Madera Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	81,152,054
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:		
Unavailable revenues reported on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements resulting from activities in which revenues were earned but were not available are reclassified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.		2,467,522
Capital Assets used in the governmental activities were not financial resources and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.		100.054.066
Government-Wide Statement of Net Position Less: capital assets reported in Internal Service Funds		198,074,866 (4,043,317)
Total capital assets		194,031,549
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position		
Compensated absences - due within one year		(1,097,609)
Compensated absences - due in more than one year		(758,468)
Long-term debt - due within one year		(1,069,400)
Long-term debt - due in more than one year		(22,152,495)
Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds:		(, , , ,
Compensated absences - due within one year		111,808
Compensated absences - due in more than one year		95,915
Total long-term liabilities		(24,870,249)
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(112,692)
Aggregate net pension liability and total OPEB liability used in the governmental activities were not financial		_
resources and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.		
Net pension liability		(27,552,092)
Total OPEB liability		(3,461,018)
Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds:		(2,102,020)
Net pension liability		1,717,456
Total OPEB liability		317,849
Total pension and OPEB		(28,977,805)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and pensions are not available for current period and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds or not recorded in the governmental funds.		(20,777,003)
Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		653,723
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		7,799,780
Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		(60,035)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		(414,292)
Total deferred outflows of resources		7,979,176
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and pensions are not available for current period and, therefore, are		7,575,170
deferred in the governmental funds or not recorded in the governmental funds. Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(105,598)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(15,238,021)
Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds: Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		9,698
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		464,000
Total deferred inflows of resources		(14,869,921)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fleet management, risk management, information		
technology, and building maintenance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.		6,475,407
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	223,275,041
Tel 1 ushion of Governmental Activities	Ψ	223,273,071

City of Madera Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances **Governmental Funds**

			Major Funds	
		General Fund	General Development Impact Fee Fund	Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund
REVENUES:	·			
Property taxes	\$	4,476,818	\$ -	\$ -
Sales and use taxes		19,440,017	-	-
Other taxes		2,222,746	-	-
Investment income (loss)		(915,303)	(394,065)	-
Franchise fees		763,276	-	-
Licenses and permits		1,174,652	-	-
Fines and forfeitures		417,737	-	-
Intergovernmental		9,547,030	-	-
Charges for services		2,060,911	2,856,821	-
Miscellaneous		830,085		325,773
Total revenues		40,017,969	2,462,756	325,773
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government		4,186,179	_	_
Public protection		20,165,946	-	-
Social services		45,991	-	-
Public ways and facilities		1,804,956	485,412	-
Community development		4,146,006	· -	-
Culture and recreation		3,231,207	5,943	-
Capital outlay		1,210,552	539,521	4,190,040
Debt service:				
Principal		246,200	-	788,000
Interest and fiscal charges		181,739		527,353
Total expenditures		35,218,776	1,030,876	5,505,393
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		4,799,193	1,431,880	(5,179,620)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of property		400	_	_
Transfers in		3,350,930	_	_
Transfers out		(298,151)	(140,020)	_
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,053,179	(140,020)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		7,852,372	1,291,860	(5,179,620)
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year		30,723,774	15,703,735	5,315,158
End of year	\$	38,576,146	\$ 16,995,595	\$ 135,538

City of Madera Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) **Governmental Funds**

	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 494,872	\$ 4,971,690		
Sales and use taxes		19,440,017		
Other taxes	421,754	2,644,500		
Investment income (loss)	620,139	(689,229)		
Franchise fees	-	763,276		
Licenses and permits	-	1,174,652		
Fines and forfeitures	18,295	436,032		
Intergovernmental	8,429,505	17,976,535		
Charges for services	77,609	4,995,341		
Miscellaneous	56,591	1,212,449		
Total revenues	10,118,765	52,925,263		
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	115,743	4,301,922		
Public protection	217,717	20,383,663		
Social services	-	45,991		
Public ways and facilities	3,781,729	6,072,097		
Community development	402,224	4,548,230		
Culture and recreation	-	3,237,150		
Capital outlay	1,015,873	6,955,986		
Debt service:				
Principal	-	1,034,200		
Interest and fiscal charges	-	709,092		
Total expenditures	5,533,286	47,288,331		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	4,585,479	5,636,932		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of property	_	400		
Transfers in	_	3,350,930		
Transfers out	(2,358,101)	(2,796,272)		
	 -			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,358,101)	555,058		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,227,378	6,191,990		
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year	23,217,397	74,960,064		
End of year	\$ 25,444,775	\$ 81,152,054		

City of Madera Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	6,191,990
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:		
Governmental funds reported capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position the cost of those assets was allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expenses. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period (net of \$1,302,798 added in internal service funds).		6,955,986
In the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, donated assets are reported as a capital contribution.		1,189,535
Depreciation expense on capital assets was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense, net of internal service funds of \$666,871, was not reported as expenditures in the Governmental Funds.		(7,680,834)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) decreased net position.		(257)
Repayment of long-term liabilities was an expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.		
Principal payment of long-term debt		1,034,200
Amortization of bond premium		33,155
Interest expense on long-term debt was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. This amount represented the changes in accrued interest from prior year.		4,581
Compensated absences expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. (net of \$19,228 deducted in internal service funds).		(35,863)
Revenues in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		(360,434)
Certain pension expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Changes in pension related deferred outflows of resources		(518,945)
Changes in net pension liabilities		14,152,529
Changes in pension related deferred inflows of resources	(14,609,873)
Certain OPEB expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Changes in OPEB related deferred outflows of resources		24,819
Changes in total OPEB liabilities		177,039
Changes in OPEB related deferred inflows of resources		41,864
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance, facilities maintenance, and technology to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		1,153,102
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	7,752,594

Proprietary Funds Financial Statements

Water Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's water pumping, treatment and distribution operations.

Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's sewer collection and treatment operations.

Solid Waste Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's solid waste operations.

Drainage Operations Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's drainage operations.

Internal Service Funds - These funds are used to provide goods and services by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

City of Madera Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Major Funds			
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Drainage Operations Fund
ASSETS				
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 34,412,125 2,125,684	\$ 11,332,111 1,000,055 615	\$ 187,834 843,482	\$ 1,035,188 76,027
Lease receivable - due within one year Prepaid items	28,993	6,312	38	9,136
Total current assets	36,566,802	12,339,093	1,031,354	1,120,351
Noncurrent assets:	30,300,002	12,557,075	1,031,331	1,120,331
Restricted cash and investments Lease receivable - due in more than one year Capital assets:	-	1,794,447	- -	-
Non-depreciable Depreciable, net	666,510 22,455,921	3,026,540 37,911,245	<u>-</u>	4,039,808 14,375,306
Total capital assets	23,122,431	40,937,785		18,415,114
Total noncurrent assets	23,122,431	42,732,232	-	18,415,114
Total assets	59,689,233	55,071,325	1,031,354	19,535,465
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB Related to pensions	73,377 537,557	50,030 359,115	13,341 263,125	3,335 109,654
Total deferred outflow of resources	610,934	409,145	276,466	112,989
LIABILITIES	010,934	409,143	270,400	112,969
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll	1,602,915 53,067	1,031,724 49,974	18,401 17,690	22,292 10,293
Due to other funds Interest payable Deposits payable	88,072 1,572,057	328,455	- - -	- -
Unearned revenue	91,595	3,432	89,633	200
Compensated absences - due within one year Long-term debt - due within one year	111,555 520,546	117,468 1,589,000	34,609	22,642
Total current liabilities	4,039,807	3,120,053	160,333	55,427
Noncurrent liabilities: Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-
Aggregate net pension liability Total OPEB liability Compensated absences - due in more than one year	2,134,905 388,482 94,484	1,531,468 264,874	996,877 70,633 26,994	445,777 17,658 10,160
Long term debt - due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities	8,859,348	26,176,000	1 004 504	472.505
•	11,477,219	27,972,342	1,094,504	473,595
Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	15,517,026	31,092,395	1,254,837	529,022
Related to service concession arrangement Gain on refunding of debt Related to leases	18,933	263,307	-	- - -
Related to OPEB Related to pensions	11,853 439,252	8,081 449,856	2,155 143,837	539 83,324
Total deferred inflows of resources	470,038	721,244	145,992	83,863
NET POSITION	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	13,723,604	12,909,478 1,794,447	-	18,415,114
Unrestricted (deficit)	30,589,499	8,962,906	(93,009)	620,455
Total net position	\$ 44,313,103	\$ 23,666,831	\$ (93,009)	\$ 19,035,569

City of Madera Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

Ju	116 30, 2022		
	Non-major Funds		
ASSETS			
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivable Lease receivable - due within one year Prepaid items	\$ 1,760,284 39,862 583,951 52,768 9,717	\$ 48,727,542 4,085,110 584,566 52,768 54,196	\$ 4,855,649 5,977 - - 129,327
Total current assets	2,446,582	53,504,182	4,990,953
Noncurrent assets:		23,501,102	
Restricted cash and investments Lease receivable - due in more than one year Capital assets:	- 858,946	1,794,447 858,946	-
Non-depreciable Depreciable, net	3,755,058 17,177,597	11,487,916 91,920,069	215,942 3,827,375
Total capital assets	20,932,655	103,407,985	4,043,317
Total noncurrent assets	21,791,601	106,061,378	4,043,317
Total assets	24,238,183	159,565,560	9,034,270
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB Related to pensions	3,335 78,755	143,418 1,348,206	60,035 414,292
Total deferred outflow of resources LIABILITIES	82,090	1,491,624	474,327
Current liabilities: Accounts payable	174,392	2,849,724	270,802
Accrued payroll	18,716	149,740	45,662
Due to other funds Interest payable	806,761 3,624	806,761 420,151	-
Deposits payable Unearned revenue	14,165	1,586,222 184,860	-
Compensated absences - due within one year Long-term debt - due within one year	25,587 343,281	311,861 2,452,827	111,808
Total current liabilities	1,386,526	8,762,146	428,272
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Advances from other funds Aggregate net pension liability Total OPEB liability	36,720 280,043 17,658	36,720 5,389,070 759,305	1,717,456 317,849
Compensated absences - due in more than one year Long term debt - due in more than one year	19,746 161,800	151,384 35,197,148	95,915
Total noncurrent liabilities	515,967	41,533,627	2,131,220
Total liabilities	1,902,493	50,295,773	2,559,492
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to service concession arrangement	16,670	16,670	2,337,172
Gain on refunding of debt Related to leases	905,236	282,240 905,236	- 0.600
Related to OPEB Related to pensions	539 134,486	23,167 1,250,755	9,698 464,000
Total deferred inflows of resources NET POSITION	1,056,931	2,478,068	473,698
Net investment in capital assets	20,427,574	65,475,770	4,043,317
Restricted	20,421,374 -	1,794,447	+,043,31/ -
Unrestricted (deficit)	933,275	41,013,126	2,432,090
Total net position	\$ 21,360,849	\$ 108,283,343	\$ 6,475,407

City of Madera Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

	Major Funds							
		Water Fund		Sewer Fund	S	Solid Waste Fund		Drainage Operations Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Charges for services Miscellaneous revenue	\$	13,468,682 180,535	\$	10,768,013 278,217	\$	6,079,389 27,986	\$	893,568
Total operating revenues		13,649,217		11,046,230		6,107,375		893,568
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Salaries and benefits General and administrative Supplies and miscellaneous Parts and supplies Utilities		1,450,136 2,377,707 464,086 - 1,859,246		1,367,884 2,356,572 376,574 148,084 1,095,320		488,034 5,590,837 58,083 - 9,311		259,250 272,357 27,036 - 26,077
Depreciation		896,970		2,449,844		-		344,545
Total operating expenses		7,048,145	1	7,794,278		6,146,265	-	929,265
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		6,601,072		3,251,952		(38,890)		(35,697)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Investment income (loss) Property taxes Capital grants Interest expense		(649,102) - - (269,353)		(195,583) 95,971 - (943,450)		(32,058) - 16,662 -		(19,232) - - -
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(918,455)		(1,043,062)		(15,396)		(19,232)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		5,682,617		2,208,890		(54,286)		(54,929)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS								
Capital contributions Transfers in Transfers out		259,298 - (102,468)		153,370 - (45,865)		(609,453)		616,807 - (53,408)
Total capital contributions and transfers		156,830		107,505		(609,453)		563,399
Changes in net position		5,839,447		2,316,395		(663,739)		508,470
NET POSITION:		29 472 656		21 250 427		570 720		19 527 000
Beginning of year	•	38,473,656	•	21,350,436	•	570,730	•	18,527,099
End of year	Þ	44,313,103	\$	23,666,831	\$	(93,009)	\$	19,035,569

City of Madera Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued) **Proprietary Funds**

	Non-major Funds			Total	1	vernmental Activities Internal vice Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for services Miscellaneous revenue	\$	3,243,192 193,726	\$	34,452,844 680,464	\$	4,876,134 225,375
Total operating revenues		3,436,918		35,133,308		5,101,509
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Salaries and benefits		477,015		4,042,319		1,558,739
General and administrative		2,436,776		13,034,249		943,477
Supplies and miscellaneous		384,291		1,310,070		149,891
Parts and supplies		-		148,084		255,968
Utilities		29,136		3,019,090		339,933
Depreciation		722,548		4,413,907		666,871
Total operating expenses		4,049,766		25,967,719		3,914,879
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(612,848)		9,165,589		1,186,630
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Investment income (loss)		(17,679)		(913,654)		_
Property taxes		151,653		247,624		-
Capital grants		116,945		133,607		-
Interest expense		(23,085)		(1,235,888)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		227,834		(1,768,311)		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL						
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		(385,014)		7,397,278		1,186,630
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS						
Capital contributions		-		1,029,475		-
Transfers in		298,151		298,151		-
Transfers out		(8,087)		(819,281)		(33,528)
Total capital contributions and transfers		290,064		508,345		(33,528)
Changes in net position		(94,950)		7,905,623		1,153,102
NET POSITION:						
Beginning of year		21,455,799		100,377,720		5,322,305
End of year	\$	21,360,849	\$	108,283,343	\$	6,475,407

City of Madera Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

	Major Funds					Drainage		
		Water Fund		Sewer Fund	S	Solid Waste Fund	(Operations Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		1 unu		T unu		1 und		1 una
Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$	12,657,784 (4,421,574) (1,917,330)	\$	10,874,073 (3,591,016) (2,025,625)	\$	6,044,294 (7,370,322) (603,958)	\$	893,018 (317,345) (329,030)
Other operating revenues and expenses		180,535 6,499,415		278,217 5,535,649		(1,002,000)		246,643
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		0,499,413		3,333,049		(1,902,000)		240,043
Property taxes		_		95,971		_		_
Due to other funds Advances from other funds Transfers from other funds		-				-		-
Transfers to other funds		(102,468)		(45,865)		(609,453)		(53,408
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(102,468)		50,106		(609,453)		(53,408
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Capital grants Acquisition of capital assets Principal payment of long-term debt Interest paid on debt		(385,833) (503,148) (275,484)		(30,478) (1,537,000) (980,337)		16,662 - - -		- - - -
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(1,164,465)		(2,547,815)		16,662		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Interest from investments		(649,102)		(195,583)		(32,058)		(19,232
Net cash provided by investing activities		(649,102)		(195,583)		(32,058)		(19,232
Net change in cash and cash equivalents CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		4,583,380		2,842,357		(2,526,849)		174,003
Beginning of year		29,828,745		10,284,201		2,714,683		861,185
End of year	\$	34,412,125	\$	13,126,558	\$	187,834	\$	1,035,188
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:								
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$	34,412,125	\$	11,332,111 1,794,447	\$	187,834	\$	1,035,188
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,412,125	\$	13,126,558	\$	187,834	\$	1,035,188
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	6,601,072	\$	3,251,952	\$	(38,890)	\$	(35,697
Depreciation Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources:		896,970		2,449,844		-		344,545
Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivable Lease receivable		(826,400)		103,243 (615)		(35,095)		(550
Prepaid items Deferred outflows - OPEB related Deferred outflows - pension related Accounts payable Accrued payroll		5,530 (36,351) 228,110 273,935 22,157		269 (13,004) 235,406 385,265 15,482		(13,341) 70,338 (1,712,091) 9,119		(9,136 (3,335 35,591 17,261 5,495
Deposits payable Unearned revenue Compensated absences Aggregate net pension liability Total OPEB liability Deferred inflows - lease related		8,701 6,801 39,695 (1,118,848) 162,453		3,432 (19,169) (1,154,633) 38,845		17,727 (345,000) 70,633		12,185 (174,571 17,658
Deferred inflows - OPEB related Deferred inflows - pension related		649 234,941		(3,123) 242,455		2,155 72,445		539 36,658
Total adjustments		(101,657)		2,283,697	_	(1,863,110)		282,340
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	6,499,415	\$	5,535,649	\$	(1,902,000)	\$	246,643
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	_						4	
Contributed property, plant and equipment	\$	259,298	\$	153,370	\$		\$	616,807
Total noncash capital and related financing activities See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.	\$	259,298	\$	153,370	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$	616,807

City of Madera Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds

	Non-major Funds		Total		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		Tunas		Tour		TVICE I GIIGS
Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Other operating revenues and expenses	\$	3,347,481 (2,700,680) (682,375) 193,726	\$	33,816,650 (18,400,937) (5,558,318) 680,464	\$	4,975,599 (1,707,133) (1,955,890) 225,375
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		158,152		10,537,859		1,537,951
Property taxes Due to other funds Advances from other funds Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		151,653 (222,622) (24,481) 298,151 (8,087)		247,624 (222,622) (24,481) 298,151 (819,281)		(33,528)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND		194,614		(520,609)		(33,528)
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Capital grants Acquisition of capital assets Principal payment of long-term debt Interest paid on debt		116,945 (83,613) (332,139) (24,713)		133,607 (499,924) (2,372,287) (1,280,534)		(1,302,798)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		(323,520)		(4,019,138)		(1,302,798)
Interest from investments		(17,679)		(913,654)		
Net cash provided by investing activities		(17,679)		(913,654)		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		11,567		5,084,458		201,625
Beginning of year		1,748,717		45,437,531		4,654,024
End of year RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:	\$	1,760,284	\$	50,521,989	\$	4,855,649
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$	1,760,284	\$	48,727,542 1,794,447	\$	4,855,649
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,760,284	\$	50,521,989	\$	4,855,649
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation	\$	(612,848) 722,548	\$	9,165,589 4,413,907	\$	1,186,630 666,871
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and deterred outflows and inflows of resources:		ŕ				ŕ
Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivable Lease receivable Prepaid items Deferred outflows - OPEB related Deferred outflows - pension related Accounts payable		694,728 (583,951) 56,895 (980) (3,335) 81,876 150,503		(64,074) (584,566) 56,895 (4,317) (69,366) 651,321 (885,127)		99,465 (91,499) (60,035) 243,353 73,635
Accrued payroll Deposits payable Unearned revenue Compensated absences Aggregate net pension liability Total OPEB liability Deferred inflows - lease related		5,396 (10) 9,770 (401,592) 17,658 (63,373)		57,649 8,691 10,233 60,208 (3,194,644) 307,247 (63,373)		15,729 - 19,228 (1,193,614) 317,849
Deferred inflows - OPEB related Deferred inflows - pension related		539 84,328		759 670,827		9,698 250,641
Total adjustments		771,000		1,372,270		351,321
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	158,152	\$	10,537,859	\$	1,537,951
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Contributed property, plant and equipment	\$	-	\$	1,029,475	\$	-
Total noncash capital and related financing activities See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.	\$		\$	1,029,475	\$	

This page intentionally left blank.

Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements

Custodial Funds - These funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private purpose trust funds. This includes the Madera General Deposit Custodial Fund and Community Facilities Districts Custodial Fund.

RDA Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund - This fund is used to account for monies received from the Madera County Auditor Controller for the repayment of the enforceable obligations of the former Madera Community Development Agency. These funds are restricted for the sole purpose of payment of items on an approved Recognized Payment Obligation Schedule (ROPS).

This page intentionally left blank.

City of Madera Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	 Custodial Funds		RDA cessor Agency vate Purpose Frust Fund
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 2,088,848	\$	5,799,797
Accounts receivable, net	(1,893)		(2,244)
Prepaid items	975		3,736
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent	47,031		-
Land held for resale	-		278,207
Due from City	-		48,919
Capital asset, not being depreciated	-		16,701
Capital asset, being depreciated, net	 		1,528,486
Total assets	 2,134,961		7,673,602
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	9,369		342
Interest payable	-		477,740
Long-term debt - due within one year	-		1,440,000
Long-term debt - due in more than one year			33,803,971
Total liabilities	9,369		35,722,053
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			
Restricted for:			
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	2,125,592		-
Held in trust for dissolution of RDA	-		(28,048,451)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 2,125,592	\$	(28,048,451)

City of Madera Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

	Custodial Priv			RDA uccessor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund	
ADDITIONS:					
Special assessments for other governments	\$	178,787	\$	-	
Investment income		(48,042)		13,337	
RDA property tax trust fund distribution		-		2,871,594	
Other payments received				1,200	
Total additions		1,916,253		2,886,131	
DEDUCTIONS:					
Administration		7,772		-	
Project payments		-		19,058	
Payments on conduit bonds - principal		84,046		-	
Payments on conduit bonds - interest		84,114		-	
Depreciation		-		34,738	
Interest expense				1,213,650	
Total deductions		175,932		1,267,446	
Change in net position		1,740,321		1,618,685	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):					
Beginning of year		385,271		(29,667,136)	
End of year	\$	2,125,592	\$	(28,048,451)	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This page intentionally left blank.

City of Madera Index of Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – S	ummary of Significant Accounting Policies	57
Α.	Financial Reporting Entity	57
	Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus	
	Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources	
	Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	
E.	Restricted Assets	
F.	Receivables	
G.		
Н.		
I.	Prepaid Items	
J.	Leases	
٠.	Land Held for Resale	
	Capital Assets	
	Long-Term Debt.	
	Compensated Absences	
	Pension Plans	
О. Р.	Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	
	Fund Balances	
	Net Position	
S.	Property Taxes.	
ъ. Т	Use of Accounting Estimates	
1. II	Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022	
V.	Upcoming Government Accounting Standards Implementations	
	ash and Investments – City	
	Summary	
	Demand Deposits	73
C.	Investments Authorized by the California Government	
	Code and the City's Investment Policy	
	Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements	
E.	Fair Value Measurement	
F.	THIS BISSIONS	
G.	Investment in State Investment Pool	77
Note 3 – C	ash and Investments – Component Unit	77
A.	Summary	77
В.	Demand Deposits	78
	Investments Authorized by the California Government	
	Code and the Housing Authority's Investment Policy	
	Risk Disclosure	
E.	Investment in State Investment Pool	80
Note 4 – N	otes Receivables	81
A.	Governmental Activities	81
	Component Unit	
Note 5 – L	ease Receivable	83
А	Governmental Activities	83
	Business-Type Activities	
	• A	

City of Madera Index of Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 6 – I	nterfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers	85
A.	Due To / From Other Funds	85
	Transfers	
C.	Long-Term Absences	85
Note 7 – I	Oue to Fiduciary Funds	86
Note 8 – 0	Capital Assets	86
Α.	Governmental Activities	86
	Business-Type Activities	
C.	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	88
D.	Component Unit	88
Note 9 – I	Long-Term Liabilities	89
A.	Governmental Activities	89
	Business-Type Activities	
	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	
D.	Component Unit	95
Note 10 –	Special Assessment Debt with No City Commitment	96
Note 11 –	Compensated Absences	97
	Governmental Activities	
	Business-Type Activities	
C.	Component Unit	98
Note 12 –	Risk Management	98
Note 13 –	Pension Plans	100
A.	Summary	100
B.	City Miscellaneous Plan	101
	City Safety Plan	
D.	Component Unit Miscellaneous Plan	111
Note 14 –	Other Postemployment Benefits	117
A.	Summary	117
	General Information about OPEB	
C.	Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows	110
	of Resources Related to OPEB	118
Note 15 –	Deferred Compensation Plan	120
A.	City	120
	Component Unit	

City of Madera Index of Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 16 – Service Concession Agreement	121
Note 17 – Other Required Disclosures	121
A. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position	121
B. Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations	121
Note 18 – Fund Balance Classification	122
Note 19 – Net Investment in Capital Assets	123
Note 20 – Commitments and Contingencies	123
A. Litigation	123
B. Contingent Liabilities	123
C. Federal and State Grants	123
D. Contractual Commitments	124
E. Encumbrances	124

This page intentionally left blank.

City of Madera Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Madera, California (City) have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles of the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards in the United States. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Madera, California (the "City") was incorporated in 1907 under the general laws of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public protection, health and social services, public ways and facilities, community development (planning, building and zoning), culture-recreation, public utilities (water, sewer, solid waste, and drainage operations), airport services, local transportation, golf course, and general administrative services.

Blended Component Units

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, the City, and its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the primary government is accountable and their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance part of the government's operation and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

Although the following are legally separate from the City, they have been "blended" as though they are part of the City because the component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the City's and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the City and the component unit; management of the City has operational responsibilities for the component units; and/or the component units provide services entirely, or almost entirely, to the City or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the City, even though it does not provide services directly to it.

Madera Public Financing Authority (Financing Authority)

The Madera Public Financing Authority (Financing Authority) was created in 1989. The Financing Authority is a joint exercise of joint powers. The City Council serves as directors of the Financing Authority. The purpose of the Financing Authority is to act as a financing/lending type of entity only. No separate annual financial statements are prepared for the Financing Authority. Since the City Council previously served as the government board for this component unit, the City's component unit was considered to be a blended component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and financial information was reported with the primary government.

City of Madera Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units

A discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Housing Authority of the City of Madera (Housing Authority)

The Housing Authority of the City of Madera (Housing Authority) is a governmental entity authorized in accordance with state law to engage in the development, acquisition, leasing, and administration of low-rent housing programs. The Housing Authority is governed by a Board of Commissioners, which is comprised of members of the City Council. Management of the Housing Authority is appointed and held accountable to the Governing Board. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the Housing Authority has elected to change its fiscal year end from June 30 to September 30 and to join a consortia with other Housing Authorities in California. The first financial reporting period under the new year-end reporting date consisted of a 15-month accounting period from July 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021. The Housing Authority's September 30 fiscal year-end audited financial statements are included in the City's basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit. Complete financial statements for the Housing Authority may be obtained from the administrative offices located at 205 North G St, Madera, CA 93637.

The Housing Authority and the City have different fiscal years, which can result in timing differences in transactions between the Housing Authority and the City as noted in the basic financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained in accordance with legal and managerial requirements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

These financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

City of Madera Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of U.S. GAAP. Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program. Program revenues for the City are classified in three categories:

- > Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- ➤ Due to/from other funds
- ➤ Advances to/from other funds
- > Transfers in/out

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in Net Position as presented in these statements to the Net Position presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Measurable means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. Available means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The City uses an availability period of 60 days for all revenues except grants, which use a six-month availability period.

Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, gas taxes, motor vehicle in-lieu, transient occupancy taxes, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when cash is received by the government.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Revenue recognition is subject to the measurable and available criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). Locally imposed derived tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. Imposed non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. Government-mandated and voluntary non-exchange transactions have been recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

The Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of GASB Statement No. 34.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for by other City funds and for expenditures related to the rendering of general services by the City.

General Development Impact Fee Fund – This fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of the AB1600 development impact fee monies that are restricted or committed to expenditures for the intended purposes.

Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the construction of the Solar Energy Lease Purchase projects. These projects are funded by the Solar Energy Lease Purchase debt obligations.

Discretely Presented Component Unit Financial Statements

The activities of the Authority closely resemble those of ongoing businesses in which the purpose is to conserve and add to basic resources while meeting operating expenses from current revenues. The Authority provides services on a continuous basis and its activities are substantially financed by revenues derived from user charges and contributions from the member agencies. The Authority utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized as they are incurred.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major Proprietary Fund.

A separate column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City's internal service funds include funds which provide services directly to other City funds. These areas of service include fleet maintenance, facilities maintenance, and technology.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. In these funds, receivables have been recorded as revenue and provisions have been made for uncollectible amounts.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residential, commercial and industrial segments of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the provision of sewer treatment to residential, commercial and industrial segments of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Solid Waste Fund – This fund is used to account for City's activities related to solid waste removal and street cleaning activities.

Drainage Operations Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's activities related to drainage operations.

Internal service fund balances and activities have been combined with governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, and are comprised of the following funds:

Fleet Maintenance Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with the maintenance of the City fleet of vehicles.

Facilities Maintenance Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with the maintenance of the City Hall building and other City buildings.

Technology Fund - This fund is used to account for the costs associated with automation maintenance of the City's various computers, servers and interdepartmental electronic communications.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City's fiduciary funds represent custodial funds and private purpose trust funds. Both custodial funds and the private purpose trust funds are accounted for on the full accrual basis of accounting.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary fund types are accounted for according to the nature of the fund. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Such funds include and General Deposits Fund. They are also used to account for various assessment districts for which the City acts as an agent for debt service activity, as the City is prohibited from levying additional taxes for these districts. Such funds include Community Facilities Districts.

The City's private purpose trust fund is a fiduciary fund type used by the City to report assets, liabilities and activities of the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency) for the City of Madera. Its results of operations are presented on the Statement of Changes of Fiduciary Net Position.

Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency for the City of Madera

The Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund was created to serve as a custodian for the assets and to wind down the affairs of the RDA on February 1, 2012, pursuant to Assembly Bill x1 26. Its purpose is to expeditiously wind down the affairs of the dissolved Redevelopment Agency (RDA). The Successor Agency is a separate public entity from the City, subject to the direction of an oversight board. The City Council serves as the governing board of the Successor Agency. In general, the Successor Agency's assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, the Successor Agency will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former RDA until all enforceable obligations of the former RDA have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated. Based upon the nature of the Successor Agency's custodial role, the Successor Agency has been included in the accompanying basic financial statements as a private purpose trust fund. On March 6, 2015, the California Department of Finance (Finance) approved the City's revised Long-Range Property Management Plan (LRPMP), with the assets deemed for governmental use and future development.

C. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Statement of Net Position reports separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City considers pooled cash and investment amounts, with original maturities of three months or less, to be cash equivalents.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

Investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements at fair value, except for certain investment contracts that are reported at cost because they are not transferable and they have terms that are not affected by changes in market interest rates. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for that fiscal year, and may result in negative investment income in the accompanying financial statements. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance, except for investment income associated with funds not legally required to receive pooled investment income which has been assigned to and recorded as revenue of the general fund, as provided by California Government Code Section 53647.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents, include amounts on deposit in the City pool and any short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

Certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, for deposits and investment risks in the following areas:

- > Interest rate risk
- Credit risk
 - Overall
 - Custodial credit risk
 - Concentration of credit risk
- > Foreign currency risk

U.S. GAAP establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the Statements of Net Position, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value.

In addition, other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end and other disclosures.

Levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, which are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

E. Restricted Assets

Amounts reported as restricted assets have been restricted by bond indentures or are to be used for specified purposes based on contract provisions, such as bonded debt service.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Receivables

Customer or trade receivables are reported as "accounts receivable" and are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts based on historical and management estimates.

Noncurrent portions of long-term receivables (e.g., "notes receivable") due to governmental fund types are reported in their respective balance sheets despite their spending measurement focus. Recognition of governmental fund type revenues represented by noncurrent receivables are deferred until they become current receivables. Noncurrent portions of long-term notes receivable are offset by restricted fund balance in the special revenue funds.

G. Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the Governmental-Wide Financial Statements as "internal balances."

H. Inventory

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies and vehicle repair parts. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditure/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. Inventory reported in governmental funds is offset with nonspendable fund balance to show that inventories do not constitute available spendable resources, even though they are a component of fund balance.

I. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items are reported in the governmental funds under the consumption method and are reported as a nonspendable component of fund balance to indicate that they are not spendable for appropriation and are not expendable financial resources.

J. Leases

Lessor

The City is a lessor for leases of special purpose facilities, office and commercial space, and land. The City recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the financial Statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflows of resources are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources are recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term in a systematic and rational method.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Leases (Continued)

Lessor (Continued)

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

K. Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale represents land, structures, and related improvements that were acquired for resale as part of the City's redevelopment and grant activities. Land held for resale is accounted for is recorded at lower of cost or net realizable value in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Land held for resale, which is not available for current expenditure, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet as restricted fund balance when proceeds from the sale must be used for restricted purposes or as nonspendable fund balance when such proceeds are not restricted.

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are valued at the fair value of the assets on the date on which they were contributed. Donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. The City utilizes a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 - \$25,000 depending on asset type.

Depreciation is charged to operations using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Asset Type	Years
Buildings	25-35
Improvements	5-50
Equipment	4-15
Infrastructure	10-50

For all infrastructure systems, the City elected to use the Basic Approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting. The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include the streets, water purification and distribution system, sewer collection and treatment system, parks and recreation, lands and improvement system, storm water conveyance system, and buildings combined with the site amenities such as parking and landscaped areas used by the City in the conduct of its business. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, traffic control devices (signs, signals and pavement markings), landscaping and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

M. Long-Term Debt

Government-Wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Long-term debt and other financial obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed when incurred. Gains or losses on bond refunding are reported as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and amortized over the term of the related debt.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements do not present long-term debt but are shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Debt issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Compensated Absences

The City's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

For governmental and business-type activities, compensated absences are recorded as expenses when earned.

Fund Financial Statements

For governmental funds, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the year paid. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate compensated absences. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed to the various funds in the period they are earned, and such fund's share of the unpaid liability is recorded as a long-term liability of the fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

O. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans (Note 12). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund and Internal Service Funds are typically used to liquidate the pension liability related to the City's governmental activities while the pension liability for Business-type activities is liquidated from the respective Enterprise Funds.

The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

Valuation date June 30, 2020 Measurement date June 30, 2021

Measurement period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

P. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plan, the assets of which are held in an irrevocable trust, and additions to/deductions from the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position have been determined by an independent actuary (Note 13). For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The Enterprise Funds are used to liquidate the OPEB liability.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and fiduciary net position information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation date June 30, 2020 Measurement date June 30, 2021

Measurement period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Q. Fund Balances

As prescribed by U.S. GAAP, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2022, fund balances for governmental funds are made up of the following:

- <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> includes amounts that are (a) not in a spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: deposits and prepaid items.
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resources providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted with the consent of resource providers.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that have been limited to specific purposes or through adoption of a resolution or an ordinance by the City Council, the highest level of decision-making authority of the City, and resources that have been specifically committed for use in satisfying contractual obligations, as in agreements with third-parties. The City has determined that both a resolution and an ordinance are equally binding. These commitments may be changed or lifted, but only by the same formal action that was used to impose the constraint originally. City Council action to commit fund balance must occur within the fiscal reporting period while the amount committed may be subsequently determined.
- Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes. Intent is expressed by (a) the City Council or (b) a body or official to which the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for a specific purpose. This policy delegates to the Finance Director the authority to assign unassigned fund balance amounts where the City's intent is for those amounts to be used for specific purposes. This delegation of authority is for the sole purpose of reporting these amounts in the annual financial statements.
- <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> includes amounts within the General Fund, the residual resources, either positive or negative in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the other four fund balance categories. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose. Other governmental funds may only report a negative unassigned balance that was created after classification of fund balance in the nonspendable, restricted or committed categories.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes where only unrestricted fund balances are available, the City uses the unrestricted resources in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

R. Net Position

The financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is classified as follows:

• Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any debt outstanding and any deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to such borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is offset by unspent proceeds.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

R. Net Position (Continued)

- Restricted Net Position This category presents restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Those assets are restricted due to external restrictions imposed by creditors (such as through bond covenants), grantors or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Unrestricted</u> This category represents net position of the City that is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the City's policy is to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources that are needed.

S. Property Taxes

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities in the current period.

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties at up to 1% of assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. The County of Madera, bills and collects the property taxes and remits them to the City at various times throughout the year. Property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are due in two installments. The first installment is due on November 1, and is payable through December 10 without penalty. The second installment is due February 1, and is payable through April 10 without penalty.

T. Use of Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions, in some cases when applicable, that affect the amounts in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

U. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The requirements of the following accounting standards are effective for the purpose of implementation, if applicable to the City, for the year ended June 30, 2022. The financial statements included herein apply the requirements and provisions of these statements, including necessary retroactive adjustments to financial statement classifications and presentations.

GASB Statement No. 87

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB Statement No. 87), to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It also establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Implementation of this Statement had a significant effect on the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

U. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 89

In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5–22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. Application of this statement did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92

In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Application of this statement did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 93

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. Application of this statement did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 97

In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Application of this statement did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

V. Upcoming Government Accounting Standards Implementations

The City is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB statements:

GASB Statement No. 91

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 94

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 96

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 99

In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Application of this statement is effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

V. Upcoming Government Accounting Standards Implementations (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 100

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Application of this statement is effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 101

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments - City

A. Summary

Cash and investments are presented in the accompanying financial statements for the City at June 30, 2022 as follows:

	Government-Wide Statement of Net Position					Fidu	iciary Funds		
	Governmental Business-Type St				atement of				
	Activities		Activities			Total	Ne	et Position	Total
Cash and investments	\$	96,818,070	\$	48,727,542	\$	145,545,612	\$	7,888,645	\$ 153,434,257
Restricted cash and investments		2,517,025		1,794,447		4,311,472		47,031	 4,358,503
Total cash and investments	\$	99,335,095	\$	50,521,989	\$	149,857,084	\$	7,935,676	\$ 157,792,760

Cash and investments for the City at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Cash:	
Cash on hand	\$ 6,600
Deposits with financial institution	 38,497,023
Total cash	38,503,623
Investments:	
Investments	114,923,192
Investments held by bond trustee	 4,358,503
Total investments	119,281,695
Total cash and investments	157,785,318

As part of the City's investment guidelines, the City continually seeks ways to increase investment income while not risking investment principal. One way the City accomplishes this is by "sweeping", on a nightly basis, any excess cash held in its non-interest-bearing checking account to an interest-bearing money market account with the same bank.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments – City (Continued)

B. Demand Deposits

The carrying amounts of the City's demand deposits were \$38,497,023 at June 30, 2022. Bank balances were \$38,979,463 at that date, the total amount of which was collateralized or insured with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The City, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code and the City's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

		M aximum	M aximum
	M aximum	Percentage	Investment in
Authorized Investment Types	Maturity	of Portfolio	One Issuer*
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

^{*} Based on state law requirements or City investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments – City (Continued)

D. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by fiscal agents are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

		M aximum	M aximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment in
Authorized Investment Types	Maturity	Allowed	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Investment Contracts	30 years	None	None

E. Fair Value Measurement

As of June 30, 2022, the City's investments had the following recurring fair value measurements:

Investments measured by fair value level:		une 30, 2022	Level 2		
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	\$	13,807,035	\$	13,807,035	
Municipal bonds		1,826,720		1,826,720	
U.S. Treasury Obligations		1,847,670		1,847,670	
U.S. Government Securities:					
Federal Home Loan Bank		9,267,690		9,267,690	
Federal Farm Credit Bank		4,009,646		4,009,646	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		1,894,160		1,894,160	
Federal National Mortgage Association		2,783,630		2,783,630	
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation		1,432,375		1,432,375	
U.S. Corporate Bonds		12,135,696		12,135,696	
Total investments by fair value level		49,004,622	\$	49,004,622	
Investments not subject to the fair value hierarchy:					
Local Agency Investment Fund		60,594,968			
Money market mutual funds		5,202,105			
Certificates of deposit		4,480,000			
Total investments not subject to the fair value hierarchy		70,277,073			
Total investments	\$	119,281,695	ı		

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 2 are valued using the following approaches:

- U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agencies, and Commercial Paper: quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active;
- Medium term notes: quoted prices for similar securities in active markets; and
- Asset-backed securities: recent appraisals of the asset value.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments – City (Continued)

F. Risk Disclosure

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity. For purposes of the schedule shown on the next page, any callable securities are assumed to be held to maturity.

		Investment Maturities									
Investment Type	Total	1	year or less	1	- 2 Years	2	2 - 3 Years	3	3 - 4 Years		5+ Years
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 60,594,968	\$	60,594,968	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Money market mutual funds	843,602		843,602		-		-		-		-
Municipal bonds	1,826,720		-		-		911,210		-		915,510
Certificates of deposit	4,480,000		2,488,000		996,000		249,000		-		747,000
Negotiable certificates of deposit	13,807,035		1,960,065		1,869,390		3,284,416		5,768,976		924,188
U.S. Treasury Obligations	1,847,670		-		-		933,330		914,340		-
U.S. Government Securities:											
Federal Home Loan Bank	9,267,690		-		-		2,863,350		5,486,700		917,640
Federal Farm Credit Bank	4,009,646		-		966,070		3,043,576		-		-
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	1,894,160		976,570		-		-		917,590		-
Federal National Mortgage Association	2,783,630		-		-		938,900		1,844,730		-
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	1,432,375		-		482,545		949,830		-		-
U.S. corporate bonds	12,135,696		4,270,345		1,255,681		3,752,970		1,908,750		947,950
Held by bond trustee:											
Money market mutual funds	4,358,503		4,358,503		-		-		-		-
Total investments	\$ 119,281,695	\$	75,492,053	\$	5,569,686	\$	16,926,582	\$	16,841,086	\$	4,452,288

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. However, some issuers do not seek a credit rating. For instance, the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) has not sought or received a credit rating. In these cases, the purchaser is solely responsible for performing their own due diligence before purchasing an investment or participating in an external investment pool. Certificates of deposit of \$250,000 or less are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), and therefore, do not seek a credit rating.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments – City (Continued)

F. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk (Continued)

Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

			Minimum Legal	q	Ratings t Year-End			
Investment Type		Total	Rating	AA or AAA		Not Rated		
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	60,594,968	N/A	\$	-	\$	60,594,968	
Money market mutual funds		843,602	A-1		_		843,602	
Municipal bonds		1,826,720	AA+		_		1,826,720	
Certificates of deposit		4,480,000	AA+		_		4,480,000	
Negotiable certificates of deposit		13,807,035	AA+		_		13,807,035	
U.S. Treasury Obligations		1,847,670	AA+		1,847,670		-	
U.S. Government Securities:								
Federal Home Loan Bank		9,267,690	AA		9,267,690		-	
Federal Farm Credit Bank		4,009,646	AA		4,009,646		-	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		1,894,160	AA		1,894,160		-	
Federal National Mortgage Association		2,783,630	AA-		2,783,630		-	
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation		1,432,375	AA-		1,432,375		-	
U.S. corporate bonds		12,135,696	AA		12,135,696		-	
Held by bond trustee:								
Money market mutual funds		4,358,503	AA+		-		4,358,503	
Total investments	\$	119,281,695		\$	33,370,867	\$	85,910,828	

Disclosure Relating to Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated in the Government Code. GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure by amount and issuer, of investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total investments. At June 30, 2022, the following investments in one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represents 5% or more of the City's total investments.

		Reported	Percentage
Issuer	Investment Type	Amount	of Portfolio
Federal Home Loan Banks	U.S. Government Securities	\$ 9,267,690	7.77%

Disclosures Relating to Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 2 – Cash and Investments – City (Continued)

F. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. At June 30, 2022, the City's deposits (bank balances) were collateralized under California Law.

G. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments in LAIF at June 30, 2022 included a portion of pool funds invested in Structure Notes and Asset-Backed Securities:

<u>Structured Notes</u> are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash-flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>, the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2022, the City had \$60,594,968 invested in LAIF, which had invested 1.88% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Back Securities. LAIF determines fair value on its investment portfolio based on market quotations for those securities where market quotations are readily available and based on amortized cost or best estimate for those securities where market value is not readily available. The City valued its investments in LAIF as of June 30, 2022, by multiplying its account balance with LAIF times a fair value factor determined by LAIF. This fair value factor was determined by dividing all LAIF participants' total aggregate amortized cost by total aggregate fair value. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The credit quality rating of LAIF is unrated as of June 30, 2022.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments – Component Unit

A. Summary

Cash and investments are presented in the accompanying financial statements for the Component Unit at September 30, 2022 as follows:

	Component Unit				
Cash and investments	\$	7,419,157			
Restricted cash and investments		2,527,127			
Total cash and investments	\$	9,946,284			

Note 3 – Cash and Investments – Component Unit (Continued)

A. Summary (Continued)

Cash and investments for the Component Unit at September 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Cash:	
Cash on hand	\$ 100
Deposits with financial institution	3,238,638
Total cash	3,238,738
Investments:	
Investments	6,707,546
Total investments	6,707,546
Total cash and investments	9,946,284

B. Demand Deposits

The carrying amounts of the Component Unit's demand deposits were \$3,238,638 at September 30, 2021. Bank balances were \$3,240,638 at that date, the total amount of which was collateralized or insured with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the Component Unit's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the Component Unit's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the Component Unit's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the Component Unit's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure Component Unit's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the Component Unit's total cash deposits. The Component Unit may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The Component Unit, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the Housing Authority's Investment Policy

The Housing Authority's investment policy only authorizes investment in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) administered by the State of California. The Housing Authority's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit its exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

D. Risk Disclosure

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the Component Unit manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments – Component Unit (Continued)

D. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Component Unit's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the Component Unit's investments by maturity. For purposes of the schedule shown on the next page, any callable securities are assumed to be held to maturity.

		Investment	
		Maturities	
Investment Type	Total	1 year or less	
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 6,707,546	\$	6,707,546

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. However, some issuers do not seek a credit rating. For instance, the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) has not sought or received a credit rating. In these cases, the purchaser is solely responsible for performing their own due diligence before purchasing an investment or participating in an external investment pool. Certificates of deposit of \$250,000 or less are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), and therefore, do not seek a credit rating.

Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the Component Unit's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

		Minimum	
		Legal	
Investment Type	Total	Rating	 Not Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 6,707,546	N/A	\$ 6,707,546

Disclosure Relating to Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the Component Unit contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated in the Government Code. GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure by amount and issuer, of investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total investments. At September 30, 2021, the had no investments in one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represents 5% or more of the Component Unit's total investments.

Disclosures Relating to Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments – Component Unit (Continued)

D. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Custodial Credit Risk

The California Government Code and the Component Unit's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Component Unit deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. At September 30, 2021, the Component Unit's deposits (bank balances) were collateralized under California Law.

E. Investment in State Investment Pool

The Component Unit is a participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The Component Unit's investments in LAIF at June 30, 2022 included a portion of pool funds invested in Structure Notes and Asset-Backed Securities:

<u>Structured Notes</u> are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash-flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>, the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of September 30, 2021, the Component Unit had \$6,707,546 invested in LAIF, which had invested 2.05% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Back Securities. LAIF determines fair value on its investment portfolio based on market quotations for those securities where market quotations are readily available and based on amortized cost or best estimate for those securities where market value is not readily available. The Component Unit valued its investments in LAIF as of September 30, 2021, by multiplying its account balance with LAIF times a fair value factor determined by LAIF. This fair value factor was determined by dividing all LAIF participants' total aggregate amortized cost by total aggregate fair value. The fair value of the Component Unit's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The credit quality rating of LAIF is unrated as of September 30, 2021.

Note 4 – Notes Receivables

A. Governmental Activities

At June 30, 2022, notes receivable for government activities consisted of the following:

	Notes Receivable Balance June 30, 2022		Doul	lowance for otful Accounts Balance one 30, 2022	Financial Statement Balance June 30, 2022		
City:							
Residential Rehab Special Revenue Fund:							
Madera Pacific Associates Loan	\$	2,962,234	\$	-	\$	2,962,234	
100 Stadium Rd., LP Loan		5,034,343		-		5,034,343	
Forgivable Loans		7,490,072		(7,490,072)		-	
Total Residential Rehab Special Revenue Fund		15,486,649		(7,490,072)		7,996,577	
Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund		7,000		-		7,000	
Total City	\$	15,493,649	\$	(7,490,072)	\$	8,003,577	

Residential Rehab Special Revenue Fund

The City was awarded a \$3 million-dollar federal grant from the HOME Investment Program (HOME) administered through the State of California. The proceeds of this grant were used to provide a \$3 million loan to Madera Pacific Associates (MPA) for multi-family rental housing projects serving low and very low-income individuals through subordinate loans with terms up to 55 years. MPA is required to repay the loan through the net cash flow payments it receives from project operations. The loan balance at June 30, 2022 is \$2,962,234, which is recorded as a note receivable in the Residential Rehab special revenue fund.

The City was awarded a \$5 million-dollar federal grant from the HOME Investment Program (HOME) administered through the State of California. The proceeds of this grant were used to provide a \$5 million loan to 100 Stadium Rd., L.P. for multi-family rental housing projects serving low and very low-income individuals through subordinate loans with terms up to 55 years. 100 Stadium Rd., L.P. is required to repay the loan through the net cash flow payments it receives from project operations. The loan balance at June 30, 2022 is \$5,034,343, which is recorded as a note receivable in the Residential Rehab special revenue fund.

Forgivable Loans

The City administers the first time homebuyer, housing rehabilitation, and small business loan programs funded with various grants (i.e. CDBG, HOME, CalHome, NSP, etc.). Under these programs, individuals with incomes below certain levels are eligible to receive low interest loans. These loans are secured by deeds of trust on the properties. Deferred payment loans receivable under these forgivable loans are not required to be paid back unless the participating homeowner sells, transfers title to the property, or discontinues residence in the dwelling at which time the full amount of the deferred loan is due. These deferred payment loans are "nonperforming loans" and are not recorded as loans receivable in the financial statements.

Note 4 – Notes Receivables (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Loans and related items as of June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

Loan Type	Lo	utstanding an Balance ne 30, 2022	Due
First-time homebuy er	\$	5,431,572	30 years
Housing rehabilitation		1,506,296	30 years
Small business		740,162	10 years
Total	\$	7,678,030	

Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund

The Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset special revenue fund reports \$7,000 of notes receivable. These were loans funded from the former Redevelopment Agency to developers for construction of affordable housing or rehabilitation within the boundaries of the Redevelopment Project Area. These low interest-bearing loans are secured by deeds of trust. Maturities vary according to terms and disposition of property.

B. Component Unit

Component Unit:	- 100	es Receivable Balance ember 30, 2021	Allowar Doubtful A Bala September	Accounts	S	inancial tatement Balance mber 30, 2021	Rece I	nterest sivable, net Balance nber 30, 2021
Housing Authority for the City of Madera: MORES Yosemite Manor, LP Loan MORES Corporation Loans	\$	2,506,201 440,872	\$	-	\$	2,506,201 440,872	\$	533,984 2,674
Total Component Unit	\$	2,947,073	\$	_	\$	2,947,073	\$	536,658

The Housing Authority has a note receivable of \$2,506,201, due from MORES Yosemite Manor, L.P., secured by first deed on land and building subject to note. Interest bearing on the outstanding principal balance at the rate of 4.21%, compounded annually. The term of the note commenced May 14, 2008 and expires on December 31, 2063. The note is due and payable from residual receipts per the loan agreement. As of September 30, 2021, the outstanding interest receivable amounted to \$1,416,709. Management has established an allowance of \$882,725 as of September 30, 2021, due to the uncertainty of collectability.

The Housing Authority has a promissory note made from March 2010 to May 2014 amounting to \$440,872, due from Madera Opportunities for Resident Enrichment Services, Inc. (MORES), a California non-profit corporation. The promissory note is subject to various interest rates, payment start dates, and due dates. The note is secured by first and second deeds of trusts on buildings subject to the notes. The notes are due and payable from rental receipts per the loan agreements. As of September 30, 2021, the outstanding interest receivable amounted to \$2,674.

Note 5 – Lease Receivable

A. Governmental Activities

Certain portions of the City's property is leased to others. Such property includes special purpose facilities, office and commercial space, and land. Lease receivable consists of agreements with other for the right-to-use of the underlying assets at various locations owned by the City. The terms of the arrangements range from 2 to 99 years. The calculated interest rates used vary depending on the length of the lease. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized \$56,908 in lease revenue and \$8,415 in interest revenue.

A summary of changes in lease receivable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

										Classification			
Balance							F	Balance	Due within		Due in More		
	Jul	uly 1, 2021 Additions		ons	D	eletions	June 30, 2022		O	ne Year	Thar	One Year	
Leases receivable	\$	558,352	\$	-	\$	(47,607)	\$	510,745	\$	47,685	\$	463,060	

As of June 30, 2022, the required payments for these leases, including interest, are:

Year Ending							
June 30,	P	Principal		Interest	Total		
2023	\$	47,685	\$	8,847	\$	56,532	
2024		22,570		8,516		31,086	
2025		20,187		8,210		28,397	
2026		14,572		7,926		22,498	
2027		15,421		7,640		23,061	
2028-2032		90,945		33,299		124,244	
2033-2037		117,183		23,388		140,571	
2038-2042		148,303		10,739		159,042	
2043		33,879		355		34,234	
Total	\$	510,745	\$	108,920	\$	619,665	

As of June 30, 2022, the amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as lease revenue as follows:

Year Ending	Am	ortization
June 30,	S	chedule
2023	\$	56,908
2024		31,006
2025		27,814
2026		21,429
2027		21,429
2028-2032		128,572
2033-2037		85,715
2038-2042		107,144
2043		21,427
Total	\$	501,444

Note 5 – Lease Receivable (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

Certain portions of the City's property is leased to others. Such property includes special purpose facilities, office and commercial space, and land. Lease receivable consists of agreements with other for the right-to-use of the underlying assets at various locations owned by the City. The terms of the arrangements range from 2 to 99 years. The calculated interest rates used vary depending on the length of the lease. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized \$63,374 in lease revenue and \$16,127 in interest revenue.

A summary of changes in lease receivable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

								 Classification			
Balance July 1, 2021 Additions					De	eletions	Balance e 30, 2022	e within ne Year		e in More One Year	
Leases receivable	\$	968,610	\$		\$	(56,896)	\$ 911,714	\$ 52,768	\$	858,946	

As of June 30, 2022, the required payments for these leases, including interest, are:

Year Ending						
June 30,	P	rincipal]	Interest	Total	
2023	\$	52,768	\$	16,920	\$	69,688
2024		36,784		16,238		53,022
2025		37,459		15,563		53,022
2026		38,146		14,876		53,022
2027		38,846		14,176		53,022
2028-2032		200,934		59,927		260,861
2033-2037		172,495		42,008		214,503
2038-2042		147,326		26,724		174,050
2043-2047		142,925		11,328		154,253
2048-2050		44,031		985		45,016
Total	\$	911,714	\$	218,745	\$	1,130,459

As of June 30, 2022, the amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as lease revenue as follows:

Year Ending	Amortization					
June 30,	S	chedule				
2023	\$	60,047				
2024		43,419				
2025		43,419				
2026		43,419				
2027		43,419				
2028-2032		250,631				
2033-2037		133,205				
2038-2042		134,554				
2043-2047		118,859				
2048-2050		34,264				
Total	\$	905,236				

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

A. Due To / From Other Funds

Amounts due to and due from other funds at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects Fund		\$ 2,381,487	Overdrawn Cash
General Fund	Federal Aid Urban Special Revenue Fund		103,001	Overdrawn Cash
General Fund	Street Construction Special Revenue Fund		1,001,567	Overdrawn Cash
General Fund	Streets and Roads Capital Projects Funds		295	Overdrawn Cash
General Fund	Local Transit Enterprise Fund		277,685	Overdrawn Cash
General Fund	Golf Course Enterprise Fund		529,076	Overdrawn Cash
		Total	\$ 4,293,111	

B. Transfers

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Special Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	\$ 630,467	Capital projects
General Fund	Measure "T" Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	897,474	Capital projects
General Fund	Street Construction Special Revenue Fund	512,000	Capital projects
General Fund	Community Facilities District Special Revenue Fund	317,600	Administrative cost
General Fund	General Development Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund	15,000	Administrative cost
General Fund	General Development Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund	125,020	Debt service
General Fund	Water Enterprise Fund	60,000	Engineering costs
General Fund	Solid Waste Disposal Enterprise Fund	593,857	Engineering costs
General Fund	Drainage Operations Enterprise Fund	45,000	Engineering costs
General Fund	Intermodal Facility Special Revenue Fund	249	Fund insurance reserve
General Fund	Parking District Operations Special Revenue Fund	311	Fund insurance reserve
General Fund	Water Enterprise Fund	42,468	Fund insurance reserve
General Fund	Sewer Enterprise Fund	45,865	Fund insurance reserve
General Fund	Solid Waste Disposal Enterprise Fund	15,596	Fund insurance reserve
General Fund	Drainage Operations Enterprise Fund	8,408	Fund insurance reserve
General Fund	Local Transit Enterprise Fund	4,612	Fund insurance reserve
General Fund	Airport Enterprise Fund	3,475	Fund insurance reserve
General Fund	Internal Service Funds	33,528	Fund insurance reserve
	Subtotal	3,350,930	
Golf Course Enterprise Fund	General Fund	298,151	Capital projects
	Total	\$ 3,649,081	

C. Long-Term Advances

At June 30, 2022, the balances of long-term advances were as follows:

Advances To	Advances From	Amount
General Fund	Golf Course Enterprise Fund	\$ 36,720

City of Madera Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 6 – Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

C. Long-Term Advances (Continued)

General Fund Advance to the Golf Course Fund

On January 1, 2014, the General Fund entered into loan agreement with the Golf Course Fund in the amount of \$1,710,000. The loan is to be repaid over 20 years at 0.0% interest rate per year. This loan is for funding facility construction. At June 30, 2022, the outstanding balance of the agreement was \$36,720.

The annual requirements to amortize the loan are as follows:

Year Ending

June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2023	\$	24,480	\$	-	\$	24,480	
2024		12,240		-		12,240	
Total	\$	36,720	\$	-	\$	36,720	

Note 7 – Due to Fiduciary Funds

Due to fiduciary funds as of June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Ar	mount	Purpose
RDA Successor Agency				
Purpose Trust Fund	General Fund	\$	48,919	Reimbursement

Note 8 – Capital Assets

A. Governmental Activities

The summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022		
Capital assets, not being depreciated							
Land	\$ 12,409,951	\$ -	\$ -	205,000	\$ 12,614,951		
Construction in progress	29,218,024	7,063,488		(12,429,933)	23,851,579		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	41,627,975	7,063,488	-	(12,224,933)	36,466,530		
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Building and improvements	24,965,790	76,879	-	-	25,042,669		
Infrastructure	307,244,162	1,189,535	(16,814)	11,520,433	319,937,316		
Equipment	16,399,608	1,118,417		704,500	18,222,525		
Total capital assets, being depreciated	348,609,560	2,384,831	(16,814)	12,224,933	363,202,510		
Accumulated depreciation:							
Building and improvements	(9,512,257)	(723,867)	-	-	(10,236,124)		
Infrastructure	(174,836,280)	(6,578,194)	16,557	-	(181,397,917)		
Equip ment	(8,914,489)	(1,045,644)	-	-	(9,960,133)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(193,263,026)	(8,347,705)	16,557		(201,594,174)		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	155,346,534	(5,962,874)	(257)	12,224,933	161,608,336		
Total capital assets, net	\$ 196,974,509	\$ 1,100,614	\$ (257)	\$ -	\$ 198,074,866		

Note 8 – Capital Assets

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense were charged to the functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 5,389,565
Public protection	489,692
Social services	1,080,474
Public ways and facilities	656
Community development	708,466
Culture and recreation	11,981
Internal service funds	 666,871
Total depreciation expenses	\$ 8,347,705

B. Business-Type Activities

The summary of changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Balance			Balance	
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 9,347,017	\$ 378,298	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,725,315
Construction in progress	1,612,044	515,922		(365,365)	1,762,601
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	10,959,061	894,220		(365,365)	11,487,916
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Building and improvements	69,924,082	-	-	-	69,924,082
Infrastructure	101,307,678	635,179	-	365,365	102,308,222
Equipment	5,672,034				5,672,034
Total capital assets, being depreciated	176,903,794	635,179		365,365	177,904,338
Accumulated depreciation:					
Building and improvements	(36,296,713)	(2,049,974)	-	-	(38,346,687)
Infrastructure	(42,136,610)	(2,081,978)	-	-	(44,218,588)
Equip ment	(3,137,039)	(281,955)			(3,418,994)
Total accumulated depreciation	(81,570,362)	(4,413,907)			(85,984,269)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	95,333,432	(3,778,728)		365,365	91,920,069
Total capital assets, net	\$ 106,292,493	\$ (2,884,508)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 103,407,985

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Water	\$ 896,970
Sewer	2,449,844
Drainage operations	344,545
Local transit	424,873
Airport	297,675
Total depreciation expenses	\$ 4,413,907

Note 8 – Capital Assets (Continued)

C. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

The summary of changes in capital assets for fiduciary funds for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

		Balance						Balance	
	Ju	ıly 1, 2021	A	dditions	Dele	etions	June 30, 2022		
Capital assets, not being depreciated									
Land	\$	16,701	\$	_	\$	-	\$	16,701	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		16,701		-		-		16,701	
Capital assets, being depreciated									
Building and improvements		2,359,125				-		2,359,125	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		2,359,125		-		-		2,359,125	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Building and improvements		(795,901)		(34,738)		-		(830,639)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(795,901)		(34,738)		-		(830,639)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,563,224		(34,738)		-		1,528,486	
Total capital assets, net	\$	1,579,925	\$	(34,738)	\$		\$	1,545,187	

Depreciation expense for fiduciary fund financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$34,738.

D. Component Unit

The summary of changes in capital assets for the component unit for the fifteen month period ended September 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020		Additions	D	eletions	Balance September 30, 2021		
Capital assets, not being depreciated		 _	 					
Land	\$	785,827	\$ -	\$	-		785,827	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		785,827	-				785,827	
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Building and improvements		30,129,775	643,265		-		30,773,040	
Equip ment		734,874	5,183		-		740,057	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		30,864,649	648,448		-		31,513,097	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(24,948,068)	(915,721)		-		(25,863,789)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		5,916,581	 (267,273)		-		5,649,308	
Total capital assets, net	\$	6,702,408	\$ (267,273)	\$	-	\$	6,435,135	

Depreciation expense for the component unit for the fifteen month period ended September 30, 2021 was \$915,721.

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities

A. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

								Classi	ncati	on
Balance		Debt Debt		Balance		Due within		Due in More		
July 1, 2021		Issued		Retired	June 30, 2022		One Year		Tha	an One Year
\$ 19,432,000	\$	-	\$	(788,000)	\$	18,644,000	\$	810,000	\$	17,834,000
19,432,000		-		(788,000)		18,644,000		810,000		17,834,000
525,400		-		(111,200)		414,200		114,400		299,800
525,400		-		(111,200)		414,200		114,400		299,800
3,750,000		-		(135,000)		3,615,000		145,000		3,470,000
581,850		-		(33,155)		548,695		-		548,695
4,331,850		-		(168,155)		4,163,695		145,000		4,018,695
\$ 24,289,250	\$	-	\$	(1,067,355)	\$	23,221,895	\$	1,069,400	\$	22,152,495
	\$ 19,432,000 19,432,000 525,400 525,400 3,750,000 581,850 4,331,850	\$ 19,432,000 \$ 19,432,000 \$ 525,400 \$ 525,400 \$ 581,850 \$ 4,331,850	\$ 19,432,000 \$ - 19,432,000 - 525,400 - 525,400 - 3,750,000 - 581,850 - 4,331,850 -	\$ 19,432,000 \$ - \$ 19,432,000 - 525,400 - 525,400 - 3,750,000 - 581,850 - 4,331,850 -	July 1, 2021 Issued Retired \$ 19,432,000 - \$ (788,000) 19,432,000 - (788,000) 525,400 - (111,200) 525,400 - (111,200) 3,750,000 - (135,000) 581,850 - (33,155) 4,331,850 - (168,155)	July 1, 2021 Issued Retired July 1 \$ 19,432,000 - \$ (788,000) \$ 19,432,000 - (788,000) - 525,400 - (111,200) - 525,400 - (111,200) - 3,750,000 - (135,000) - 581,850 - (33,155) - 4,331,850 - (168,155)	July 1, 2021 Issued Retired June 30, 2022 \$ 19,432,000 - \$ (788,000) \$ 18,644,000 19,432,000 - (788,000) 18,644,000 525,400 - (111,200) 414,200 525,400 - (111,200) 414,200 3,750,000 - (135,000) 3,615,000 581,850 - (33,155) 548,695 4,331,850 - (168,155) 4,163,695	July 1, 2021 Issued Retired June 30, 2022 C \$ 19,432,000 \$ - \$ (788,000) \$ 18,644,000 \$ 19,432,000 - (788,000) 18,644,000 \$ 525,400 - (111,200) 414,200 \$ 525,400 - (111,200) 414,200 \$ 3,750,000 - (135,000) 3,615,000 \$ 581,850 - (33,155) 548,695 \$ 4,331,850 - (168,155) 4,163,695	July 1, 2021 Issued Retired June 30, 2022 One Year \$ 19,432,000 \$ - \$ (788,000) \$ 18,644,000 \$ 810,000 19,432,000 - (788,000) 18,644,000 810,000 525,400 - (111,200) 414,200 114,400 525,400 - (111,200) 414,200 114,400 3,750,000 - (135,000) 3,615,000 145,000 581,850 - (33,155) 548,695 - 4,331,850 - (168,155) 4,163,695 145,000	July 1, 2021 Issued Retired June 30, 2022 One Year The \$ 19,432,000 \$ - \$ (788,000) \$ 18,644,000 \$ 810,000 \$ \$ 19,432,000 - (788,000) \$ 18,644,000 \$ 810,000 \$ \$ 525,400 - (111,200) \$ 414,200 \$ 114,400 \$ \$ 525,400 - (111,200) \$ 414,200 \$ 114,400 \$ \$ 3,750,000 - (135,000) \$ 3,615,000 \$ 145,000 \$ 4331,850 - (168,155) \$ 4,163,695 \$ 145,000 \$ 145,000 \$

2019 Solar Energy Finance Purchase (Direct Borrowing)

On December 30, 2019, the City entered into an equipment finance purchase agreement in a direct placement transaction with Bank of America for an energy improvement and upgrade project (2019 Solar Equipment Finance Purchase) in the amount of \$19,432,000. The energy project improvements include HVAC upgrade, LED lighting, solar streetlights, EV charging stations and PV solar.

The finance purchase transaction closed on December 30, 2019. The interest was capitalized for the first two years, with interest only payments beginning June 1, 2020 through June 1, 2021 and principal and interest due in semi-annual payments, payable June 1st and December 1st thereafter, with an interest rate of 2.77%. At June 30, 2022, the outstanding balance was \$18,644,000.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	1	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	810,000	\$ 505,220	\$ 1,315,220
2024		833,000	482,465	1,315,465
2025		856,000	459,072	1,315,072
2026		880,000	435,029	1,315,029
2027		905,000	410,306	1,315,306
2028-2032		4,921,000	1,655,670	6,576,670
2033-2037		5,653,000	924,474	6,577,474
2038-2039		3,786,000	159,246	3,945,246
Total	\$	18,644,000	\$ 5,031,482	\$ 23,675,482

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

2019 Solar Energy Lease Purchase (Direct Borrowing) (Continued)

The City entered into finance purchase agreement whereby the City acquired certain capital assets and financed them to the City with the option to purchase. Unspent finance purchase proceeds are included in restricted cash and investments. The leased assets are included in capital assets and are summarized by major asset class below:

Unspent finance purchase proceeds	\$ 2,517,025
Construction in progress	18,220,272
Total	\$20,737,297

2019 Refunding of the Police Facility (Police Facility Commercial Loan) (Private Borrowing)

In December 2005, the City entered into an agreement with La Salle Bank (and subsequently sold to Capital One Public Funding, LLC) to finance a portion of the construction cost for the police facility. The entire purchase price of the police station was \$5,200,000. The financed portion of the police station was \$1,500,000 and was payable over a period of twenty years.

On January 1, 2018, the agreements was refunded and the Financing Authority paid the City an advance rental for the use and right to the possession of the Police and Golf Course facilities for a total of \$2,553,000. The lease was then assigned to Zions Bank/California Bank & Trust on the same day and named the Police Facility Commercial Loan. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$50,900 to \$61,600 beginning May 2018 with interest rate fixed 2.760% per annum payable semi-annually. Total principal and interest remaining on the agreement is payable through 2026. At June 30, 2022, the outstanding balance was \$414,200.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending							
June 30 ,	F	Principal	I	nterest	Total		
2023	\$	114,400	\$	10,648	\$	125,048	
2024		117,400		7,471		124,871	
2025		120,800		4,206		125,006	
2026		61,600		850		62,450	
Total	\$	414,200	\$	23,175	\$	437,375	

2019 Lease Revenue Bonds (Fire Station) (Public Offering)

The Madera Public Financing Authority issued the Lease Revenue Bonds 2019 on June 1, 2019 for \$4,005.000. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to finance the construction of a fire station. The City entered into a Facilities Lease Agreement with the Madera Public Financing Authority to make rental payments. The Bonds are due in annual installments of \$230,000 to \$307,000 through February 1, 2039 with interest payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year with interest rate from 3.00% to 5.00%. At June 30, 2022 the outstanding balance was \$3,615,000.

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

2019 Lease Revenue Bonds (Fire Station) (Public Offering) (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	 Total
2023	\$ 145,000	\$ 162,600	\$ 307,600
2024	150,000	155,350	305,350
2025	155,000	147,850	302,850
2026	165,000	140,100	305,100
2027	175,000	131,850	306,850
2028-2032	1,000,000	520,500	1,520,500
2033-2037	1,250,000	271,300	1,521,300
2038-2039	575,000	34,800	609,800
Total	\$ 3,615,000	\$ 1,564,350	\$ 5,179,350

B. Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

										Classification			
l	Balance		Debt			Debt		Balance	D	ue within	D	ue in More	
Ju	ly 1, 2021		Issued			Retired	Ju	ne 30, 2022		One Year	Tha	an One Year	
\$	6,472,000	\$		-	\$	(372,000)	\$	6,100,000	\$	379,000	\$	5,721,000	
	53,120			-		(25,939)		27,181		27,181		-	
	784,100			-		(306,200)		477,900		316,100		161,800	
	7,309,220			-		(704,139)		6,605,081		722,281		5,882,800	
						_		_		_			
	24,480,000			-		(1,250,000)		23,230,000		1,295,000		21,935,000	
	8,233,042			-		(418,148)		7,814,894		435,546		7,379,348	
	32,713,042					(1,668,148)		31,044,894		1,730,546		29,314,348	
\$	40,022,262	\$		-	\$	(2,372,287)	\$	37,649,975	\$	2,452,827	\$	35,197,148	
	Ju \$	53,120 784,100 7,309,220 24,480,000	\$ 6,472,000 \$ 53,120 784,100 7,309,220 24,480,000 8,233,042 32,713,042	\$ 6,472,000 \$ 53,120 784,100 7,309,220 24,480,000 8,233,042 32,713,042	\$ 6,472,000 \$ - 53,120 - 784,100 - 7,309,220 - 24,480,000 - 8,233,042 - 32,713,042 -	\$ 6,472,000 \$ - \$ 53,120 - 784,100 - 7,309,220 - 24,480,000 - 8,233,042 - 32,713,042 -	July 1, 2021 Issued Retired \$ 6,472,000 \$ - \$ (372,000) 53,120 - (25,939) 784,100 - (306,200) 7,309,220 - (704,139) 24,480,000 - (1,250,000) 8,233,042 - (418,148) 32,713,042 - (1,668,148)	\$ 6,472,000 \$ - \$ (372,000) \$ 7,309,220 - (704,139) \$ 24,480,000 8,233,042 - (418,148) 32,713,042 - (1,668,148)	July 1, 2021 Issued Retired June 30, 2022 \$ 6,472,000 \$ - \$ (372,000) \$ 6,100,000 53,120 - (25,939) 27,181 784,100 - (306,200) 477,900 7,309,220 - (704,139) 6,605,081 24,480,000 - (1,250,000) 23,230,000 8,233,042 - (418,148) 7,814,894 32,713,042 - (1,668,148) 31,044,894	July 1, 2021 Issued Retired June 30, 2022 Column (Column Institution In	Balance July 1, 2021 Debt Issued Debt Retired Balance June 30, 2022 Due within One Year \$ 6,472,000 \$ - \$ (372,000) \$ 6,100,000 \$ 379,000 53,120 - (25,939) 27,181 27,181 784,100 - (306,200) 477,900 316,100 7,309,220 - (704,139) 6,605,081 722,281 24,480,000 - (1,250,000) 23,230,000 1,295,000 8,233,042 - (418,148) 7,814,894 435,546 32,713,042 - (1,668,148) 31,044,894 1,730,546	Balance July 1, 2021 Debt Issued Debt Retired Balance June 30, 2022 Due within One Year Description \$ 6,472,000 \$ - \$ (372,000) \$ 6,100,000 \$ 379,000 \$ 53,120 5 3,120 - (25,939) 27,181 27,181 27,181 784,100 - (306,200) 477,900 316,100 7,309,220 - (704,139) 6,605,081 722,281 24,480,000 - (1,250,000) 23,230,000 1,295,000 8,233,042 - (418,148) 7,814,894 435,546 32,713,042 - (1,668,148) 31,044,894 1,730,546	

Airport Hanger Loan (Private Borrowing)

Loan payable to the Department of Transportation, Division of Aeronautics for the purchase of fourteen airplane hangars; annual installments of \$14,131 to \$27,180, including interest at 4.7829%. At June 30, 2022, the total principal and interest remaining on the Department of Transportation, Division of Aeronautics loan was \$27,181.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending							
June 30,	P	rincipal	In	terest	Total		
2023	\$	27,181	\$	1,300	\$	28,481	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

BBVA Compass Loan (Taxable) (Refinance CIEDB Loan)

In January 2021, the City refinanced the CIEDB Loan for the purpose of saving on annual debt service costs. The loan, in the amount of \$6,472,000, is for 15 years with an effective interest rate of 2.41%. The loan is a taxable loan. Annual installment payments range from \$502,989 to \$522,626. The average fiscal year savings is \$24,655, with a total savings of \$369,829. On June 30, 2022, the outstanding balance was \$6,100,000.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,]	Principal	Interest		 Total
2022	\$	379,000	\$	142,443	\$ 521,443
2023		387,000		133,213	520,213
2024		395,000		123,790	518,790
2025		404,000		114,162	518,162
2026		412,000		104,329	516,329
2027-2031		2,195,000		366,742	2,561,742
2022-2036		1,928,000		94,135	 2,022,135
Total	\$	6,100,000	\$	1,078,814	\$ 7,178,814

2018 Refunding of the 1993 Variable Rate Demand Bonds (Golf Course Commercial Loan) (Private Placement)

In May 1993, the Financing Authority issued Variable Rate Demand Bonds in the aggregate principal of \$5,280,000. The proceeds were used to redeem \$4,835,000 of its December 8, 1989 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A, and \$262,450 for additional Golf Course construction.

On January 1, 2018, the Bonds were refunded and the Financing Authority paid the City an advance rental for the use and right to the possession of the Golf Course and Police facilities for a total of \$2,553,000. The lease was then assigned to Zions Bank/California Bank & Trust on the same day and named the Golf Course Commercial Loan. The loan is due in annual installments of \$138,100 (\$10,600 first year) to \$161,800 beginning May 2018 with interest rate fixed 3.190% per annum payable semi-annually. Total principal and interest remaining on the agreement is \$493,225, payable through 2024. At June 30, 2022, the outstanding balance was \$477,900.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,	P	Principal Interest				Total
2023	\$	316,100	\$ 12,74		\$	328,844
2024		161,800		2,581		164,381
Total	\$	477,900	\$	15,325	\$	493,225

Water and Wastewater Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 (Public Offering)

Water and Wastewater Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 were issued by the Financing Authority in December 2015 for \$30,140,000. Proceeds from the bonds were used to refund \$30,440,000 of its Water and Wastewater Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2016. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$70,000 to \$2,080,000 through March 1, 2036, with interest payable semiannually on September 1 and March 1 of each year at 3.700%. At June 30, 2022, the outstanding balance of the Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds was \$23,230,000.

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Water and Wastewater Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 (Public Offering) (Continued)

The Financing Authority has pledged a portion of future water and wastewater revenue to repay the 2015 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds. For the year ended June 30, 2022, total principal and interest paid was \$2,155,760, and net revenues were \$11,736,775. Total principal and interest remaining on the agreement is \$32,337,690 payable through 2036.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal	 Interest	Total			
2023	\$ 1,295,000	\$ 859,510	\$	2,154,510		
2024	1,340,000	811,595		2,151,595		
2025	1,395,000	762,015		2,157,015		
2026	1,450,000	710,400		2,160,400		
2027	1,505,000	656,750		2,161,750		
2028-2032	8,360,000	2,409,255		10,769,255		
2033-2036	7,885,000	742,405		8,627,405		
Total	\$ 23,230,000	\$ 6,951,930	\$	30,181,930		

Water Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 (Public Offering)

Water Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 were issued by the Financing Authority in December 2019 for \$9,016,903. The City used the proceeds to refund the outstanding principal of the Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 in the amount of \$9,530,000. The bonds are due semi-annual installments of \$204,890 to \$312,774 with interest rate fixed at 2.64% per annum payable semi-annually. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is payable through 2037. At June 30, 2022 the outstanding principal and interest balance was \$9,511,301. The aggregate debt service payments of the new debt are \$2,587,313 less than the old debt. The issuance of the new debt and refunding of the old debt resulted in an economic gain (the difference between the net present value of the old debt and new debt service payments) of approximately \$2,053,508.

The Financing Authority has pledged a portion of future water and wastewater revenue to repay the 2019 Water Revenue Bonds. For the year ended June 30, 2022, total principal and interest paid was \$632,740, and net revenues were \$6,850,805.

The annual debt service requirements at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2023	\$ 435,546	\$ 203,439	\$ 638,985
2024	447,120	191,863	638,983
2025	457,908	179,988	637,896
2026	467,850	167,834	635,684
2027	480,334	155,400	635,734
2028-2032	2,585,405	579,691	3,165,096
2033-2037	2,940,731	218,192	3,158,923
Total	\$ 7,814,894	\$ 1,696,407	\$ 9,511,301

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

C. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the fiduciary fund financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

								Classi		fication		
	J	Balance uly 1, 2020	Debt Issued		Debt Retired	Jι	Balance ine 30, 2022	ue within)ne Year		ue in More an One Year		
Fiduciary Activities:												
Public borrowings:												
Tax allocation bonds:												
Series 2018A Series 2018B Add: unamortized bond premiums	\$	30,185,000 2,785,000 3,892,970	\$	-	\$ (710,000) (680,000) (228,999)	\$	29,475,000 2,105,000 3,663,971	\$ 770,000 670,000	\$	28,705,000 1,435,000 3,663,971		
Total tax allocation bonds		36,862,970		-	 (1,618,999)		35,243,971	1,440,000		33,803,971		
Total	\$	36,862,970	\$	_	\$ (1,618,999)	\$	35,243,971	\$ 1,440,000	\$	33,803,971		

Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A and 2018B (Public Offering)

On July 17, 2018, the Successor Agency to the Former Madera Redevelopment Agency issued \$31,445,000 of Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A and \$4,065,000 of Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2018B (collectively the "2018 TARBs") to (a) refund four outstanding series of bonds payable (the 1998 Tax Allocation Redevelopment Project Bonds, the 2003 Tax Allocation Refunding and Redevelopment Project Bonds, the Madera Redevelopment Agency Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2008A, and the Madera Redevelopment Agency Housing Set-Aside Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2008B) from tax increment revenue generated in the Madera Redevelopment Project Area (the "Project Area"), (b) fund a reserve account, and (c) pay the costs of issuance of the bonds. The 2018 TARBs are payable from and secured by a pledge of tax revenues to be derived from the Project Area.

The 2018 TARBs consist of serial bonds maturing from 2019 through 2038 in annual installments of \$390,000 to \$2,405,000. Interest is due and payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year at rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% commencing March 1, 2019. Annual principal on the bonds is due on September 1 of each year. The bonds are subject to federal arbitrage requirements. The aggregate debt service payments of the new debt are \$11,314,301 less than the old debt. The issuance of the new debt and refunding of the old debt resulted in an economic gain (the difference between the net present value of the old debt and new debt service payments) of approximately \$8,659,587.

A reserve account is required to be maintained in the amount of the lesser of (i) 10% of the original aggregate principal amount of the 2018 TARBs, or (ii) 125% of the average annual debt service with respect to the 2018 TARBs, or (iii) the maximum annual debt service with respect to the 2018 TARBs. As of June 30, 2022, the reserve requirement was met through the City's purchase of a surety policy in-lieu of the cash reserve requirement. The total principal and interest outstanding at June 30, 2022 is \$44,458,260.

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

C. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A and 2018B (Public Offering) (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements for the 2018 TARBs outstanding at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending			-		
June 30,	I	Principal		Interest	 Total
2023	\$	770,000	\$	1,343,025	\$ 2,113,025
2024		1,005,000		1,298,650	2,303,650
2025		1,045,000		1,247,370	2,292,370
2026		1,230,000		1,190,525	2,420,525
2027		1,705,000		1,125,675	2,830,675
2028-2032		9,635,000		4,405,450	14,040,450
2033-2037		11,290,000		2,056,925	13,346,925
2038-2039		2,795,000		79,138	2,874,138
Total	\$	29,475,000	\$	12,746,758	\$ 42,221,758

Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2018B

Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal	I	nterest	Total		
2023	\$ 670,000	\$	60,191	\$	730,191	
2024	510,000		40,895		550,895	
2025	525,000		23,296		548,296	
2026	400,000		7,120		407,120	
Total	\$ 2,105,000	\$	131,502	\$	2,236,502	

D. Component Unit

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the component unit for the fifteen month period ended September 30, 2021, is as follows:

										Classification			
Balance July 1, 2020		Debt Issued		Debt		Balance		Due within		Due in More			
					Retired		September 30, 2021		One Year		Than One Year		
\$	246,344	\$		-	\$	(27,325)	\$	219,019	\$	17,680	\$	201,339	
	2,821,412			-		(133,600)		2,687,812		112,715		2,575,097	
	3,067,756			-		(160,925)		2,906,831		130,395		2,776,436	
\$	3,067,756	\$		_	\$	(160,925)	\$	2,906,831	\$	130,395	\$	2,776,436	
		\$ 246,344 2,821,412 3,067,756	\$ 246,344 \$ 2,821,412 3,067,756	\$ 246,344 \$ 2,821,412 3,067,756	\$ 246,344 \$ - 2,821,412 - 3,067,756 -	\$ 246,344 \$ - \$ 2,821,412 - 3,067,756 -	\$ 246,344 \$ - \$ (27,325) 2,821,412 - (133,600) 3,067,756 - (160,925)	\$ 246,344 \$ - \$ (27,325) \$ 2,821,412 - (133,600) 3,067,756 - (160,925)	July 1, 2020 Issued Retired September 30, 2021 \$ 246,344 \$ - \$ (27,325) \$ 219,019 2,821,412 - (133,600) 2,687,812 3,067,756 - (160,925) 2,906,831	July 1, 2020 Issued Retired September 30, 2021 \$ 246,344 \$ - \$ (27,325) \$ 219,019 \$ 2,821,412 \$ 3,067,756 - (160,925) 2,906,831	Balance July 1, 2020 Debt Issued Debt Retired Balance September 30, 2021 Due within One Year \$ 246,344 \$ - \$ (27,325) \$ 219,019 \$ 17,680 2,821,412 - (133,600) 2,687,812 112,715 3,067,756 - (160,925) 2,906,831 130,395	Balance July 1, 2020 Debt Issued Debt Retired Balance September 30, 2021 Due within One Year Due That \$ 246,344 \$ - \$ (27,325) \$ 219,019 \$ 17,680 \$ 2,821,412 - (133,600) 2,687,812 112,715 112,715 3,067,756 - (160,925) 2,906,831 130,395	

Farmers' Home Administration loan

Notes payable to Farmers' Home Administration, 1.00% due in monthly installments of \$1,654, including interest, first trust deeds on land and building subject to note.

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

D. Component Unit (Continued)

Farmers' Home Administration loan (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal	I	nterest	Total
2022	\$	17,680	\$	2,148	\$ 19,828
2023		18,277		1,967	20,244
2024		18,605		1,782	20,387
2025		18,937		1,595	20,532
2026		19,271		1,404	20,675
Thereafter		126,249		4,696	130,945
Total	\$	219,019	\$	13,592	\$ 232,611

Citizen Business Bank loan

Note payable to Citizen Business Bank, 4.50% due in monthly installments of \$19,837, including interest, secured by assets subject to note.

The annual debt service requirements at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	 Interest	Total
2022	\$ 112,715	\$ 120,697	\$ 233,412
2023	117,530	115,465	232,995
2024	122,697	110,298	232,995
2025	128,722	104,272	232,994
2026	134,720	98,275	232,995
Thereafter	2,071,428	121,302	2,192,730
Total	\$ 2,687,812	\$ 670,309	\$ 3,358,121

Note 10 – Special Assessment Debt with No City Commitment

The City issued special tax and assessment bonds on behalf of property owners, pursuant to the Improvement Bond Act of 1915 and the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, to finance the acquisition and construction of certain infrastructure improvements within the assessment districts and community facilities districts.

The City acts solely as an agent for those paying special tax and assessments and remits the amounts collected to the bondholders of these fixed-rate Improvement Bond Act of 1915 and Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 issues. The City is acting as an custodian and is in no way liable for the special assessment debt and, accordingly, the debt is not recorded in these financial statements.

On January 1, 2018, the City of Madera, on behalf of the City of Madera Community Facilities District No. 2006-1, issued the City of Madera Community Facilities District No. 2006-1 Special Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2018 to refund the CFD 2006-1 Series Special Tax Bond for the purpose of creating annual debt savings. Total debt service payments were reduced by \$67,278. The amount of principal outstanding as of June 30, 2022 is \$2,157,060 The bonds are not a general obligation of the City but are limited obligations, payable solely from special tax and assessments.

Note 10 – Special Assessment Debt with No City Commitment (Continued)

The City has no obligation beyond the balances in the designated custodial funds for any delinquent assessment district bond payments. If delinquencies occur beyond the amounts held in the reserve funds created from bond proceeds, the City has no duty to pay the delinquency out of the available funds of the City. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City, or the State of California, or any political subdivision thereof is pledged to the payment of these bonds.

Noncommittal debt amounts issued and outstanding at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

		U	utstanding	
	Original		Balance	
	Amount	June 30, 2022		
CFD 2006-1, Series Special Tax Bonds Refunding Bonds Series 2019	\$ 2,452,228	\$	2,157,060	

0-4-4---1:--

Note 11 – Compensated Absences

A. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in the compensated absences balances for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

									Classification			
	Balance			Ι	Due within	Due in More						
	July 1, 2021 Additions		Additions	Deletions June 30, 2022		ne 30, 2022	One Year		Than One Year			
Compensated absences	\$	1,800,986	\$	1,152,699	\$	(1,097,608)	\$	1,856,077	\$	1,097,609	\$	758,468

Compensated absences in the governmental activities are obligations of the following funds:

Governmental Funds	\$ 1,648,354
Fleet Maintenance	49,539
Facilities Maintenance	102,356
Technology	55,828
Total	\$ 1,856,077

B. Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in the compensated absences balances for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

										Classif	ication	
]	Balance]	Balance		Due within	Du	ie in More
	July 1, 2021 A		Additions	Deletions		June 30, 2022		One Year		Than One Year		
Compensated absences	\$	403,037	\$	377,683	\$	(317,475)	\$	463,245	\$	311,861	\$	151,384

City of Madera Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 11 – Compensated Absences (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Compensated absences in the business-type activities are obligations of the following funds:

Water Fund	\$ 206,039
Sewer Fund	117,468
Solid Waste Fund	61,603
Drainage Operations Fund	32,802
Local Transit Fund	34,362
Airport Fund	10,971
Total	\$ 463,245

C. Component Unit

A summary of changes in the compensated absences balances for the component unit for the fifteen month period ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

									Classification				
Balance							Balance			Due within		e in More	
	July 1, 2020			Additions Deletions		Deletions	September 30, 2021		One Year		Than One Year		
Compensated absences	\$	87,950	\$	22,765	\$	(38,216)	\$	72,499	\$	36,120	\$	36,379	

All compensated absences liabilities in the component unit belong to the Housing Authority of the City of Madera.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City obtains insurance coverage.

The City is a member of the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA), a public entity risk pool for workers' compensation and general liability insurance. The CSJVRMA is a consortium of fifty-five cities located in California's San Joaquin Valley. It was established under the provisions of California Government Code Section 6500 et. seq. CSJVRMA is governed by a Board of Directors, consisting of one member appointed by each member city. The day-to-day business operations are handled by a management group employed by CSJVRMA. The relationship between the City and CSJVRMA is such that the CSJVRMA is not considered a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes.

General Liability Insurance coverage is addressed via retention maintained by the City and participation in CSJVRMA. The City maintains a self-insured retention level of \$100,000 and participates in the CSJVRMA risk pool for coverage up to \$1,000,000. CSJVRMA participates in an excess pool, which provides coverage from \$1,000,000 to \$29,000,000.

Workers' Compensation coverage is also addressed via a retention maintained by the City and participation in CSJVRMA. The City maintains a self-insured retention level of \$100,000 and participates in the CSJVRMA risk pool for additional coverage up to \$250,000. CSJVRMA also participates in an excess pool which provides workers' compensation coverage from \$250,000 to \$500,000 and purchases excess insurance of approximately \$500,000 to the statutory limit.

Note 12 – Risk Management (Continued)

Public entity risk pools are formally organized and separated entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, those entities exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreements including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Each risk pool is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. Each board controls the operations of the respective risk pool, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influences by member municipalities beyond their representation of that board. Obligations and liabilities of these risk pools are not the City's responsibility.

CSJVRMA is currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 54 member cities. The program's general objectives are to formulate, develop, and administer, on the behalf of the member cities, a program of insurance, to obtain lower cost for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. A member may withdraw from CSJVRMA only by giving six-month notice. Cities applying for membership in CSJVRMA may do so on approval of a two-thirds vote of the board of CSJVRMA.

The latest financial information of the CSJVRMA for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Total Assets	\$ 150,837,823
Total Liabilities	\$ 118,663,929
Net Position	\$ 32,173,894
Operating Revenues	\$ 66,885,024
Operating Expenses	\$ 47,584,363
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$ (7,973,544)
Change in Net Position	\$ 11,327,117

Note 13 – Pension Plans

A. Summary

		vernmental Activities	iness-Type Activities	Total	C	omponent Unit
Deferred outflows of resources:	'		 			
Pension contribution made after measurement date: CalPERS M iscellaneous CalPERS Safety	\$	2,350,469 3,055,010	\$ 1,317,599	\$ 3,668,068 3,055,010	\$	313,081
Total pension contribution made after measurement date		5,405,479	1,317,599	6,723,078		313,081
Difference between expected and actual experience: CalPERS M iscellaneous CalPERS Safety		54,599 2,339,702	30,607	85,206 2,339,702		376,100
Total difference between expected and actual experience		2,394,301	30,607	2,424,908		376,100
Adjustment due to difference in proportions: CalPERS Miscellaneous		-	-	-		254,716
Total adjustment due to difference in proportions			 _	 		254,716
Total deferred outflows of resources CalPERS M iscellaneous CalPERS Safety		2,405,068 5,394,712	1,348,206	3,753,274 5,394,712		943,897
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	7,799,780	\$ 1,348,206	\$ 9,147,986	\$	943,897
Net pension liability: CalPERS M iscellaneous CalPERS Safety	\$	13,857,543 13,694,549	\$ 5,389,070	\$ 19,246,613 13,694,549	\$	2,517,018
Total net pension liability	\$	27,552,092	\$ 5,389,070	\$ 32,941,162	\$	2,517,018
Deferred inflows of resources: Actual earnings on pension plan investments in excess of projected earnings: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety	\$	6,271,264 8,150,889	\$ 1,144,146	\$ 7,415,410 8,150,889		2,581,362
Total actual earnings on pension plan investments in excess of projected earnings		14,422,153	 1,144,146	15,566,299		2,581,362
Adjustment due to difference in proportions: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety		47,597	- -	- 47,597		150,774
Total adjustment due to difference in proportions		47,597	 	47,597		150,774
Employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety		- 183,927	-	- 183,927		3,103
Total employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution		183,927	-	183,927		3,103
Changes of assumptions: CalPERS Miscellaneous		584,344	106,609	690,953		39,880
Total difference between expected and actual experience		584,344	106,609	690,953		39,880
Total deferred inflows of resources CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety		6,855,608 8,382,413	 1,250,755	8,106,363 8,382,413		2,775,119
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	15,238,021	\$ 1,250,755	\$ 16,488,776	\$	2,775,119
	G	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total		Component Unit
Pension expenses: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety	\$	478,465 3,435,135	\$ 185,932	\$ 664,397 3,435,135	\$	336,461
Total net pension expenses	\$	3,913,600	\$ 185,932	\$ 4,099,532	\$	336,461

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City Miscellaneous Plan

Plan Description

Substantially all City employees working the equivalent of 1,000 hours per fiscal year are eligible to participate in the Miscellaneous Plan Agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan or the Safety Plan Cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit administered by California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit Provisions under the Plans are established by State statutes within the Public Employee's Retirement Law. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office – 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2021, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

Active employees	157
Transferred and terminated employees	265
Retired employees and beneficiaries	258
Total	680

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Classic CalPERS member becomes eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 55 with at least 5 years of credited service. PEPRA miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 62 with at least 5 years of service. The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation. The final compensation is the monthly average of the member's highest 36 full-time equivalent monthly pay.

Following are the benefit provisions for each plan:

	City Miscellaneous Plan							
	Prior to	January 1, 2011 thru	On or After					
Hire Date	January 1, 2011	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013					
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 60	2% @ 62					
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service					
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life					
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 63	52 - 67					
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.000% to 2.500%	1.092% to 2.418%	1.000% to 2.500%					
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	7.000%	6.250%					
Required employer contribution rates	10.060%	14.154%	10.060%					
Final Annual Compensation	1 year	1 year	1 year					

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law ("PERL") requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the employer contributions made for the Miscellaneous Plan was \$3,668,068.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2021, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown on the following page.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement No. 68

Actuarial Assumptions:

 Discount Rate
 7.15%

 Inflation
 2.50%

 Payroll Growth
 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Mortality Rate Table Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The mortality table used was

developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality

improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing

Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of December 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the Experiences Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

		Real Return Years	Real Return Years
Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	1 - 10 1	11 + 2
Global equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Global fixed income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation sensitive assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
	100.00%		

¹ An expected inflation of 2.00% was used for this period.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for the plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 Section.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Plan's Aggregate Net Pension Liability/(Asset)					
	Disco	Discount Rate - 1% (6.15%)		Current Discount Rate (7.15%)		Discount Rate + 1% (8.15%)	
		(0.13 /0)		Kate (7.1370)		(0.13 /0)	
Miscellaneous Plan - 53	\$	31,629,858	\$	19,246,613	\$	8,991,674	

² An expected inflation of 2.92% was used for this period.

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability recognized over the measurement period:

	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2020 (Valuation Date)	\$	95,584,677	\$ 65,306,722		\$	30,277,955
Changes in the year:						
Service cost		1,606,099		-		1,606,099
Interest on the total pension liabilities		6,643,295		-		6,643,295
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(711,985)		-		(711,985)
Benefit payments, including refunds of members contributions		(5,525,027)		(5,525,027)		-
Contributions - employer		-		3,088,563		(3,088,563)
Contributions - employee		-		724,414		(724,414)
Net investment income		-		14,821,011		(14,821,011)
Administrative expenses				(65,237)		65,237
Net changes		2,012,382		13,043,724		(11,031,342)
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$	97,597,059	\$	78,350,446	\$	19,246,613

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense in the amount of \$664,397 for the miscellaneous plans.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over 5-years straight line. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The Expected Average Remaining Service Lifetime ("EARSL") is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the risk pool. The EARSL for the Miscellaneous Plan for the 2020-21 measurement period is 2.6 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 1,773 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 679 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired).

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2021 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions made subsequent				
to measurement date	\$	3,668,068	\$	-
Difference between projected and actual				
earning on pension plan investments		-		(7,415,410)
Differences between expected				
and actual experience		85,206		(690,953)
Total	\$	3,753,274	\$	(8,106,363)

For the City Miscellaneous Plan, \$3,668,068 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows/(Inflow	
Year Ended June 30,		of Resources
2023	\$	(2,318,637)
2024		(1,878,018)
2025		(1,780,071)
2026		(2,044,431)
2027		-
Thereafter		-
	\$	(8,021,157)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Miscellaneous pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

C. City Safety Plan

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2021, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms the Plan:

Active employees	68
Transferred and terminated employees	43
Retired employees and beneficiaries	117
Total	228

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Classic and PEPRA Safety CalPERS member becomes eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 55 with at least 5 years of credited service. PEPRA miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 62 with at least 5 years of service. The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation. The final compensation is the monthly average of the member's highest 36 full-time equivalent monthly pay.

Following are the benefit provisions for each plan:

	Safety			
	Prior to	January 1, 2011 thru	On or After	
Hire Date	January 1, 2011	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	50	50 - 55	50 - 57	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3.000%	2.400% to 3.000%	2.000% to 2.700%	
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%	9.000%	11.500%	
Required employer contribution rates	23.710%	20.640%	13.130%	
Final Annual Compensation	1 year	1 year	1 year	

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by the Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, employer contributions made for the Safety Cost-sharing Plan was \$3,055,010.

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

C. City Safety Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

As of June 30, 2022, the City reported net pension liability for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Safety Plan as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Plan	Total Pension	Plan	Fiduciary Net	Plan Net Pension
		Liability		Position	Liability/(Asset)
Balance at: 6/30/20 (Valuation date)	\$	69,747,849	\$	48,543,855	21,203,994
Balance at: 6/30/21 (Measurement date)		72,217,372		58,522,823	13,694,549
Net Changes during 2020-2021		2,469,523		9,978,968	(7,509,445)

The following is the approach established by the plan actuary to allocate the net pension liability and pension expense to the individual employers within the risk pool.

- (1) In determining a cost-sharing plan's proportionate share, total amounts of liabilities and assets are first calculated for the risk pool as a whole on the valuation date (June 30, 2020). The risk pool's fiduciary net position ("FNP") subtracted from its total pension liability ("TPL") determines the net pension liability ("NPL") at the valuation date.
- (2) Using standard actuarial roll forward methods, the risk pool TPL is then computed at the measurement date (June 30, 2021). Risk pool FNP at the measurement date is then subtracted from this number to compute the NPL for the risk pool at the measurement date. For purposes of FNP in this step and any later reference thereto, the risk pool's FNP at the measurement date denotes the aggregate risk pool's FNP at June 30, 2021 less the sum of all additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by all employers during the measurement period (2020-21).
- (3) The individual plan's TPL, FNP and NPL are also calculated at the valuation date.
- (4) Two ratios are created by dividing the plan's individual TPL and FNP as of the valuation date from (3) by the amounts in step (1), the risk pool's total TPL and FNP, respectively.
- (5) The plan's TPL as of the Measurement Date is equal to the risk pool TPL generated in (2) multiplied by the TPL ratio generated in (4). The plan's FNP as of the Measurement Date is equal to the FNP generated in (2) multiplied by the FNP ratio generated in (4) plus any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer on behalf of the plan during the measurement period.
- (6) The plan's NPL at the Measurement Date is the difference between the TPL and FNP calculated in (5).

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

C. City Safety Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Safety Plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:

Proportion June 30, 2020	0.31827%
Proportion June 30, 2021	0.39022%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.07195%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense in the amount of \$3,435,135 for the Safety Plan.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over 5-years straight line. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The EARSL for PERF C for the measurement date ending June 30, 2021 is 3.7 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 561,622 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 150,648 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired) in PERF C. Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources
Pension contributions made subsequent			
to measurement date	\$	3,055,010	\$ -
Difference between projected and actual earning on			
pension plan investments		-	(8,150,889)
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		-	(47,597)
Changes in assumptions		-	-
Difference between actual and expected experience		2,339,702	-
Difference between employer's actual contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions		-	(183,927)
Total	\$	5,394,712	\$ (8,382,413)

For the City Safety Plan, \$3,055,010 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

C. City Safety Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	erred Outflows/ ws) of Resources
2023	\$ (906,463)
2024	(1,198,582)
2025	(1,694,655)
2026	(2,243,011)
2027	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ (6,042,711)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2021 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2020 total pension liability. Both the June 30, 2021 and the June 30, 2020 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement No. 68
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.65%
Mortality Rate Table	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The mortality table used was developed based on
	CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.
Post Retirement Benefit	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies,
Increase	2.75% thereafter

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of December 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the Experiences Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

C. City Safety Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 1	Real Return Years 11 + 2
Global equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Global fixed income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation sensitive assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
	100.00%	_	

¹ An expected inflation of 2.00% was used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the City Safety Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the City Safety Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

Plan's Aggregate Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

Discount Rate - 1% (6.15%)		Current Discount Rate (7.15%)		Discount Rate + 1% (8.15%)		
\$	23,415,631	\$	13,694,549	\$	5,709,881	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

² An expected inflation of 2.92% was used for this period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

C. City Safety Plan (Continued)

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Safety pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

D. Component Unit Miscellaneous Plan

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other.) Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The Madera Housing Authority (Housing Authority) sponsors three miscellaneous rate plans. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and Housing Authority resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2021, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms the Plan:

Active employees	20
Transferred and terminated employees	49
Retired employees and beneficiaries	30
Total	99

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full - time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for the Plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

D. Component Unit Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Following are the benefit provisions for each plan:

	Miscellaneous - Component Unit				
	Prior to	January 1, 2011 thru	On or After		
Hire Date	January 1, 2011	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 60	2% @ 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service		
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life		
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 63	52 - 67		
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.000% to 2.500%	1.092% to 2.418%	1.000% to 2.500%		
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	7.000%	6.250%		
Required employer contribution rates	12.361%	8.794%	7.732%		
Final Annual Compensation	1 year	1 year	1 year		

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by the Miscellaneous risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the fifteen month period ended September 30, 2021, employer contributions made for the Housing Authority Miscellaneous Cost-sharing Plan was \$336,481.

Pension Liabilities. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The Authority's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

As of September 30, 2021, the Authority reported net pension liability for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Housing Authority Miscellaneous Plan as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Plan	Total Pension		Fiduciary Net		Plan Net Pension
		Liability		Position		Liability/(Asset)
Balance at: 6/30/20 (Valuation date)	\$	10,523,378	\$	7,134,083	\$	3,389,295
Balance at: 6/30/21 (Measurement date)		11,439,712		8,922,694		2,517,018
Net Changes during 2020-2021		916,334		1,788,611		(872,277)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

D. Component Unit Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

The following is the approach established by the plan actuary to allocate the net pension liability and pension expense to the individual employers within the risk pool.

- (1) In determining a cost-sharing plan's proportionate share, total amounts of liabilities and assets are first calculated for the risk pool as a whole on the valuation date (June 30, 2020). The risk pool's fiduciary net position ("FNP") subtracted from its total pension liability ("TPL") determines the net pension liability ("NPL") at the valuation date.
- (2) Using standard actuarial roll forward methods, the risk pool TPL is then computed at the measurement date (June 30, 2021). Risk pool FNP at the measurement date is then subtracted from this number to compute the NPL for the risk pool at the measurement date. For purposes of FNP in this step and any later reference thereto, the risk pool's FNP at the measurement date denotes the aggregate risk pool's FNP at June 30, 2021 less the sum of all additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by all employers during the measurement period (2020-21).
- (3) The individual plan's TPL, FNP and NPL are also calculated at the valuation date.
- (4) Two ratios are created by dividing the plan's individual TPL and FNP as of the valuation date from (3) by the amounts in step (1), the risk pool's total TPL and FNP, respectively.
- (5) The plan's TPL as of the Measurement Date is equal to the risk pool TPL generated in (2) multiplied by the TPL ratio generated in (4). The plan's FNP as of the Measurement Date is equal to the FNP generated in
- (2) multiplied by the FNP ratio generated in (4) plus any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer on behalf of the plan during the measurement period.
- (6) The plan's NPL at the Measurement Date is the difference between the TPL and FNP calculated in (5).

The Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Housing Authority Miscellaneous Plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:

Proportion June 30, 2020	0.00846%
Proportion June 30, 2021	0.13260%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.12414%

For the fifteen month period ended September 30, 2021, the Authority recognized pension expense in the amount of \$1,784,391 for the Housing Authority Miscellaneous Plan.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over 5-years straight line. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The EARSL for PERF C for the measurement date ending June 30, 2021 is 3.7 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 561,622 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 150,648 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired) in PERF C. Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

D. Component Unit Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

At September 30, 2021, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources	
\$	313,081	\$	-
	-		(2,581,362)
	-		(150,774)
	-		(39,880)
	376,100		-
	254,716		(3,103)
\$	943,897	\$	(2,775,119)
	of	\$ 313,081 - - - 376,100 254,716	of Resources \$ 313,081 \$ 376,100 254,716

For the Housing Authority Miscellaneous Plan, \$313,081 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 erred Outflows/ ws) of Resources
2022	\$ (563,648)
2023	(467,443)
2024	(506,014)
2025	(607,198)
2026	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ (2,144,303)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2021 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2020 total pension liability. Both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

D. Component Unit Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement No. 68

Actuarial Assumptions:

 Discount Rate
 7.15%

 Inflation
 2.50%

 Payroll Growth
 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.65%

Mortality Rate Table Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The mortality table used was

developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality

improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing

Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of December 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the Experiences Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Note 13 – Pension Plans (Continued)

D. Component Unit Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 1	Real Return Years 11 + 2
Asset Class			
Global equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Global fixed income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation sensitive assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
	100.00%	_	

¹ An expected inflation of 2.00% was used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Housing Authority Miscellaneous Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Housing Authority Miscellaneous Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

Plan's Aggregate Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

Discount Rate - 1%			Current Discount		Discount Rate + 1%		
	(6.15%)	Rate (7.15%)			(8.15%)		
\$	4,027,414	\$	2,517,018	\$	1,268,396		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Pavable to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2021, the Housing Authority reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the fifteen month period ended September 30, 2021.

² An expected inflation of 2.92% was used for this period.

Note 14 – Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Summary

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources:						
Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	\$	89,245	\$	19,578	\$	108,823
Difference between expected and actual experience	Ψ	126,652	Ψ	27,786	Ψ	154,438
Changes in assumptions		437,826		96,054		533,880
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	653,723	\$	143,418	\$	797,141
Total OPEB liability:						
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,461,018	\$	759,305	\$	4,220,323
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,461,018	\$	759,305	\$	4,220,323
Deferred inflows of Resources:						
Changes in assumptions	\$	105,598	\$	23,167	\$	128,765
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	105,598	\$	23,167	\$	128,765
OPEB Expense	\$	304,460	\$	66,793	\$	371,253

B. General Information about OPEB

Plan Description

Employees from groups other than Management who have attained age 50 and completed at least five years of PERS service or who become eligible for medical disability benefits under PERS, are eligible to retire and participate in the City's healthcare plans by paying COBRA premiums based on 102% of the premiums applicable to active employees. Spouses and eligible dependent children of retirees may also be covered at the retiree's expense. Eligibility for this benefit ends at age 65 or when the individual becomes eligible for Medicare.

Management employees, who meet the requirements, may retire and receive City-paid medical insurance for the retiree only. This is a grandfathered benefit and is no longer offered prospectively to new Management employees, nor is it provided to any employee who did not meet required criteria as of December 31, 2018. Once the retiree attains age 65, a Medicare Supplement benefit is payable by the City for the retiree only, for the retiree's further lifetime.

Covered Employees

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2020, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active employees	239
Transferred and terminated employees	-
Retired employees and beneficiaries	15
Total	254

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 14 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

B. General Information about OPEB (Continued)

Contributions

The obligation of the City to contribute to the plan is established and may be amended by the City Council. The City Council has established a policy of funding the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) on a pay as you go basis. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City's average contribution rate was 2.41 % of covered-employee payroll. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan.

C. Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was \$4,220,323.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 1.92% Inflation 2.75% Aggregate payroll increases 3.00% Expected long-term investment rate of return n/a

Mortality, Termination, and Disability CalPERS 2017 Experience Study

Mortality Improvement Scale Modified projected fully generational with Scale MP-2014

Healthcare Trend Rate 4.50 percent for 2021-2023, 5.20 percent for 2024-2069, and 4.00

percent for 2070 and later years; Medicare ages: 4.00 percent for all

years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.45% percent. This discount rate is the mid-point, rounded to five basis points, of the range of 3-20 year municipal bond rate indices; S&P Municipal bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, and Fidelity GO AA 20 Year Bond Index.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 14 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability			
Balance at June 30, 2020 (Measurement Date)	\$	3,772,266		
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:				
Service Cost		188,828		
Interest on the total OPEB liability		95,919		
Changes of assumptions		255,972		
Benefit payments		(92,662)		
Net Changes during July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021		448,057		
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$	4,220,323		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.92 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.92 percent) than the current discount rate:

Plan's To	tal OPEB	Liability
-----------	----------	-----------

Discount Rate - 1%		Cur	rent Discount	Discount Rate + 1%		
(0.92%)		Rate (1.92%)		(2.92%)		
\$	4,759,860	\$	4,220,323	\$	3,753,032	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Plan's	Total	OPER	Liability
i ian s	1 Otai	OLED	Liability

Healthcare Cost					
-1% Trend Rates			1%		
\$	3,614,938	\$	4,220,323	23 \$ 4,958	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$371,253. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		erred outflows of Resources	Deferred inflows of Resources		
Employer contributions made					
subsequent to the measurement date	\$	108,823	\$	-	
Difference between expected and actual experience		154,438		-	
Changes of assumptions		533,880		(128,765)	
Total	\$	797,141	\$	(128,765)	

Note 14 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> (Continued)

The difference between projected OPEB plan investment earnings and actual earnings is amortized over a five year period. The remaining gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service life. The expected average remaining service life is 9.8 years, which was determined as of June 30, 2020, the beginning of the measurement period, for employees covered by the OPEB plan benefit terms as of the valuation date.

Amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as future OPEB expense as follows:

M easurement Period Ended June 30	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources			
2023	\$	86,506		
2024		86,506		
2025		86,506		
2026		86,506		
2027		104,177		
Thereafter		109,352		
	\$	559,553		

Note 15 – Deferred Compensation Plan

A. City

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan was amended so that the assets of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The employer is not required to contribute to the deferred compensation plan. Since the plan assets are administered by an outside party and not subject to the claims of the City's general creditors, their assets and related liabilities are not on the City's financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32."

B. Component Unit

The Housing Authority offers all of its full-time employees a deferred compensation plan (the Plan) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan permits employees to defer a portion of their current salary until future years. Participating employees may begin to receive the balance of their deferred compensation account upon termination, retirement, death, or emergency. Employees may also borrow against their deferred compensation account while employed (up to 50% of the current balance) under the deferred compensation loan program. Employees direct the investment of Plan assets into certificates of deposits and various mutual funds. The Housing Authority has insignificant administrative duties.

Note 16 – Service Concession Agreement

On October 7, 2009, the City entered into an operation and management lease agreement (Agreement) with the Sierra Golf Management, Inc. (SGM), under which SGM will operate and collect user fees from the Madera Municipal Golf Course for the five years with an additional five years extension of the Agreement. SGM will pay the City installment payment over the course of the Agreement; the present value of these installment payments is \$130,000. SGM will also pay a "per round" rate that establishes an initial rate of \$1.00 per round but increases in later years. SGM is required to operate and maintain the golf course in accordance with the Agreement. The City reports the golf course and related equipment as capital assets with a carrying amount of \$2,028,861 at year-end, and reported a receivable and deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$16,670 at year-end pursuant to the service concession arrangement.

Note 17 – Other Required Disclosures

A. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

At June 30, 2022, the following funds had a fund balances (deficit) or unrestricted net position (deficit), which will be eliminated by the City as follows:

Fund	Fund Type	 Deficit	Plan to eliminate deficit
Federal Aid Urban Fund	Special Revenue Fund	\$ 95,969	Federal grant reimbursement
Street Construction Fund	Special Revenue Fund	1,204,359	Local transportation fund reimbursement
Streets and Roads Fund	Capital Projects Fund	295	General fund subsidy
RDA Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund	Fiduciary Fund	28,048,451	Future property tax increment revenue

B. Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds by function:

		Excess	Expenditures
Fund	Function	over Ap	propriations
General Fund	General government	\$	144,443
General Fund	Capital outlay		953,936
General Development Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund	Public ways and facilities		126,133
Special Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	Capital outlay		248,825
Residential Rehab Special Revenue Fund	Community development		19,209

Note 18 – Fund Balance Classification

The City classifies fund balances, as shown on the *Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds*, as follows as of June 30, 2022:

		General			
	General	Development S Impact	Solar Energy Lease Capital Projects	Non-major Governmental	
	Fund	Fee Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Nonspendable					
Prepaid items	\$ 64,366	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 64,366
Inventories	72,904	-	-	-	72,904
Advances to other funds	12,240			-	12,240
Total nonspendable	149,510				149,510
Restricted					
Community development	-	-	-	11,995,613	11,995,613
Park development	-	-	-	104,975	104,975
Parking improvements	-	-	-	140,560	140,560
Public works and transportation	-	-	-	13,788,417	13,788,417
Special assessment project	-	-	-	463,096	463,096
Public protection	-	-	-	252,737	252,737
Capital projects and improvements		16,995,595	135,538		17,131,133
Total restricted		16,995,595	135,538	26,745,398	43,876,531
Committed					
General Fund stabilization reserve	9,354,964	-	-	-	9,354,964
Measure K - Police/Fire Protection	1,548,540				1,548,540
Total committed	10,903,504	-	-	_	10,903,504
Assigned					
Golf course capital	20,000	-	-	-	20,000
Debt service	1,069,400	-	-	-	1,069,400
OPEB liability	97,339	-	-	-	97,339
Insurance reserve	3,038,867	-	-	-	3,038,867
Health insurance premiums	1,809,333	-	-	-	1,809,333
Future annual stipend payments	866,667	-	-	-	866,667
Measure K - Police/Fire Protection	9,713,242				9,713,242
Total assigned	16,614,848				16,614,848
Unassigned	10,908,284			(1,300,623)	9,607,661
Total fund balances	\$ 38,576,146	\$ 16,995,595	\$ 135,538	\$ 25,444,775	\$ 81,152,054

Note 19 – Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net Investment in Capital Assets at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	 overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total
Total capital assets, net	\$ 198,074,866	\$	103,407,985	\$ 301,482,851
Less related debt:				
Lease purchase	(18,644,000)		-	(18,644,000)
Loans payable	(414,200)		(6,605,081)	(7,019,281)
Lease revenue bonds	(4,163,695)		-	(4,163,695)
Bonds payable	-		(31,044,894)	(31,044,894)
Unspent bond proceeds	2,517,025		-	2,517,025
Gain on refunding of debt	 		(282,240)	(282,240)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 177,369,996	\$	65,475,770	\$ 242,845,766

Note 20 - Commitments and Contingencies

A. Litigation

The City is currently a party to various claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is management's opinion that the ultimate liabilities, if any, resulting from such claims and proceedings will not materially affect the financial position of the City.

B. Contingent Liabilities

On March 1, 1993, the City issued Certificates of Participation in the aggregate of \$10,250,000 for the benefit of Madera Community Hospital (Hospital), a California nonprofit public benefit corporation. The Hospital is not included in the City's reporting entity. The City is obligated to make the principal payments only from and to the extent that it receives revenue from the Hospital. They are not secured by any pledge of taxes or other revenues of the City. In addition, the purchase payments are insured by the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development of the State of California. As of June 30, 2022, the City has not recorded revenues from the Hospital.

C. Federal and State Grants

The City participates in various federal grant programs, the principal of which are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit act as amended. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City anticipates such amounts, if any, will be immaterial.

Note 20 – Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

D. Contractual Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2022. At year-end, the City's major contractual commitments are as follows:

	Contract				Remaining		
	Amount			ent-to-Date	Commitment		
Water System Condition Assessment/Rehab	\$	295,000	\$	255,754	\$	39,246	
Sewer System Condition Assessment/Rehab		320,320		205,690		114,630	
Sewer Main Video Inspection		536,000		505,296		30,704	
Northwest Water Storage Tank		392,430		144,536		247,894	
New Fire Station	7	,351,030		7,239,545		111,485	
Solar and Energy Efficiency Equipment	18	,848,862		18,194,324		654,538	
RMRA SEALS/OVERLAYS 2020-21	1	,500,684		1,355,919		144,765	
Sewer Trunk Main Rehab at Ave 13		518,399		142,558		375,841	
Olive Ave Widening from Gateway To Knox		380,553		253,270		127,283	
Manual Water Meter Replacements		310,048		101,460		208,588	
Pedestrian Facilities at Various Locations		292,880		264,582		28,298	
Pedestrian Facilities at Lilly/Vineyard		210,556		191,297		19,259	
Total	\$ 30	,956,762	\$	28,854,231	\$	2,102,531	

In addition, the City has various contracts with developers for the cost of public improvements made through construction of new developments within the City. The agreements are for the reimbursement of reasonable costs for the construction of public improvements within the planned developments. The City agrees to reimburse developers for the City's proportionate share of the costs of improvements as determined by the City Engineer. The City will not reimburse any expenses beyond the actual and reasonable costs of installing the improvements.

E. Encumbrances

The City uses an encumbrance system as an extension of normal budgetary accounting for governmental funds. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance, depending on the classification of the resources to be used to liquidate the encumbrance, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Outstanding encumbrances at year-end are automatically re-appropriated for the following year. Unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$647,262.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

This page intentionally left blank.

City of Madera Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Budgetary Information

The City adheres to the following general procedures in establishing its annual budget, which is reflected in the accompanying schedules:

- Budgets are legally adopted and formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue Funds. Budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. From the effective date of the budget, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the City did not prepare a budget for the Park Development Special Revenue Fund.
- Reported budget amounts represent the original legally adopted budget as amended. Individual amendments
 were not material in relation to the original adopted budget amounts. The City Council may amend the
 budget to increase appropriations only by a duly adopted minute resolution during a regular meeting,
 providing that sufficient monies are available and that expenditures of proceeds of taxes will not be increased
 beyond the constitutional appropriation limit as imposed by Article XIIIB of the State Constitution.
 Management can transfer, without City Council approval, budgeted amounts provided they do not increase
 or decrease total fund appropriations adopted by the City Council.
- Unexpended budgeted amounts lapse at the end of the budget year. Spending control for the fund is established by the amount of expenditures budgeted for the fund, but management control is exercised at the budgetary line item levels.
- Expenditures may not legally exceed overall budgeted appropriations.
- The budgets of the City's capital projects are primarily "long-term" budgets which emphasize major programs and capital outlay plans extending over a number of fiscal periods. Therefore, no budget-to-actual schedules are presented for Capital Projects Funds.

City of Madera Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budgetary Comparison Schedules – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Favorable/		
		Original		Final	-	Amounts	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:								
Property taxes	\$	4,233,432	\$	4,233,432	\$	4,476,818	\$	243,386
Sales and use taxes		15,756,515		15,756,515		19,440,017		3,683,502
Other taxes		1,566,144		1,566,144		2,222,746		656,602
Investment income (loss)		335,680		335,680		(915,303)		(1,250,983)
Franchise fees		692,006		692,006		763,276		71,270
Licenses and permits		1,252,293		1,252,293		1,174,652		(77,641)
Fines and forfeitures		484,230		484,230		417,737		(66,493)
Intergovernmental		8,091,434		8,091,434		9,547,030		1,455,596
Charges for services		1,507,026		1,507,026		2,060,911		553,885
Miscellaneous		517,564		517,564		830,085		312,521
Total revenues		34,436,324		34,436,324		40,017,969		5,581,645
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		3,921,298		4,041,736		4,186,179		(144,443)
Public protection		21,958,555		22,117,363		20,165,946		1,951,417
Social services		191,071		191,071		45,991		145,080
Public ways and facilities		2,414,864		2,414,864		1,804,956		609,908
Community development		4,333,243		4,641,695		4,146,006		495,689
Culture and recreation		3,980,744		4,162,130		3,231,207		930,923
Capital outlay		252,521		256,616		1,210,552		(953,936)
Debt Service:								
Principal		246,200		246,200		246,200		-
Interest and fiscal charges		181,739		181,739		181,739		-
Total expenditures		37,480,235		38,253,414		35,218,776		3,034,638
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(3,043,911)		(3,817,090)		4,799,193		8,616,283
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EAFENDITURES		(3,043,911)		(3,817,090)		4,/99,193		8,010,283
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Proceeds from sale of property		-		-		400		400
Transfers in		4,356,193		4,356,193		3,350,930		(1,005,263)
Transfers out		(1,671,000)		(1,671,000)		(298,151)		1,372,849
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,685,193		2,685,193		3,053,179		367,986
Net change in fund balance	\$	(358,718)	\$	(1,131,897)		7,852,372	\$	8,984,269
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						30,723,774		
End of year					•	38,576,146		
End of year					\$	30,3/0,140		

City of Madera Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budgetary Comparison Schedules – General Development Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:								
Investment income (loss) Charges for services	\$	229,787 11,487,999	\$	229,787 11,487,999	\$	(394,065) 2,856,821	\$	(623,852) (8,631,178)
Total revenues		11,717,786		11,717,786		2,462,756		(9,255,030)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public ways and facilities		351,454		359,279		485,412		(126,133)
Culture and recreation		10,000		200,521		5,943		194,578
Capital outlay		1,115,513		5,014,102		539,521		4,474,581
Total expenditures		1,476,967		5,573,902		1,030,876		4,543,026
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		10,240,819		6,143,884		1,431,880		(4,712,004)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(140,020)		(140,020)		(140,020)		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		(140,020)		(140,020)		(140,020)		-
Net change in fund balance	\$	10,100,799	\$	6,003,864		1,291,860	\$	(4,712,004)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						15,703,735		
End of year					\$	16,995,595		

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Miscellaneous Plan								
Measurement period, year ended	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014 1
Total pension liability								
Service cost	\$ 1,606,099	\$ 1,719,344	\$ 1,915,335	\$ 2,074,876	\$ 1,857,394	\$ 1,556,770	\$ 1,515,655	\$ 1,562,632
Interest on total pension liability	6,643,295	6,484,056	6,295,654	5,940,862	5,651,202	5,352,560	5,085,808	4,865,000
Differences between expected and actual								
experience	(711,985)	(758,426)	1,363,296	1,082,691	1,184,077	337,609	(269,941)	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	(647,285)	4,531,204	-	(1,189,492)	-
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee								
contributions	(5,525,027)	(4,890,282)	(4,548,873)	(4,125,431)	(3,877,650)	(3,532,833)	(3,412,481)	(3,247,986)
Net change in total pension liability	2,012,382	2,554,692	5,025,412	4,325,713	9,346,227	3,714,106	1,729,549	3,179,646
Total pension liability - beginning	95,584,677	93,029,985	88,004,573	83,678,860	74,332,633	70,618,527	68,888,978	65,709,332
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 97,597,059	\$ 95,584,677	\$ 93,029,985	\$ 88,004,573	\$ 83,678,860	\$ 74,332,633	\$ 70,618,527	\$ 68,888,978
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	3,088,563	2,776,816	2,610,704	2,395,891	\$ 2,329,046	\$ 1,948,033	\$ 1,603,067	\$ 1,465,153
Contributions - employee	724,414	736,497	798,675	858,755	829,670	775,135	705,875	787,068
Investment income (net of administrative expenses)	14,821,011	3,166,226	3,967,331	4,851,004	5,795,462	282,173	1,164,130	7,962,241
Benefit payments	(5,525,027)	(4,890,282)	(4,548,873)	(4,125,431)	(3,877,650)	(3,532,833)	(3,412,481)	(3,247,986)
Plan to plan resources	-	-	132	(140)	(1,724)	394	-	-
Other	(65,237)	(89,670)	(43,264)	(258,000)	(76,926)	(32,095)	(59,277)	(55,556)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	13,043,724	1,699,587	2,784,705	3,722,079	4,997,878	(559,193)	1,314	6,910,920
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	65,306,722	63,607,135	60,822,430	57,100,351	52,102,473	52,661,666	52,660,352	45,749,432
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 78,350,446	\$ 65,306,722	\$ 63,607,135	\$ 60,822,430	\$ 57,100,351	\$ 52,102,473	\$ 52,661,666	\$ 52,660,352
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 19,246,613	\$ 30,277,955	\$ 29,422,850	\$ 27,182,143	\$ 26,578,509	\$ 22,230,160	\$ 17,956,861	\$ 16,228,626
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	00.000	co 0	60.0 1	60.4	60.0 ****	5 0.6551	m. e	
of the total pension liability	80.28%	68.32%	68.37%	69.11%	68.24%	70.09%	74.57%	76.44%
Covered payroll	\$ 9,543,073	\$ 10,054,641	\$ 11,058,515	\$ 12,035,942	\$ 10,240,349	\$ 9,298,593	\$ 8,909,327	\$ 8,873,549

Notes to Schedule:

covered payroll

Net pension liability as a percentage of

Benefit changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2014. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years of Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

266.07%

225.84%

259.55%

239.07%

201.55%

182.89%

301.13%

201.68%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

City of Madera Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Safety Plan									
Measurement period, year ended	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability	0.390215%	0.318266%	0.317253%	0.319144%	0.314800%	0.324000%	0.340000%	0.337500%	
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,694,549	\$ 21,203,994	\$ 19,804,633	\$ 18,725,928	\$ 18,807,385	\$ 16,778,473	\$ 14,009,122	\$ 12,759,288	
Plan's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,998,863	\$ 4,853,265	\$ 4,711,908	\$ 4,574,668	\$ 4,428,574	\$ 4,211,168	\$ 3,797,547	\$ 3,916,737	
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	273.95%	436.90%	420.31%	409.34%	424.68%	398.43%	368.90%	325.76%	
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 58,522,823	\$ 48,543,855	\$ 48,056,036	\$ 44,837,253	\$ 41,761,897	\$ 37,574,019	\$ 38,216,008	\$ 37,919,898	
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.04%	69.60%	70.82%	44.92%	44.75%	46.68%	53.15%	57.52%	
Plan's proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions	\$ 2,879,830	\$ 2,464,699	\$ 2,197,168	\$ 1,942,249	\$ 1,806,992	\$ 1,650,502	\$ 1,388,656	\$ 1,405,797	

¹ Information only presented from the implementation year

City of Madera Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Component Unit - Miscellaneous Plan												
Measurement period, year ended	6/30/2021	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014					
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability	0.132600	% 0.0846009	% 0.084400%	0.082100%	0.082800%	0.088100%	0.078600%					
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,517,01	8 \$ 3,389,293	5 \$ 3,179,336	\$ 3,235,424	\$ 2,875,227	\$ 2,416,697	\$ 1,966,014					
Plan's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,191,51	3 \$ 1,280,623	3 \$ 1,270,009	\$ 1,140,725	\$ 1,043,730	\$ 982,585	\$ 1,108,052					
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	211.25	% 250.349	% 250.34%	283.63%	275.48%	245.95%	177.43%					
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 8,922,69	4 \$ 7,134,083	\$ 6,579,986	\$ 5,930,422	\$ 6,264,351	\$ 6,281,657	\$ 5,399,644					
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	28.21	% 67.429	% 67.42%	64.70%	68.54%	72.22%	73.31%					
Plan's proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions	\$ 676,56	8 \$ 336,46	1 \$ 268,409	\$ 238,140	\$ 257,128	\$ 203,184	\$ 239,779					

¹ Information only presented from the implementation year.

City of Madera

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions - Pension For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Miscellaneous Plan												
Fiscal Year:	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-141			
Contractually determined contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the	\$ 3,668,068	\$ 3,088,563	\$ 2,776,816	\$ 2,610,704	\$ 2,395,891	\$ 2,329,046	\$ 1,948,033	\$ 1,603,067	\$ 1,465,153			
actuarially determined contributions	(3,668,068)	(3,088,563)	(2,776,816)	(2,610,313)	(2,395,891)	(2,329,046)	(1,948,033)	(1,603,067)	(1,397,058)			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Covered payroll	\$ 9,829,365	\$ 9,543,073	\$ 10,054,641	\$11,058,515	\$12,035,942	\$ 10,240,349	\$ 9,298,593	\$ 8,909,327	\$ 8,873,549			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	37.32%	32.36%	27.62%	23.60%	19.91%	22.74%	20.95%	17.99%	15.74%			

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

The actuarial methods and assumption used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2022 were derived from the June 30, 2019 funding valuation report.

Amortization method/period For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report

Asset valuation method Actuarial Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2017 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll growth 2.75%

Investment rate of return 7.00% net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses.

Retirement age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 and 2015.

Mortality The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 and 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement

mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

¹ Information only presented from the implementation year

City of Madera

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions – Pension (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Safety Plan											
Fiscal Year:	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-141		
Contractually determined contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ 3,055,010 (3,055,010)	\$ 2,879,830 (2,879,830)	\$ 2,464,699 (2,464,699)	\$ 2,197,168 (2,197,168)	\$ 1,942,249 (1,942,249)	\$ 1,806,992 (1,806,992)	\$ 1,650,502 (1,650,502)	\$ 1,388,656 (1,388,656)	\$ 1,405,797 (1,405,797)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Covered payroll	\$ 5,148,829	\$ 4,998,863	\$ 4,853,265	\$ 4,711,908	\$ 4,574,668	\$ 4,428,574	\$ 4,211,168	\$ 3,797,547	\$ 3,916,737		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	59.33%	57.61%	50.78%	46.63%	42.46%	40.80%	39.19%	36.57%	35.89%		

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

The actuarial methods and assumption used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2022 were derived from the June 30, 2019 funding valuation report.

Amortization method/period For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report

Asset valuation method Actuarial Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2017 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll growth 2.75%

Investment rate of return 7.00% net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses.

The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 and 2015.

Mortality The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 and 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-

retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

¹ Information only presented from the implementation year

City of Madera

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions – Pension (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Component Unit - Miscellaneous Plan												
Fiscal Year:	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-141				
Contractually determined contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the	\$ 676,568	\$ 336,461	\$ 302,136	\$ 268,409	\$ 238,140	\$ 257,128	\$ 203,184	\$ 239,779				
actuarially determined contributions	(676,568)	(336,461)	(302,136)	(268,409)	(238,140)	(257,128)	(203,184)	(239,779)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Covered payroll	\$ 1,384,980	\$ 1,191,513	\$ 1,280,623	\$ 1,270,009	\$ 1,140,725	\$ 1,043,730	\$ 982,585	\$ 1,108,052				
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	48.85%	28.24%	23.59%	21.13%	20.88%	24.64%	20.68%	21.64%				

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

The actuarial methods and assumption used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2021 were derived from the June 30, 2018 funding valuation report.

Amortization method/period For details, see June 30, 2018 Funding Valuation Report

Asset valuation method Actuarial Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2016 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.63%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll growth 2.875%

Investment rate of return 7.00% net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses.

Retirement age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 and 2011.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-

retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by

the Society of Actuaries.

¹ Information only presented from the implementation year

City of Madera Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Measurement period, year ending:	6/30/2021		6/30/2020		6/30/2019		6/30/2018	6	/30/2017 1
Total OPEB liability									
Service cost	\$ 188,828	\$	159,827	\$	148,304	\$	196,158	\$	165,796
Interest	95,919		104,757		110,666		97,813		92,870
Changes of benefit terms	-		-		-		(219,769)		
Differences between expected and actual experience	-		156,277		-		74,529		-
Changes of assumptions	255,972		263,250		183,321		(254,393)		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(92,662)		(196,273)		(132,070)		(89,635)		(111,633)
Net change in total OPEB liability	448,057		487,838		310,221		(195,297)		147,033
Total OPEB liability - beginning	3,772,266		3,284,428		2,974,207		3,169,504		3,022,471
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 4,220,323	\$	3,772,266	\$	3,284,428	\$	2,974,207	\$	3,169,504
OPEB fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$ 92,662	\$	196,273	\$	132,070	\$	89,635	\$	111,633
Net investment income	-		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(92,662)		(196,273)		(132,070)		(89,635)		(111,633)
Administrative expense	 	_	-	_			-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-		-		-		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 	_		_		_	-		-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-
Plan net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 4,220,323	\$	3,772,266	\$	3,284,428	\$	2,974,207	\$	3,169,504
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,110,829	\$	10,787,213	\$	13,763,983	\$	13,752,967	\$	13,352,395
Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	37.98%		34.97%		23.86%		21.63%		23.74%

¹ Information only presented from the implementation year

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds:

Special Gas Tax Fund - This fund is used to account for the receipt of gasoline tax revenue paid to the City as a subvention from the State of California. These funds support maintenance activities and finance street construction projects as provided by State law.

Measure "T" Sales Tax Fund - This fund is used to account for the receipt of gasoline tax revenue paid to the City as a subvention from the State of California. These funds support maintenance activities and finance street construction projects as provided by State law.

Business Improvement District Fund - This fund is used to account for the City's efforts of the Business Improvement District (BID) to promote commerce in downtown Madera. The funding source is assessment fees.

Park Development Fund - This fund is used for park land acquisition and development. Principal revenue sources are parks acquisition and development fees collected from developers and state revenues for park development.

Parking District Fund - This fund is used to support the activities of the City's Parking Enforcement Office. Non-sworn officers patrol a designated area in Madera's downtown and issue citations to motorists who violate the City's vehicle ordinances.

Federal Aid Urban Fund - This fund is used to report various federal grants awarded to the City by the Federal government not otherwise accounted for in the General Fund or Capital Projects funds. A separate detailed report by program is available which meets the criteria of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, for all federal grants received by the City.

Street Construction Fund - This fund is used to account for right-of-way acquisition, construction, and improvements related to the City's street system. These projects are funded by various state and federal programs and matching City funds.

Landscape Assessment Fund - This fund is used to account for funds received from the landscaping assessment districts to provide for alternative sources of funding for maintenance and service of landscaping located within the public areas of the assessment districts.

Supplemental Law Enforcement Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with front line law enforcement and municipal police services. The funding source is state grant funding.

Intermodal Building Fund - This fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the intermodal building facility for use by the City and its tenants. The Intermodal Facility currently houses the MAX system, the Greyhound Bus terminal, and Madera Cab Co. This facility relies solely on grants and rents collected to fund its operations, and therefore does not impact the General Fund budget.

Economic Development Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to programs and projects funded with Economic Development grant proceeds.

Residential Rehab Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the City's Down Payment Assistance Program (DAP) which assists low-income residents with purchasing their first homes and the Owner Occupied Rehabilitation (OOR) program that helps existing low-income homeowners make health and safety repairs to their homes.

Non-Major Governmental Funds (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds (Continued):

Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund - This fund is used to account for the balances of the former low and moderate income housing funds of the former Madera Redevelopment Agency and revenues and expenditures related to such housing projects and programs.

Community Facilities Districts (CFD) Fund - This fund is used to account for bond and annual tax assessment proceeds to be used for the construction and implementation of off-site infrastructure improvements. In addition, the Fund accounts for services and administration of assessments received annually.

Capital Projects Funds:

Streets and Roads Fund - This fund is used to account for right-of-way acquisition, construction, and improvements related to the City's street system. These projects are funded by various state and federal programs and matching City funds.

City of Madera Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

				Special	Special Revenue					
	Special Gas Tax Fund			Measure "T" Sales Tax Fund		Business Improvement District		Park velopment		
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	2,036,163	\$	11,849,629	\$	4,719	\$	104,975		
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		14,282		-		
Intergovernmental receivable		347,157		1,609,202		-		-		
Lease receivable		-		-		-		-		
Notes receivable		-		-		-		-		
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		
Land held for resale		-		-		-		-		
Total assets	\$	2,383,320	\$	13,458,831	\$	19,001	\$	104,975		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	1,459,869	\$	91,983	\$	4,719	\$	-		
Accrued payroll		-		-		-		-		
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-		
Total liabilities		1,459,869		91,983		4,719		-		
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenue		-		528,330		_		-		
Related to leases		_						-		
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		528,330		-		-		
Fund Balances:										
Restricted		923,451		12,838,518		14,282		104,975		
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		,202		-		
Total fund balances		923,451		12,838,518		14,282		104,975		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			-		_					
resources, and fund balances	\$	2,383,320	\$	13,458,831	\$	19,001	\$	104,975		

City of Madera Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		Special Revenue										
ASSETS	Parking District			Federal Aid Urban		Street Construction		andscape ssessment				
Cash and investments	\$	126,554	\$		\$		\$	456,153				
Accounts receivable, net	φ	16,130	Ф	_	Ф	-	φ	2,569				
Intergovernmental receivable		-		194,539		3,099,763		4,374				
Lease receivable		-		-		-		, <u>-</u>				
Notes receivable		-		-		-		-				
Prepaid items		-		-		5,508		-				
Land held for resale		-						-				
Total assets	\$	142,684	\$	194,539	\$	3,105,271	\$	463,096				
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	2,124	\$	8,059	\$	1,668,063	\$	-				
Accrued payroll		-		102.001		1 001 567		-				
Due to other funds Deposits payable		-		103,001		1,001,567		-				
Unearned revenues		-		_		-		-				
Total liabilities		2,124		111,060		2,669,630		-				
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue Related to leases		-		179,448		1,640,000		-				
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		179,448		1,640,000		-				
Fund Balances:												
Restricted		140,560		-		-		463,096				
Unassigned (deficit)		-		(95,969)		(1,204,359)		-				
Total fund balances		140,560		(95,969)		(1,204,359)		463,096				
Total liabilities deferred inflows of			_									
resources, and fund balances	\$	142,684	\$	194,539	\$	3,105,271	\$	463,096				

City of Madera Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds

T	20	2022
June	3U.	2022
0	_ ,	

			Revenue					
	pplemental Law nforcement		ntermodal Building	Economic Development		F	Residential Rehab	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$ 162,516	\$	8,133	\$	1,522,313	\$	1,014,931	
Accounts receivable, net	-		4,577		-		-	
Intergovernmental receivable	249,456		20,495		-		81,145	
Lease receivable	-		51,528		-		-	
Notes receivable	-		-		-		7,996,577	
Prepaid items	-		80		-		-	
Land held for resale	 -		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$ 411,972	\$	84,813	\$	1,522,313	\$	9,092,653	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 33,975	\$	6,849	\$	156,500	\$	-	
Accrued payroll	5,516		75		-		521	
Due to other funds	-		-		-		-	
Deposits payable	-		-		-		-	
Unearned revenues	 -		-		-		-	
Total liabilities	 39,491		6,924		156,500		521	
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue	119,744		-		-		-	
Related to leases	 		51,441		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	119,744		51,441		-		-	
Fund Balances:								
Restricted	252,737		26,448		1,365,813		9,092,132	
Unassigned (deficit)	-		20,110		-			
Total fund balances	252,737		26,448		1,365,813		9,092,132	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$ 411,972	\$	84,813	\$	1,522,313	\$	9,092,653	

City of Madera Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022

		Special	Reve	nue	C	apital Projects		
	Low and Moderate Income Housing		Community Facilities Districts		Streets and Roads		Total Other Governmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	235,923	\$	721,553	\$	-	\$	18,243,562
Accounts receivable, net		205		-		-		37,763
Intergovernmental receivable		-		1,835		-		5,607,966
Lease receivable		-		-		-		51,528
Notes receivable		7,000		-		-		8,003,577
Prepaid items		795		-		-		6,383
Land held for resale		670,000		-				670,000
Total assets	\$	913,923	\$	723,388	\$		\$	32,620,779
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,432,141
Accrued payroll		-		-		-		6,112
Due to other funds		-		-		295		1,104,863
Deposits payable		74		-		-		74
Unearned revenues		-		113,851				113,851
Total liabilities		74		113,851		295		4,657,041
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		2,467,522 51,441
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		2,518,963
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		913,849		609,537				26,745,398
Unassigned (deficit)		913,049		009,337		(295)		(1,300,623)
Total fund balances		913,849	_	609,537		(295)		25,444,775
		913,049		009,337	-	(293)		23,444,773
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	913,923	\$	723,388	\$	_	\$	32,620,779
								(C 1 4 - 4)

(Concluded)

City of Madera Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Special	Revenue	
REVENUES:	Special Gas Tax Fund	Measure "T" Sales Tax Fund	Business Improvement District	Park Development
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	¢
Property taxes Other taxes Investment income (loss)		42,533	5 - -	\$ - - -
Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Charges for services	3,734,746 -	3,273,345	21,867	- - -
Miscellaneous				
Total revenues	3,734,746	3,315,878	21,867	
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: General government	-	-	22,914	-
Public protection Public ways and facilities Community development	2,364,924	600,080	-	-
Capital outlay	739,694	168,033	-	- -
Total expenditures	3,104,618	768,113	22,914	-
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	630,128	2,547,765	(1,047)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers out	(630,467)	(897,474)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(630,467)	(897,474)		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(339	1,650,291	(1,047)	-
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year	923,790	11,188,227	15,329	104,975
End of year	\$ 923,451	\$ 12,838,518	\$ 14,282	\$ 104,975

City of Madera Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue								
REVENUES:	Parking District	Federal Aid Urban	Street Construction	Landscape Assessment					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Other taxes	-	-	-	421,754					
Investment income (loss) Fines and forfeitures	18,295	-	-	-					
Intergovernmental	16,293	368,134	665,618	_					
Charges for services	18,731	-	-	_					
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-					
Total revenues	37,026	368,134	665,618	421,754					
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government	22,416	-	-	-					
Public protection	-	-	-	-					
Public ways and facilities	-	158,767	177,909	419,229					
Community development	-	-	-	-					
Capital outlay		20,356	8,413						
Total expenditures	22,416	179,123	186,322	419,229					
REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	14,610	189,011	479,296	2,525					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers out	(311)		(512,000)						
Total other financing sources (uses)	(311)		(512,000)						
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	14,299	189,011	(32,704)	2,525					
FUND BALANCES:									
Beginning of year	126,261	(284,980)	(1,171,655)	460,571					
End of year	\$ 140,560	\$ (95,969)	\$ (1,204,359)	\$ 463,096					

City of Madera Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Special 1	Revenue	
REVENUES:	Supplemental Law Enforcement	Intermodal Building	Economic Development	Residential Rehab
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other taxes	-	-	<u>-</u>	-
Investment income (loss)	(4,891)	248	(32,495)	623,369
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	277,201	90,087	-	20,374
Charges for services	-	37,011	-	45.000
Miscellaneous				45,088
Total revenues	272,310	127,346	(32,495)	688,831
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	-	65,810	-	-
Public protection	217,717	-	-	-
Public ways and facilities	-	60,820	-	-
Community development	-	-	2,278	395,066
Capital outlay	21,580			
Total expenditures	239,297	126,630	2,278	395,066
REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	33,013	716	(34,773)	293,765
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers out		(249)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(249)		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	33,013	467	(34,773)	293,765
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year	219,724	25,981	1,400,586	8,798,367
End of year	\$ 252,737	\$ 26,448	\$ 1,365,813	\$ 9,092,132

City of Madera Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Special 1	Revenu	ie	Capital Projects		
DEVENUES	Low and Moderate Income Housing		Community Facilities Districts		Streets and Roads	Total Other Governmental Funds	
REVENUES:							
Property taxes Other taxes Investment income (loss)	\$	-	\$	494,872 - (8,625)	\$ - -	\$ 494,872 421,754 620,139	
Fines and forfeitures		_		-	-	18,295	
Intergovernmental		-		-	-	8,429,505	
Charges for services		-		-	-	77,609	
Miscellaneous		11,503		-		56,591	
Total revenues		11,503		486,247		10,118,765	
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		-		4,603	-	115,743	
Public protection		-		-	-	217,717	
Public ways and facilities		-		-	-	3,781,729	
Community development		557		-	4,323	402,224	
Capital outlay		57,797				1,015,873	
Total expenditures	-	58,354		4,603	4,323	5,533,286	
REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(46,851)		481,644	(4,323)	4,585,479	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		_		(317,600)		(2,358,101)	
Total other financing sources (uses)				(317,600)		(2,358,101)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		(46,851)		164,044	(4,323)	2,227,378	
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	-	960,700		445,493	4,028	23,217,397	
End of year	\$	913,849	\$	609,537	\$ (295)	\$ 25,444,775	

(Concluded)

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:									
Intergovernmental	\$	5,037,273	\$	5,037,273	\$	3,734,746	\$	(1,302,527)	
Total revenues		5,037,273		5,037,273		3,734,746		(1,302,527)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Public ways and facilities		1,872,332		2,409,223		2,364,924		44,299	
Capital outlay		15,000		490,869		739,694		(248,825)	
Total expenditures		1,887,332		2,900,092		3,104,618		(204,526)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		3,149,941		2,137,181		630,128		(1,507,053)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers out		(2,200,007)		(2,200,007)		(630,467)		1,569,540	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,200,007)		(2,200,007)		(630,467)		1,569,540	
Net change in fund balance	\$	949,934	\$	(62,826)		(339)	\$	62,487	
FUND BALANCE:									
Beginning of year						923,790			
End of year					\$	923,451			

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Measure "T" Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				 Actual Amounts	Fi I	nriance with nal Budget Favorable/ nfavorable)
REVENUES:							_
Investment income (loss)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 42,533	\$	42,533
Intergovernmental		5,037,273		5,037,273	 3,273,345		(1,763,928)
Total revenues		5,037,273		5,037,273	 3,315,878		(1,721,395)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public ways and facilities		1,181,617		1,727,934	600,080		1,127,854
Capital outlay		15,000		481,443	 168,033		313,410
Total expenditures		1,196,617		2,209,377	 768,113		1,441,264
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		3,840,656		2,827,896	 2,547,765		(280,131)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(2,890,722)		(2,890,722)	 (897,474)		1,993,248
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,890,722)		(2,890,722)	(897,474)		1,993,248
Net change in fund balance	\$	949,934	\$	(62,826)	1,650,291	\$	1,713,117
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					 11,188,227		
End of year					\$ 12,838,518		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Business Improvement District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:								
Investment income (loss)	\$	35	\$	35	\$ -	\$	(35)	
Charges for services	-	28,667		28,667	21,867		(6,800)	
Total revenues		28,702		28,702	 21,867		(6,835)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government	-	26,397		26,397	22,914		3,483	
Total expenditures		26,397		26,397	 22,914		3,483	
Net change in fund balance	\$	2,305	\$	2,305	(1,047)	\$	(3,352)	
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year					15,329			
End of year					\$ 14,282			

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Parking District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	13,066	\$	13,066	\$ 18,295	\$	5,229
Charges for services		25,090		25,090	 18,731		(6,359)
Total revenues		38,156		38,156	 37,026		(1,130)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		33,839		33,839	 22,416		11,423
Total expenditures		33,839		33,839	 22,416		11,423
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		4,317		4,317	14,610		10,293
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(903)		(903)	 (311)		592
Total other financing sources (uses)		(903)		(903)	(311)		592
Net change in fund balance	\$	3,414	\$	3,414	14,299	\$	10,885
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					126,261		
End of year					\$ 140,560		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Federal Aid Urban Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			nts Final	Actual Amounts			nriance with inal Budget Favorable/ Infavorable)
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,740,378	\$	1,740,378	\$	368,134	\$	(1,372,244)
Total revenues		1,740,378		1,740,378		368,134		(1,372,244)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Public ways and facilities		1,223,791		1,229,310		158,767		1,070,543
Capital outlay		64,051		64,051		20,356		43,695
Total expenditures		1,287,842		1,293,361		179,123		1,114,238
Net change in fund balance	\$	452,536	\$	447,017		189,011	\$	(258,006)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						(284,980)		
End of year					\$	(95,969)		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Street Construction Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:									
Intergovernmental	\$	3,627,266	\$	3,640,222	\$	665,618	\$	(2,974,604)	
Total revenues		3,627,266		3,640,222		665,618		(2,974,604)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Public ways and facilities		1,957,147		1,998,500		177,909		1,820,591	
Capital outlay		259,993		299,875		8,413		291,462	
Total expenditures		2,217,140		2,298,375		186,322		2,112,053	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,410,126		1,341,847		479,296		(862,551)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers out		(512,000)		(512,000)		(512,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(512,000)		(512,000)		(512,000)			
Net change in fund balance	\$	898,126	\$	829,847		(32,704)	\$	(862,551)	
FUND BALANCE:									
Beginning of year						(1,171,655)			
End of year					\$	(1,204,359)			

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Landscape Assessment Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			-	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:								
Other taxes	\$ 425,601	\$	425,601	\$	421,754	\$	(3,847)	
Total revenues	425,601		425,601		421,754		(3,847)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public ways and facilities	 438,305		438,305		419,229		19,076	
Total expenditures	 438,305		438,305		419,229		19,076	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(12,704)		(12,704)		2,525		15,229	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out	 (677)		(677)		-		677	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (677)		(677)		-		677	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (13,381)	\$	(13,381)		2,525	\$	15,906	
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year					460,571			
End of year				\$	463,096			

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Supplemental Law Enforcement Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:							
Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental	\$ 591 308,482	\$	591 431,311	\$ (4,891) 277,201	\$	(5,482) (154,110)	
Total revenues	309,073		431,902	272,310		(159,592)	
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Public protection Capital outlay	 144,616		239,616 27,829	 217,717 21,580		21,899 6,249	
Total expenditures	144,616		267,445	239,297		28,148	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 164,457	\$	164,457	33,013	\$	(131,444)	
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year				219,724			
End of year				\$ 252,737			

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Intermodal Building Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Or	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual nounts	Fina Fav	ance with I Budget vorable/ avorable)
DEVENILEC.								
REVENUES:								
Investment income (loss)	\$	- 00 450	\$	- 02 450	\$	248	\$	248
Intergovernmental Charges for services		92,459 37,500		92,459 37,500		90,087 37,011		(2,372) (489)
-								
Total revenues		129,959		129,959		127,346		(2,613)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		74,294		74,294		65,810		8,484
Public ways and facilities		64,088		64,088	60,820			3,268
Total expenditures		138,382		138,382		126,630		11,752
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(8,423)		(8,423)		716		9,139
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(2,336)		(2,336)		(249)		2,087
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,336)		(2,336)		(249)		2,087
Net change in fund balance	\$	(10,759)	\$	(10,759)		467	\$	11,226
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						25,981		
End of year					\$	26,448		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Economic Development Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Imounts	Fir Fa	iance with al Budget avorable/ favorable)
REVENUES:								
Investment income (loss)	\$	2,097	\$	2,097	\$	(32,495)	\$	(34,592)
Total revenues		2,097		2,097		(32,495)		(34,592)
EXPENDITURES:						_		_
Current:								
Community development		3,377		3,377		2,278		1,099
Total expenditures		3,377		3,377		2,278		1,099
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(1,280)		(1,280)		(34,773)		(33,493)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		297,410		297,410		-		(297,410)
Total other financing sources (uses)		297,410		297,410		-		(297,410)
Net change in fund balance	\$	296,130	\$	296,130		(34,773)	\$	(330,903)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						1,400,586		
End of year					\$	1,365,813		

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Residential Rehab Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:								
Investment income (loss)	\$ 473,027	\$	473,027	\$	623,369	\$	150,342	
Intergovernmental	-		-		20,374		20,374	
Miscellaneous	 94,151		94,151		45,088		(49,063)	
Total revenues	567,178		567,178		688,831		121,653	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Community development	 363,837		375,857		395,066		(19,209)	
Total expenditures	 363,837		375,857		395,066		(19,209)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 203,341	\$	191,321		293,765	\$	102,444	
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year					8,798,367			
End of year				\$	9,092,132			

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual .mounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:			,					
Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 2,465 452,000 18,123	\$	2,465 452,000 18,123	\$	11,503	\$	(2,465) (452,000) (6,620)	
Total revenues	472,588		472,588		11,503		(461,085)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Community development Capital outlay Total expenditures	 5,723 250,000 255,723		5,723 250,000 255,723		557 57,797 58,354		5,166 192,203 197,369	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 216,865	\$	216,865		(46,851)	\$	(263,716)	
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year					960,700			
End of year				\$	913,849			

City of Madera Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Facilities District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Fina Fa	ance with al Budget vorable/ avorable)
REVENUES:							
Property taxes Investment income (loss)	\$	440,478 335	\$	440,478 335	\$ 494,872 (8,625)	\$	54,394 (8,960)
Total revenues		440,813		440,813	486,247		45,434
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		5,256		5,256	 4,603		653
Total expenditures		5,256		5,256	 4,603		653
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		435,557		435,557	 481,644		46,087
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(317,600)		(317,600)	(317,600)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(317,600)		(317,600)	(317,600)		
Net change in fund balance	\$	117,957	\$	117,957	164,044	\$	46,087
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					445,493		
End of year					\$ 609,537		

Non-Major Enterprise Funds

Local Transit Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's public transit operations.

Golf Course Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's golf course operations.

Airport Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's airport operations.

City of Madera Combining Statement of Net Position Non-Major Enterprise Funds June 30, 2022

	June 30, 2022			
ASSETS	Local Transit Fund	Golf Course Fund	Airport Fund	Total
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,760,284	\$ 1,760,284
Accounts receivable, net	Ψ -	16,670	23,192	39,862
Intergovernmental receivable	529,807		54,144	583,951
Lease receivable - due within one year	-	16,646	36,122	52,768
Prepaid items	701		9,016	9,717
Total current assets	530,508	33,316	1,882,758	2,446,582
Noncurrent assets:				
Lease receivable - due in more than one year Capital assets:	-	-	858,946	858,946
Non-depreciable	320,500	146,933	3,287,625	3,755,058
Depreciable, net	7,729,774	1,881,928	7,565,895	17,177,597
Total capital assets	8,050,274	2,028,861	10,853,520	20,932,655
Total noncurrent assets	8,050,274	2,028,861	11,712,466	21,791,601
Total assets	8,580,782	2,062,177	13,595,224	24,238,183
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB	- 0,000,702		3,335	3,335
Related to pensions	48,287		30,468	78,755
Total deferred outflow of resources	48,287	-	33,803	82,090
LIABILITIES	,	n-		·
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	163,200	-	11,192	174,392
Accrued payroll	14,688	-	4,028	18,716
Due to other funds	277,685	529,076	-	806,761
Interest payable	-	2,541	1,083	3,624
Deposits payable	10.224	-	14,165	14,165
Compensated absences - due within one year	18,324	216 100	7,263	25,587
Long-term debt - due within one year		316,100	27,181	343,281
Total current liabilities	473,897	847,717	64,912	1,386,526
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Advances from other funds	-	36,720	-	36,720
Aggregate net pension liability	163,907	-	116,136	280,043
Total OPEB liability Compensated absences - due in more than one year	16,038	-	17,658	17,658
Long term debt - due in more than one year	10,036	161,800	3,708	19,746 161,800
Total noncurrent liabilities	179,945	198,520	137,502	515,967
Total liabilities	653,842	1,046,237	202,414	1,902,493
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	033,042	1,040,237	202,717	1,702,773
Related to service concession arrangement	_	16,670	_	16,670
Related to leases	_	16,628	888,608	905,236
Related to OPEB	-	· -	539	539
Related to pensions	96,638		37,848	134,486
Total deferred inflows of resources	96,638	33,298	926,995	1,056,931
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	8,050,274	1,550,961	10,826,339	20,427,574
Unrestricted (deficit)	(171,685)	(568,319)	1,673,279	933,275
Total net position	\$ 7,878,589	\$ 982,642	\$ 12,499,618	\$ 21,360,849
				

City of Madera Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Non-Major Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Local Transit Fund			Golf Course Fund		Airport Fund		Total
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Charges for services Miscellaneous revenue	\$	2,816,974 12,706	\$	74,712	\$	351,506 181,020	\$	3,243,192 193,726
Total operating revenues		2,829,680		74,712		532,526		3,436,918
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Salaries and benefits General and administrative Supplies and miscellaneous Utilities Depreciation		366,391 1,998,487 314,654 424,873		64,082		110,624 374,207 69,637 29,136 297,675		477,015 2,436,776 384,291 29,136 722,548
Total operating expenses		3,104,405		64,082		881,279		4,049,766
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(274,725)		10,630		(348,753)		(612,848)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Investment income (loss) Property taxes Capital grants Interest expense		469 - 25,903		64 - - (20,962)		(18,212) 151,653 91,042 (2,123)		(17,679) 151,653 116,945 (23,085)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		26,372		(20,898)		222,360		227,834
(LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(248,353)		(10,268)		(126,393)		(385,014)
TRANSFERS								
Transfers in Transfers out		(4,612)		298,151		(3,475)		298,151 (8,087)
Total transfers		(4,612)		298,151		(3,475)		290,064
Changes in net position		(252,965)		287,883		(129,868)		(94,950)
NET POSITION:								
Beginning of year		8,131,554		694,759		12,629,486		21,455,799
End of year	\$	7,878,589	\$	982,642	\$	12,499,618	\$	21,360,849

City of Madera Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Local Transit Fund	Golf Course Fund	Airport Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Receipts from other operating revenues Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 2,918,853 (2,165,387) (535,828) 12,706 230,344	\$ 89,656 (64,082) - - 25,574	\$ 338,972 (471,211) (146,547) 181,020 (97,766)	\$ 3,347,481 (2,700,680) (682,375) 193,726 158,152
• • • • • • •	 230,344	 23,374	 (77,700)	 130,132
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Property taxes	-	-	151,653	151,653
Advances from other funds	-	(24,481)	-	(24,481)
Due to other funds	(252,104)	29,482	-	(222,622)
Transfers from other funds	-	298,151	-	298,151
Transfers to other funds	 (4,612)	 	 (3,475)	 (8,087)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(256,716)	303,152	148,178	194,614
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital grants	25,903	-	91,042	116,945
Acquisition of capital assets	-	-	(83,613)	(83,613)
Principal payment of long-term debt	-	(306,200)	(25,939)	(332,139)
Interest paid on debt	 _	(22,590)	 (2,123)	(24,713)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	 25,903	 (328,790)	 (20,633)	 (323,520)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest from investments	469	 64	 (18,212)	(17,679)
Net cash provided by investing activities	 469	 64	(18,212)	(17,679)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	-	-	11,567	11,567
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:				
Beginning of year	 	 	 1,748,717	 1,748,717
End of year	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 1,760,284	\$ 1,760,284

City of Madera Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Non-Major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Local Transit Fund		Golf Course Fund		Airport Fund		Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVI	TIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(274,725)	\$	10,630	\$	(348,753)	\$ (612,848)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net							
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation		424,873		-		297,675	722,548
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and							
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:							
Accounts receivable, net		631,686		14,962		48,080	694,728
Intergovernmental receivable		(529,807)		-		(54,144)	(583,951)
Lease receivable		_		19,936		36,959	56,895
Prepaid items		251		-		(1,231)	(980)
Deferred outflows - OPEB related		-		-		(3,335)	(3,335)
Deferred outflows - pension related		62,393		-		19,483	81,876
Accounts payable		147,503		-		3,000	150,503
Accrued payroll		2,942		-		2,454	5,396
Deposits payable		-		-		(10)	(10)
Compensated absences		6,996		-		2,774	9,770
Aggregate net pension liability		(306,029)		-		(95,563)	(401,592)
Total OPEB liability		-		-		17,658	17,658
Deferred inflows - lease related		-		(19,954)		(43,419)	(63,373)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related		-		_		539	539
Deferred inflows - pension related		64,261		-		20,067	84,328
Total adjustments		505,069		14,944		250,987	771,000
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	230,344	\$	25,574	\$	(97,766)	\$ 158,152

(Concluded)

This page intentionally left blank.

Internal Service Funds

Fleet Maintenance Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with the maintenance of the City's fleet of vehicles.

Facilities Maintenance Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with the maintenance of the City Hall building and other City buildings.

Technology Fund - This fund is used to account for the costs associated with automation maintenance of the City's various computers, servers and interdepartmental electronic communications.

City of Madera Combining Statement of Net Position All Internal Service Funds June 30, 2022

	Fleet Maintenance	Facilities Maintenance	Technology	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,494,258	\$ 1,504,698	\$ 856,693	\$ 4,855,649
Accounts receivable, net	5,708	269	-	5,977
Prepaid items	27,329	32	101,966	129,327
Total current assets	2,527,295	1,504,999	958,659	4,990,953
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable	215,942	4.047	204.060	215,942
Depreciable, net	3,617,459	4,947	204,969	3,827,375
Total capital assets	3,833,401	4,947	204,969	4,043,317
Total noncurrent assets	3,833,401	4,947	204,969	4,043,317
Total assets	6,360,696	1,509,946	1,163,628	9,034,270
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Related to OPEB	20,012	26,682	13,341	60,035
Related to pensions	130,344	186,084	97,864	414,292
Total deferred outflow of resources	150,356	212,766	111,205	474,327
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	83,838	103,563	83,401	270,802
Accrued payroll	9,362	24,777	11,523	45,662
Compensated absences - due within one year	22,281	68,486	21,041	111,808
Total current liabilities	115,481	196,826	115,965	428,272
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Aggregate net pension liability	528,054	768,270	421,132	1,717,456
Total OPEB liability	105,950	141,266	70,633	317,849
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	27,258	33,870	34,787	95,915
Total noncurrent liabilities	661,262	943,406	526,552	2,131,220
Total liabilities	776,743	1,140,232	642,517	2,559,492
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to OPEB	3,233	4,310	2,155	9,698
Related to pensions	112,630	210,597	140,773	464,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	115,863	214,907	142,928	473,698
NET POSITION				
Investment in capital assets	3,833,401	4,947	204,969	4,043,317
Unrestricted	1,785,045	362,626	284,419	2,432,090
Total net position	\$ 5,618,446	\$ 367,573	\$ 489,388	\$ 6,475,407

City of Madera Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position All Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	M	Fleet aintenance	Facilities Maintenance		T	echnology	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for services Miscellaneous revenue	\$	1,880,207 225,375	\$	1,686,640	\$	1,309,287	\$ 4,876,134 225,375
Total operating revenues		2,105,582		1,686,640		1,309,287	 5,101,509
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Salaries and benefits		348,189		766,284		444,266	1,558,739
General and administrative		369,686		264,473		309,318	943,477
Supplies and miscellaneous		22,205		125,869		1,817	149,891
Parts and supplies		-		-		255,968	255,968
Utilities		1,231		331,001		7,701	339,933
Depreciation		574,969		1,263		90,639	 666,871
Total operating expenses		1,316,280	-	1,488,890		1,109,709	 3,914,879
OPERATING INCOME		789,302		197,750		199,578	 1,186,630
TRANSFERS:							
Transfers out		(7,878)		(15,553)		(10,097)	(33,528)
Total transfers		(7,878)		(15,553)		(10,097)	 (33,528)
Changes in net position		781,424		182,197		189,481	1,153,102
NET POSITION:							
Beginning of year		4,837,022		185,376		299,907	 5,322,305
End of year	\$	5,618,446	\$	367,573	\$	489,388	\$ 6,475,407

City of Madera Combining Statement of Cash Flows All Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Fleet Maintenance		Facilities Iaintenance	Те	echnology	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Receipts from other operating activities Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,979,941 (362,944) (407,121) 225,375 1,435,251	\$ 1,686,371 (663,792) (963,002) - 59,577	\$	1,309,287 (680,397) (585,767) - 43,123	\$ 4,975,599 (1,707,133) (1,955,890) 225,375 1,537,951
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		1,433,231	37,311		73,123	 1,557,551
Transfers to other funds		(7,878)	(15,553)		(10,097)	(33,528)
Net cash (used in) noncapital financing activities		(7,878)	(15,553)		(10,097)	(33,528)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition of capital assets		(1,264,651)	-		(38,147)	(1,302,798)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(1,264,651)			(38,147)	(1,302,798)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		162,722	44,024		(5,121)	201,625
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:						
Beginning of year		2,331,536	 1,460,674		861,814	4,654,024
End of year	\$	2,494,258	\$ 1,504,698	\$	856,693	\$ 4,855,649

(Continued)

City of Madera Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) All Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Fleet Maintenance			Facilities Maintenance	Тє	echnology	Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIE	es:						
Operating income	\$	789,302	\$	197,750	\$	199,578	\$ 1,186,630
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net							
cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation		574,969		1,263		90,639	666,871
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and							
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:							
Accounts receivable, net		99,734		(269)		-	99,465
Prepaid items		(27,297)		21		(64,223)	(91,499)
Deferred outflows - OPEB related		(20,012)		(26,682)		(13,341)	(60,035)
Deferred outflows -pension related		56,843		113,913		72,597	243,353
Accounts payable		57,475		57,530		(41,370)	73,635
Accrued payroll		3,733		9,427		2,569	15,729
Compensated absences		11,583		2,453		5,192	19,228
Aggregate net pension liability		(278,807)		(558,730)		(356,077)	(1,193,614)
Total OPEB liability		105,950		141,266		70,633	317,849
Deferred inflows - OPEB related		3,233		4,310		2,155	9,698
Deferred inflows - pension related		58,545		117,325		74,771	 250,641
Total adjustments		645,949		(138,173)		(156,455)	351,321
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,435,251	\$	59,577	\$	43,123	\$ 1,537,951

(Concluded)

This page intentionally left blank.

Custodial Funds

The Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City maintains the following custodial funds for the purposes indicated:

General Deposit Fund - This fund is used to account for all money held as deposits on behalf of others.

Community Facilities Districts - This fund is used to account for the collection of assessments from property owners and for the remittance of such assessments to bondholders as required by the Improvement Bond Act of 1915 and related California State statutes for the Community Facilities District No. 2006-1.

City of Madera Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2022

	General Deposit Fund			ommunity Facilities Districts	Total	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	1,747,081	\$	341,767	\$ 2,088,848	
Accounts receivable, net		-		(1,893)	(1,893)	
Prepaid items		-		975	975	
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		47,031	 47,031	
Total assets		1,747,081		387,880	2,134,961	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	6,549	\$	2,820	\$ 9,369	
Total liabilities		6,549		2,820	 9,369	
NET POSITION						
Restricted for:						
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		1,740,532		385,060	 2,125,592	
Total net position	\$	1,740,532	\$	385,060	\$ 2,125,592	

City of Madera Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 General Deposit Fund	F	ommunity Facilities Districts	Total		
ADDITIONS:						
Fee collections for other governments	\$ 1,785,508	\$	-	\$	1,785,508	
Special assessments for other governments	-		178,787		178,787	
Investment income (loss)	 (44,976)		(3,066)		(48,042)	
Total additions	1,740,532		175,721		1,916,253	
DEDUCTIONS:						
Administration	-		7,772		7,772	
Payments on conduit bonds - principal	-		84,046		84,046	
Payments on conduit bonds - interest			84,114		84,114	
Total deductions	 		175,932		175,932	
Changes in net position	1,740,532		(211)		1,740,321	
NET POSITION:						
Beginning of year	 <u>-</u>		385,271		385,271	
End of year	\$ 1,740,532	\$	385,060	\$	2,125,592	

This page intentionally left blank.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This page intentionally left blank.

CITY OF MADERA - STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Madera's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

CON	NTENTS	PAGE
	ancial Trends - These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City of dera's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
1	Net Position by Component	180
2	Changes in Net Position	182
3	Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	186
4	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	188
	enue Capacity - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City of Madera's most ificant local revenue source, the property tax.	
5	Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	191
6	Assessed Value of Taxable Property	192
7	Property Tax Levies and Collections	194
8	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	195
9	Top Ten Principal Property Taxpayers	196
	t Capacity - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current l of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
10	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	197
11	Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	198
12	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	199
13	Legal Debt Margin Information	200
14	Pledged Revenue Coverage	202
	nographic and Economic Information - These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
15	Demographic and Economic Statistics	204
16	Principal Employers	205
-	rating Information - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	
17	Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	207
18	Operating Indicators by Function/Program	208
19	Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	210

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year

City of Madera Schedule 1 Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Years		
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets,	\$ 177,369,996	\$ 178,947,614	\$ 160,970,918	\$ 172,189,172	\$ 176,114,816
Restricted	44,524,605	46,349,016	55,679,367	44,311,906	37,033,179
Unrestricted	1,380,440	(9,774,183)	(10,495,207)	(12,968,431)	(10,128,387)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 223,275,041	\$ 215,522,447	\$ 206,155,078	\$ 203,532,647	\$ 203,019,608
Business type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 65,475,770	\$ 65,967,085	\$ 64,433,636	\$ 61,048,060	\$ 58,537,120
Restricted	1,794,447	963,474	1,166,101	4,940,553	1,125,151
Unrestricted	41,013,126	33,447,161	26,306,961	17,336,248	15,846,498
Total business type activities net position	\$ 108,283,343	\$ 100,377,720	\$ 91,906,698	\$ 83,324,861	\$ 75,508,769
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 242,845,766	\$ 244,914,699	\$ 225,404,554	\$ 233,237,232	\$ 234,651,936
Restricted	46,319,052	47,312,490	56,845,468	49,252,459	38,158,330
Unrestricted	42,393,566	23,672,978	15,811,754	4,367,817	5,718,111
Total primary government net position	\$ 331,558,384	\$ 315,900,167	\$ 298,061,776	\$ 286,857,508	\$ 278,528,377

City of Madera Schedule 1 Net Position by Component (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Years		
	2017			2014	2013
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 178,119,000	\$ 178,483,617	\$ 182,403,676	\$ 185,644,703	\$ 182,862,086
Restricted	34,863,951	32,193,071	32,671,232	32,451,846	24,794,707
Unrestricted	(9,560,807)	(11,207,039)	(14,435,936)	12,294,870	10,951,919
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 203,422,144	\$ 199,469,649	\$ 200,638,972	\$ 230,391,419	\$ 218,608,712
Business type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 58,792,617	\$ 57,639,498	\$ 58,455,927	\$ 60,056,090	\$ 60,768,756
Restricted	1,076,451	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	13,966,875	17,152,594	15,542,964	19,739,870	19,386,182
Total business type activities net position	\$ 73,835,943	\$ 74,792,092	\$ 73,998,891	\$ 79,795,960	\$ 80,154,938
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 236,911,617	\$ 236,123,115	\$ 240,859,603	\$ 245,700,793	\$ 243,630,842
Restricted	35,940,402	32,193,071	32,671,232	32,451,846	24,794,707
Unrestricted	4,406,068	5,945,555	1,107,028	32,034,740	30,338,101
Total primary government net position	\$ 277,258,087	\$ 274,261,741	\$ 274,637,863	\$ 310,187,379	\$ 298,763,650

City of Madera
Schedule 2
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					1	Fiscal Years				
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Expenses	·			_		_		_		
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	9,503,665	\$	9,700,357	\$	9,574,371	\$	9,703,723	\$	8,697,525
Public protection	2	1,670,917		18,826,073		20,182,145		18,983,486		18,425,675
Social services		1,061,114		133,639		422,270		330,498		346,863
Public ways and facilities		5,320,754		3,741,698		7,369,948		5,478,070		5,081,612
Culture and recreation		5,136,917		5,993,699		4,056,088		4,525,133		4,744,555
Community development		3,158,176		3,509,000		4,654,520		4,492,799		4,022,163
Interest on long-term debt		671,356		692,894		509,977		210,504		74,490
Total governmental activities expenses	4	6,522,899		42,597,360		46,769,319		43,724,213		41,392,883
Business type activities:										
Water		7,317,498		7,427,430		8,295,137		7,654,315		9,262,549
Sewer		8,737,728		9,216,976		10,038,430		9,924,665		9,854,304
Solid waste		6,146,265		5,758,119		5,875,225		6,056,309		5,811,095
Drainage operations		929,265		943,353		1,110,864		1,149,676		887,698
Local transit		3,104,405		2,499,127		2,403,789		2,321,063		2,166,293
Golf course		85,044		94,635		103,861		120,763		199,012
Airport		883,402		787,373		801,043		842,652		1,163,134
Total business type activities expenses	2	7,203,607		26,727,013		28,628,349		28,069,443		29,344,085
Total primary government expenses	\$ 7	3,726,506	\$	69,324,373	\$	75,397,668	\$	71,793,656	\$	70,736,968
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Program revenues:										
General government	\$	951,582	\$	1,174,107	\$	242,424	\$	6,223,401	\$	5,727,717
Public protection		1,583,277	Ψ	1,906,334	Ψ	2,492,680	Ψ	1,498,740	Ψ	1,268,539
Social services		-		-		42,549		45,159		87,568
Public ways and facilities	1	1,479,145		10,910,045		9,246,144		10,385,688		6,320,845
Community development		4,842,711		5,645,305		2,866,097		3,434,002		2,831,560
Culture and recreation		638,302		1,048,539		696,197		941,359		837,220
Total governmental activities program revenues	1	9,495,017		20,684,330		15,586,091		22,528,349		17,073,449
Business type activities:										
Program revenues:										
Water	1	3,727,980		13,538,219		12,414,215		12,323,836		11,932,955
Sewer		0,921,383		11,352,608		10,797,565		10,352,115		8,791,285
Solid waste		6,096,051		5,890,825		5,982,010		5,890,085		5,872,152
Drainage operations		1,510,375		1,070,277		869,502		938,423		692,227
Local transit		2,842,877		2,398,029		5,873,660		4,316,816		2,263,648
Golf course		74,712		78,053		101,734		95,889		100,469
Airport		442,548		617,608		581,739		579,745		1,038,032
Total business type activities program revenues	3	5,615,926		34,945,619		36,620,425		34,496,909		30,690,768
Total primary government program revenues		5,110,943	\$	55,629,949	\$	52,206,516	\$	57,025,258	\$	47,764,217
	<u> </u>	- , ,		, , /	*			, ,	*	.,,= - /
Net (Expense)/Revenue			_		_		_			
Governmental activities		7,027,882)	\$	(21,913,030)	\$	(31,183,228)	\$	(21,195,864)	\$	(24,319,434)
Business type activities		8,412,319		8,218,606		7,992,076		6,427,466		1,346,683
Total primary government net expense	\$ (1	8,615,563)	\$	(13,694,424)	\$	(23,191,152)	\$	(14,768,398)	\$	(22,972,751)

City of Madera Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		Eigen Verus
	2017	Fiscal Years 2016 2015 2014 2013
Expenses		
Governmental activities:		
General government	\$ 7,692,256	\$ 8,890,092 \$ 11,483,880 \$ 11,482,393 \$ 11,946,360
Public protection	12,903,321	14,722,091 13,759,629 13,358,929 13,096,060
Social services	303,015	182,286 331,774 517,537 686,717
Public ways and facilities	4,607,237	6,852,731 3,695,605 3,766,236 2,940,005
Culture and recreation	4,421,827	4,451,155 4,335,983 3,814,936 3,749,071
Community development	3,029,515	5,249,438 5,812,948 5,478,644 5,639,070
Interest on long-term debt	110,856	280,037 258,764 269,845 291,000
Total governmental activities expenses	33,068,027	40,627,830 39,678,583 38,688,520 38,348,283
Business type activities:		
Water	10,066,546	5,590,810 5,668,873 4,788,350 5,212,633
Sewer	8,758,885	8,476,744 7,573,475 7,318,263 7,281,744
Solid waste	6,305,944	4,936,291 4,675,782 4,326,840 5,524,217
Drainage operations	956,287	1,024,498 900,903 933,506 895,238
Local transit	2,184,533	2,051,814 1,996,563 1,827,194 1,792,905
Golf course	115,882	74,596 122,102 66,651 130,394
Airport	893,106	852,560 871,796 687,228 697,826
Total business type activities expenses	29,281,183	23,007,313 21,809,494 19,948,032 21,534,957
Total primary government expenses	\$ 62,349,210	\$ 63,635,143 \$ 61,488,077 \$ 58,636,552 \$ 59,883,240
Program Revenues		
Governmental activities:		
Program revenues:		
General government	\$ 5,526,628	\$ 6,996,758 \$ 8,763,455 \$ 7,894,884 \$ 8,555,784
Public protection	1,160,181	1,414,790 1,558,094 1,820,803 1,783,858
Social services	82,637	69,314 80,730 111,223 116,756
Public ways and facilities	7,164,876	7,865,237 7,432,036 14,609,971 10,477,637
Community development	3,085,754	3,833,881 5,481,186 9,596,690 7,308,357
Culture and recreation	934,173	1,529,999 996,481 836,826 606,757
Total governmental activities program revenues	17,954,249	21,709,979 24,311,982 34,870,397 28,849,149
Business type activities:		
Program revenues:		
Water	9,232,389	7,312,514 5,616,869 5,759,100 5,534,033
Sewer	8,108,977	7,469,167 6,474,652 6,275,667 5,875,561
Solid waste	5,889,675	5,695,241 5,697,468 5,550,361 6,493,343
Drainage operations	706,793	955,602 686,328 793,149 664,900
Local transit	2,297,400	2,811,840 1,870,304 2,191,542 2,259,213
Golf course	93,797	96,542 117,562 122,494 111,362
Airport	1,810,619	551,005 647,283 1,341,754 837,714
Total business type activities program revenues	28,139,650	24,891,911 21,110,466 22,034,067 21,776,126
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 46,093,899	<u>\$ 46,601,890</u> <u>\$ 45,422,448</u> <u>\$ 56,904,464</u> <u>\$ 50,625,275</u>
Net (Expense)/Revenue		
Governmental activities	\$ (15,113,778)	\$ (18,917,851) \$ (15,366,601) \$ (3,818,123) \$ (9,499,134
Business type activities	(1,141,533)	1,884,598 (699,028) 2,086,035 241,169
Total primary government net expense	\$ (16,255,311)	\$ (17,033,253) \$ (16,065,629) \$ (1,732,088) \$ (9,257,965
-		

City of Madera Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years									
	2022		2021		2020	2019			2018	
General Revenues and										
Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 12,134,288	\$	11,020,353	\$	11,045,364	\$	4,332,639	\$	3,824,185	
Sales and use taxes	19,440,017		16,894,337		15,227,811		13,399,196		12,923,918	
Franchises taxes	763,276		721,028		688,563		649,666		666,238	
Other taxes	2,462,689		1,813,979		2,019,087		1,964,472		1,707,452	
Investment income (loss)	(1,475,300)		(97,360)		1,247,564		1,910,967		265,581	
Miscellaneous	934,376		317,971		1,205,394		829,050		1,147,727	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-		35,469		(42,920)		43,791		-	
Transfers	521,130		574,622		352,225		275,116		374,407	
Special items - Transfers of assets					2,062,571		-			
Total governmental activities	34,780,476		31,280,399		33,805,659		23,404,897		20,909,508	
Business type activities:										
Property taxes	247,624		237,264		228,943		209,374		182,390	
Investment income (loss)	(913,654)		340,816		548,322		407,450		68,049	
Miscellaneous	680,464		113,658		78,165		76,531		3,956	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-		135,300		86,556		-		12,990	
Transfers	(521,130)		(574,622)		(352,225)		(275,116)		(372,671)	
Total business type activities	(506,696)		252,416		589,761		418,239		(105,286)	
Total primary government	\$ 34,273,780	\$	31,532,815	\$	34,395,420	\$	23,823,136	\$	20,804,222	
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 7,752,594	\$	9,367,369	\$	2,622,431	\$	2,209,033	\$	(3,409,926)	
Business type activities	7,905,623		8,471,022		8,581,837		6,845,705		1,241,397	
Total primary government	\$ 15,658,217	\$	17,838,391	\$	11,204,268	\$	9,054,738	\$	(2,168,529)	

City of Madera Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years									
		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
General Revenues and										
Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$	4,040,067	\$	3,571,669	\$	2,837,432	\$	2,943,796	\$	2,757,456
Sales and use taxes		9,112,909		6,506,004		5,638,847		5,472,283		4,573,272
Transient occupancy taxes		649,415		678,438		612,474		591,116		584,160
Other taxes		1,694,786		2,172,574		2,035,238		1,821,326		1,899,648
Investment earnings		203,973		603,795		309,988		795,691		1,216,644
Miscellaneous		343,287		580,398		577,213		1,071,486		841,992
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		31,374		16,304		26,983		75,607		14,184
Transfers		172,913		1,718,751		1,065,193		2,538,648		1,305,047
Special items - Transfers of assets		-		-				-		
Total governmental activities		16,248,724		15,847,933		13,103,368		15,309,953		13,192,403
Business type activities:										
Other taxes		171,878		58,333		70,353		61,049		98,923
Investment earnings		120,594		210,257		262,948		19,076		19,315
Miscellaneous		26,004		34,976		28,170		25,478		35,542
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		39,821		4,250		14,476		(11,968)		(52,915)
Transfers		(172,913)		(1,718,751)		(1,065,193)		(2,538,648)		(1,305,047)
Total business type activities		185,384		(1,410,935)		(689,246)		(2,445,013)		(1,204,182)
Total primary government	\$	16,434,108	\$	14,436,998	\$	12,414,122	\$	12,864,940	\$	11,988,221
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$	1,134,946	\$	(3,069,918)	\$	(2,263,233)	\$	11,491,830	\$	3,693,269
Business type activities		(956,149)		473,663		(1,388,274)		(358,978)		(963,013)
Total primary government	\$	178,797	\$	(2,596,255)	\$	(3,651,507)	\$	11,132,852	\$	2,730,256

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years										
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
General fund											
Nonspendable	\$	149,510	\$	139,843	\$	249,637	\$	202,901	\$	601,522	
Restricted		-		-		401,700		4,934,403		-	
Committed		10,903,504		11,194,964		10,292,405		10,483,246		11,574,005	
Assigned		16,614,848		13,906,278		6,763,704		5,528,814		1,199,518	
Unassigned		10,908,284		5,482,689		7,398,714		3,049,282		4,673,303	
Total general fund		38,576,146		30,723,774		25,106,160		24,198,646		18,048,348	
All other governmental funds											
Nonspendable		-		4,010		3,815		27		42	
Restricted		43,876,531		45,692,871		55,277,667		39,377,503		35,986,212	
Committed		-		-		-		-		-	
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned		(1,300,623)		(1,460,591)		(959,555)		-		-	
Total all other governmental fund		42,575,908		44,236,290		54,321,927		39,377,530		35,986,254	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	81,152,054	\$	74,960,064	\$	79,428,087	\$	63,576,176	\$	54,034,602	

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years									
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013					
General fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 272,102	\$ 368,959	\$ 258,252	\$ 282,184	\$ 362,753					
Restricted	-	-	646,823	87,453	-					
Committed	-	-	-	-	-					
Assigned	1,199,518	1,199,518	727,159	1,199,518	1,174,374					
Unassigned	13,968,482	12,879,473	12,326,175	11,280,658	8,651,615					
Total general fund	15,440,102	14,447,950	13,958,409	12,849,813	10,188,742					
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable	-	8,547,157	-	-	-					
Restricted	33,857,600	23,974,874	32,277,375	32,615,786	25,059,067					
Committed		-	-	-	-					
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-					
Unassigned		(231,803)	(221,039)	42,897	(148,056)					
Total all other governmental fund	33,857,600	32,290,228	32,056,336	32,658,683	24,911,011					
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 49,297,702	\$ 46,738,178	\$ 46,014,745	\$ 45,508,496	\$ 35,099,753					

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years									
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	4,971,690	\$	4,331,022	\$	4,613,254	\$	4,332,639	\$	3,825,921
Sales and use taxes		19,440,017		16,894,337		15,227,811		13,399,196		13,262,908
Other taxes		2,644,500		1,921,747		2,114,190		2,081,211		1,707,452
Use of money and property		(689,229)		323,569		1,378,494		2,078,944		392,428
Franchises		763,276		721,028		688,563		649,666		666,238
Licenses, permits and fees		1,174,652		1,555,955		1,106,424		1,322,830		1,049,103
Fines		436,032		452,319		494,823		591,298		588,584
Intergovernmental		17,976,535		17,641,730		13,620,058		16,380,444		11,781,034
Charges for services		4,995,341		5,118,683		4,091,909		3,322,989		3,457,257
Other revenue		1,212,449		578,896		1,235,377		1,048,977		924,918
Total revenues		52,925,263		49,539,286		44,570,903		45,208,194		37,655,843
Expenditures										
General government		4,301,922		3,628,480		2,691,729		3,075,710		2,106,580
Public protection		20,383,663		19,854,358		18,393,027		17,196,886		16,932,579
Social services		45,991		131,881		198,360		192,633		309,121
Public ways and facilities		6,072,097		3,319,019		5,957,037		4,233,896		3,476,106
Community development		4,548,230		5,839,428		3,130,348		3,429,815		3,800,416
Culture and recreation		3,237,150		2,796,274		3,300,189		4,006,826		3,598,837
Capital outlay		6,955,986		18,538,217		13,834,273		6,802,125		2,519,381
Debt service:										
Principal		1,034,200		401,700		559,403		633,222		1,452,775
Interest		709,092		730,344		351,820		52,341		75,660
Total expenditures		47,288,331		55,239,701		48,416,186		39,623,454		34,271,455
Culture and recreation										
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		5,636,932		(5,700,415)		(3,845,283)		5,584,740		3,384,388
Other financing sources (uses)										
Proceeds from sale of property		400		513,267		679,580		46,518		41,691
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		-		-		19,432,000		4,005,000		895,900
Premium on bond issuance		-		-		-		648,613		-
Cost of issuance		-		-		(84,752)		(153,613)		-
Transfers in		3,350,930		5,103,755		15,443,432		2,768,183		5,005,541
Transfers out		(2,796,272)		(4,384,630)		(15,773,066)		(2,992,087)		(5,284,157)
Total other financing sources (uses)		555,058		1,232,392		19,697,194		4,322,614		658,975
Net change in fund balances	\$	6,191,990	\$	(4,468,023)	\$	15,851,911	\$	9,907,354	\$	4,043,363
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital										
expenditures		4.3%		3.1%		2.6%		2.1%		4.8%

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years									
		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Revenues		_						_		
Taxes	\$	4,054,503	\$	3,115,740	\$	3,087,520	\$	2,869,599	\$	2,581,565
Sales and used taxes		8,741,373		6,506,004		5,638,847		5,539,847		4,505,707
Other taxes		1,698,487		2,141,433		2,041,961		1,842,002		1,872,250
Use of money and property		358,735		767,778		463,853		961,315		1,366,160
Franchises		649,415		678,438		612,474		591,116		584,160
Licenses, permits and fees		701,825		646,800		595,255		395,730		313,382
Fines		750,388		935,358		985,169		874,861		1,028,320
Intergovernmental		12,654,660		16,326,841		15,934,329		28,437,678		18,255,556
Charges for services		3,497,588		3,240,452		6,041,361		5,775,536		5,489,685
Other revenue		632,560		437,305		908,991		1,453,736		612,804
Total revenues		33,739,534		34,796,149		36,309,760		48,741,420		36,609,589
Expenditures										
General government		1,796,055		2,959,739		5,123,445		4,797,564		4,844,346
Public protection		14,934,669		14,621,471		13,616,969		13,177,569		12,829,516
Social services		405,251		357,699		330,062		510,579		473,128
Public ways and facilities		3,101,070		3,834,908		2,532,178		3,012,275		2,673,089
Community development		3,831,163		3,392,870		3,425,208		2,814,466		2,724,788
Culture and recreation		3,106,938		5,219,577		5,380,767		4,681,217		5,044,076
Capital outlay		3,143,357		7,073,119		5,255,764		10,925,198		6,931,137
Debt service:										
Principal		568,464		977,512		425,970		415,920		439,424
Interest		113,860		266,431		259,255		270,255		291,385
Total expenditures		31,000,827		38,703,326		36,349,618		40,605,043		36,250,889
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		2,738,707		(3,907,177)		(39,858)		8,136,377		358,700
Other financing sources (uses)										
Proceeds from sale of property		37,027		9,969		-		-		-
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		-		-		-		-		-
Premium on bond issuance		-		1,540,065		157,755		-		-
Cost of issuance		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		4,504,230		7,289,955		5,557,426		6,338,959		5,044,924
Transfers out		(4,812,845)		(6,109,973)		(5,111,740)		(4,357,470)		(3,787,978)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(271,588)		2,730,016		603,441		1,981,489		1,256,946
Net change in fund balances	\$	2,467,119	\$	(1,177,161)	\$	563,583	\$	10,117,866	\$	1,615,646
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital										
expenditures		2.4%		3.9%		2.2%		2.3%		2.5%

This page intentionally left blank.

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Sources of Tax Revenues	Business Licenses	F	Fees	 Property Tax ¹		Sales Tax ²		Transient Occupancy		Gas Tax ³		TOTAL
2021-2022 2020-2021 2019-2020 2018-2019	\$ 566,564 291,109 578,040 442,443	\$	763,276 721,028 688,563 649,666	\$ 4,971,690 4,331,022 4,613,254 4,332,639	\$	16,894,337 15,227,811 13,399,196	\$	1,149,939 886,017 804,286 903,124	\$	2,807,345 2,563,059 2,578,121 2,397,464	\$	25,686,572 24,490,075 22,124,532
2017-2018 2016-2017 2015-2016 2014-2015 2013-2014 2012-2013	447,059 426,375 416,806 408,728 392,946 401,462		666,238 649,415 678,438 612,474 591,116 584,160	3,824,186 3,696,995 3,115,740 3,087,520 2,869,599 2,581,565		12,934,817 8,741,373 6,506,004 5,638,847 5,539,847 4,505,707		- - - -		1,607,173 1,145,897 1,290,623 - 4,007,477 4,679,304		19,479,473 14,660,055 12,007,611 9,747,569 13,400,985 12,752,198

NOTES:

- 1) Property tax amounts include state reimbursement of homeowners property tax relief and real property transfer tax.

 Property tax for fiscal years 2012 and earlier included redevelopment tax increment.
- 2) The City passed "Measure T" allowing an additional increase of 0.50% in the local sales tax rate. This local measure became effective on April 1, 2007 and ends on March 31, 2027. In addition, the City passed "Measure K", an additional 0.50% sales tax increase specifically for public safety in November 2016 with no sunset date.
- 3) Increase in Gas Tax from FY 2010 onward was due to the "Fuel Tax Swap of 2010". This was the addition of Section 2103 fund allocation from a new motor vehicle excise tax that replace the allocation from Prop. 42 sales tax on gasoline. Figures for fiscal years 2010 and earlier did not include the Prop. 42 revenue.

City of Madera Schedule 6 Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Years		
CATEGORY	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Residential	\$ 2,496,189,868	\$ 2,335,164,803	\$ 2,201,293,176	\$ 2,035,513,239	\$ 1,917,149,489
Commercial	498,301,393	483,155,413	443,426,571	429,900,137	419,282,129
Industrial	169,861,323	174,322,830	178,171,356	179,040,074	172,661,353
Agriculture	14,056,096	13,017,642	13,457,474	12,920,915	5,840,462
Dry Farm	15,746,916	15,306,770	15,019,028	15,391,780	14,096,409
Government	-	2,036,417	2,054,539	-	6,069
Institutional	1,603,250	1,920,464	1,282,549	1,674,829	2,113,776
Irrigated	1,697,771	1,680,888	1,635,256	1,603,053	1,598,326
Cross Reference	38,833,078	40,913,367	37,692,391	39,817,937	36,669,788
Vacant Land	207,422,925	196,572,803	183,027,173	219,593,087	175,896,575
SBE Non-Unitary	548,402	548,402	625,460	625,460	625,460
Unsecured	305,755,769	307,490,035	287,932,288	280,734,337	237,615,373
Unknown	643,408	638,191	628,316	1,236,714	4,352,697
TOTALS	3,750,660,199	3,572,768,025	3,366,245,577	3,218,051,562	2,987,907,906
Total Direct Rate	0.12699	0.13147	0.13198	0.13281	0.13369

NOTES:

Exempt values are not included in Total

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed as a result of new construction activity or at the time it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property is reassessed based upon the added value of the construction or at the purchase price (market value) or economic value of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: HdL Coren Cone 192

^{*} Beginning in 2013/14 the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. For the purposes of this report, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City in the same proportions as general fund revenue.

City of Madera Schedule 6 Assessed Value of Taxable Property (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Years		
CATEGORY	2017	2016	2015	2014*	2013
Residential	\$ 1,824,835,555	\$ 1,739,590,175	\$ 1,629,686,371	\$ 1,518,325,305	\$ 1,452,100,000
Commercial	403,687,826	386,226,705	376,032,631	366,862,480	367,484,877
Industrial	166,063,864	178,416,598	170,784,960	164,018,245	165,058,550
Agriculture	5,275,944	5,153,044	5,042,110	4,791,797	4,700,012
Dry Farm	13,830,501	11,764,375	12,516,645	12,649,078	10,825,312
Government	5,950	5,861	5,747	5,722	5,610
Institutional	1,295,250	1,558,852	1,348,373	1,242,996	1,178,843
Irrigated	1,566,070	1,541,526	1,510,496	1,502,446	1,465,896
Cross Reference	35,511,414	34,716,877	28,515,201	23,735,117	20,865,776
Vacant Land	166,553,864	155,926,515	153,947,112	158,636,497	159,890,090
SBE Non-Unitary	743,768	743,768	743,768	743,768	769,547
Unsecured	221,973,452	201,164,923	200,566,825	191,093,988	182,827,178
Unknown	4,025,707	3,939,930	3,939,713	3,540,012	3,313,737
TOTALS	2,845,369,165	2,720,749,149	2,584,639,952	2,447,147,451	2,370,485,428
Total Direct Rate	0.13243	0.13255	0.1328	0.13242	0.38898

NOTES:

Exempt values are not included in Total

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed as a result of new construction activity or at the time it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property is reassessed based upon the added value of the construction or at the purchase price (market value) or economic value of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: HdL Coren Cone 193

^{*} Beginning in 2013/14 the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. For the purposes of this report, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City in the same proportions as general fund revenue.

City of Madera Schedule 7 Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the

				Fiscal Year o	of the Levy			Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year		Amount		Percentage of Levy	in S	ollections Subsequent Years 1	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2022	\$	3,804,550	\$	3,763,833	98.93%	\$	5,281	\$ 3,769,114	100.42%		
2021		3,591,118		3,582,748	99.77%		-	3,582,748	100.42%		
2020		3,409,931		3,394,991	99.56%		4,184	3,399,175	99.15%		
2019		3,229,350		3,127,793	96.86%		23,314	3,151,107	97.58%		
2018		3,128,370		3,093,867	98.90%		1,000	3,094,867	98.93%		
2017		2,933,663		2,917,792	99.46%		(10,357)	2,907,435	99.11%		
2016		N/A		N/A	0.00%		-	-	0.00%		
2015		N/A		N/A	0.00%		-	-	0.00%		
2014		N/A		N/A	0.00%		-	-	0.00%		
2013		N/A		N/A	0.00%		-	-	0.00%		

NOTES:

1) Delinquent tax collections are recorded in the current levy year and the County does not give the detail as to the levy year for delinquent tax collections. Delinquent tax collections do not include interest and penalties.

 $\ensuremath{N/A}$ - Information not available

City of Madera Schedule 8 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	City of Madera	Madera Unified School District	State Center Community College	County-wide	Total
2022	0.0%	12.5%	1.8%	100.0%	114.3%
2021	0.0%	12.5%	1.8%	100.0%	114.3%
2020	0.0%	16.5%	2.6%	100.0%	119.1%
2019	0.0%	9.7%	2.3%	100.0%	112.0%
2018	0.0%	10.3%	2.6%	100.0%	112.9%
2017	0.0%	11.4%	0.8%	100.0%	112.2%
2016	0.0%	12.8%	0.8%	100.0%	113.6%
2015	0.0%	7.3%	0.9%	100.0%	108.2%
2014	0.0%	7.9%	1.0%	100.0%	108.8%
2013	0.0%	7.6%	0.9%	100.0%	108.5%

Note: The basis for the tax rates is \$100 per assessed valuation. Only 1% of the value is taxed.

Source: Madera County Auditor-Controller Tax Rate Book

City of Madera Schedule 9 Top Ten Principal Property Taxpayers Fiscal Year 2022 and Ten Years Prior

		2021-2022	2	2012-2013				
			Taxable Assessed	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed			Taxable Assessed	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed
<u>Taxpayer</u>	<u>Rank</u>		<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Rank</u>		<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>
John Hancock Life Insurance Co.	1	\$	52,329,562	1.40%				
David L and Partrica R Berry	2		23,821,354	0.64%	1		24,568,289	1.01%
Ready Roast Nut Company	3		21,921,187	0.58%				
Sealed Air Corporation	4		19,972,553	0.53%	4		18,006,633	0.74%
Newman Development Group of Madera	5		19,190,501	0.51%	3		18,796,917	0.77%
Crossroads Madera	6		18,762,995	0.50%				
The Almond Company	7		18,053,630	0.48%				
OldCastle Precast Inc	8		17,572,821	0.47%	2		19,602,382	0.80%
Loves Country Stores of CA	9		17,524,512	0.47%				
Yosemite Point Partnership	10		15,218,286	0.41%				0.00%
Lowes HIW Inc					6		16,572,292	0.68%
Advanced Drainage System					5		17,373,795	0.71%
Berry & Berry, Inc.					9		14,930,981	0.61%
Yosemite Point Partnership					8		15,003,112	0.61%
Eurodrip USA, Inc.					7		16,194,585	0.66%
DMP Development Corp					10		12,767,200	0.52%
Top Ten Totals		\$	224,367,401	5.98%		\$	173,816,186	7.11%
CITY TOTALS		\$ 3	3,750,660,199			\$	2,443,191,890	

196 Source: HdL Coren Cone

City of Madera Schedule 10 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Redevelopment Bonds b	Special Assessment Bonds	 Loans Payable	Finance Purchase	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ^a	Per pita ^a
2022	\$ -	\$ 31,580,000	\$ -	\$ 414,200	\$ 18,644,000	\$ 50,638,200	4.24%	\$ 769
2021	-	32,970,000	-	525,400	19,432,000	52,927,400	4.43%	804
2020	-	34,295,000	-	633,600	19,595,500	54,524,100	4.71%	824
2019	-	39,862,859	-	738,900	492,602	41,094,361	3.84%	628
2018	-	43,765,850	-	863,554	1,023,325	45,652,729	4.59%	687
2017	-	45,039,358	-	60,088	2,425,766	47,525,212	4.95%	718
2016	-	46,207,821	2,683,119	98,022	3,002,145	51,991,107	5.67%	787
2015	-	47,346,304	2,722,525	661,052	1,874,496	52,604,377	5.82%	803
2014	-	48,439,787	2,756,931	842,091	1,964,615	54,003,424	6.03%	857
2013	-	49,488,270	2,786,337	1,053,926	2,179,997	55,508,530	6.20%	881

NOTES:

- a) See Schedule 13 Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data
- b) As of February 1, 2012 all redevelopment agencies in California ceased to exist per ABX1 26. The Madera Redevelopment Agencies' obligations were transferred to the Successor Agency.

City of Madera Schedule 11 Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	General		Special	Percentage of Taxable			
Fiscal	Fiscal Obligation Redevelop		Assessment	Assessed	Per		
Year	Bonds	Bonds Bonds ^c Bonds		Total	Property Values ^a	Са	apita ^b
2022	-	31,580,000	-	31,580,000	0.84%	\$	480
2021	-	32,970,000	-	32,970,000	0.92%	\$	501
2020	-	34,295,000	-	34,295,000	0.91%	\$	518
2019	-	39,862,859	-	39,862,859	1.18%	\$	609
2018	-	43,794,788	-	43,794,788	1.36%	\$	659
2017	-	45,039,358	-	45,039,358	1.51%	\$	680
2016	-	46,231,429	2,683,119	48,914,548	1.72%	\$	740
2015	-	47,379,250	2,722,525	50,101,775	1.84%	\$	765
2014	-	48,459,969	2,756,931	51,216,900	1.98%	\$	813
2013	-	49,455,270	2,786,337	52,241,607	2.13%	\$	829

NOTES:

- a) Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property provided by HdL, Coren & Cone provided data
- b) Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data Schedule 13
- c) As of February 1, 2012 all redevelopment agencies in California ceased to exist per ABX1 26. The Madera Redevelopment Agencies' obligations were transferred to the Successor Agency.

City of Madera

Schedule 12

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2022

2021-22 Assessed Valuation: \$3,750,660,199

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	Debt Outstanding 6/30/2022	% Applicable 1		City's Share of ebt as of 6/30/22
State Center Community College District Madera Unified School District	\$ 318,565,000 160,298,173	3.756% 49.620%	\$ \$	11,965,301 79,539,953
City of Madera Community Facilities District No. 2006-1 TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	2,157,060	100.000%	\$	2,157,060 93,662,314
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT:				
Madera County General Fund Obligations Madera County Board of Education General Fund Obligations	71,995,078 20,097,040	22.133% 22.133%	\$	15,934,671 4,448,078
Madera Unified School District Certificates of Participation City of Madera General Fund Obligations	85,080,000 23,151,100	49.620% 100.000%		42,216,696 23,151,100
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT	-, -,		\$	85,750,545
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	\$ 31,580,000	98.851%	\$	31,217,146
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT			\$	23,151,100
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$	187,478,905
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$	210,630,005

NOTES:

- (1) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city.
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

199

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2019	FY 2018
Assessed value	\$ 3,750,660,199	\$ 3,750,525,788	\$ 3,572,633,614	\$ 3,366,111,166	\$ 3,214,555,536
Debt limit (15% of assessed value)	562,599,030	562,578,868	535,895,042	504,916,675	482,183,330
Debt applicable to limit:					
General obligation bonds Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general	-	-	-	-	-
obligation debt					
Total net debt applicable to limit					
Legal Debt Margin	562,599,030	562,578,868	535,895,042	504,916,675	482,183,330
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

NOTES:

Under State Finance Law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15% of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Legal Debt Margin Information (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013
Assessed value	\$ 2,984,863,745	\$ 2,843,541,362	\$ 2,717,869,926	\$ 2,580,951,334	\$ 2,443,191,890
Debt limit (15% of assessed value)	447,729,562	426,531,204	407,680,489	387,142,700	366,478,784
Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general	-	-	-	-	-
obligation debt					
Total net debt applicable to limit					
Legal Debt Margin	447,729,562	426,531,204	407,680,489	387,142,700	366,478,784
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

NOTES:

Under State Finance Law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15% of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Gross	Vet Revenue Available for		Debt S			
Year Revenues		 Debt Service		Principal		Interest	Coverage	
2022	\$	24,441,447	\$ 12,898,231	\$	1,250,000	\$	905,760	5.9
2021		23,085,235	11,537,418		1,200,000		950,160	5.:
2020		23,244,181	10,309,898		1,155,000		992,895	4.
2019		21,434,207	6,380,941		1,120,000		1,034,335	2.
2018		20,664,801	4,378,989		1,075,000		1,074,110	2.
2017		17,181,561	1,139,743		1,040,000		1,112,590	0.
2016		14,673,722	3,883,912		70,000		275,697	11.
2015		-	-		-		-	-
2014		-	-		-		-	-
2013		-	-		-		-	-

Net Revenue Fiscal Debt Service Gross Available for Year Revenues Debt Service Principal Interest Coverage 2022 \$ 13,465,525 \$ 7,402,503 \$ 418,148 \$ 214,592 11.70 2021 12,511,993 6,379,309 409,781 225,466 10.04 2020 12,428,666 6,697,361 374,080 40,336 16.16 2019 2018 2017 2016

201520142013

City of Madera Schedule 14 Pledged Revenue Coverage (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Wastewater	Loans P	Payable			
Fiscal	Gross		Net Revenue Available for		Debt S			
Year	 Revenues		Debt Service		Principal		Interest	Coverage
2022	\$ 10,792,230	\$	5,495,728	\$	372,000	\$	150,626	10.5
2021	10,573,242		5,158,109		331,996		196,593	9.7
2020	10,823,426		4,645,738		322,295		206,439	8.7
2019	9,776,777		986,633		312,877		215,998	1.8
2018	8,788,389		266,204		303,735		225,278	0.5
2017	8,042,174		613,008		294,860		234,287	1.1
2016	7,407,933		788,484		286,244		243,032	1.4
2015	5,621,814		984,022		277,879		251,522	1.8
2014	6,199,330		491,670		269,760		259,764	0.9
2013	6,487,017	Suc	961,248 ccessor Agency 201	8 Tax A	261,877 Allocation Bonds		267,765	1.
2013	6,487,017 Special Assessment	Suc	961,248 ccessor Agency 201 Net Revenue Available for	8 Tax A	Allocation Bonds	Service		1.8
	Special	Suc	Net Revenue		Allocation Bonds			1.8 Coverage
2013 Fiscal	 Special Assessment	Suc	Net Revenue Available for		Allocation Bonds			
2013 Fiscal Year	\$ Special Assessment Collections		Net Revenue Available for Debt Service		Debt S	Service	Interest	Coverage
Fiscal Year 2022	\$ Special Assessment Collections 2,871,594		Net Revenue Available for Debt Service 2,621,594		Debt S Principal	Service	Interest 1,461,510	Coverage 0.9
Fiscal Year 2022 2021	\$ Special Assessment Collections 2,871,594 3,375,855		Net Revenue Available for Debt Service 2,621,594 3,056,710		Debt 5 Principal 1,390,000 1,325,000	Service	Interest 1,461,510 1,516,309	Coverage 0.9 1.0 0.2
2013 Fiscal Year 2022 2021 2020	\$ Special Assessment Collections 2,871,594 3,375,855 2,790,658		Net Revenue Available for Debt Service 2,621,594 3,056,710 598,095		Debt 5 Principal 1,390,000 1,325,000 1,215,000	Service	Interest 1,461,510 1,516,309 1,563,337	Coverage 0.9 1.0 0.2 0.7
2013 Fiscal Year 2022 2021 2020 2019	\$ Special Assessment Collections 2,871,594 3,375,855 2,790,658 3,343,667		Net Revenue Available for Debt Service 2,621,594 3,056,710 598,095 2,227,379		Debt 5 Principal 1,390,000 1,325,000 1,215,000 1,215,000	Service	1,461,510 1,516,309 1,563,337 1,777,468	Coverage 0.9 1.0 0.2 0.7 0.8
2013 Fiscal Year 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018	\$ Special Assessment Collections 2,871,594 3,375,855 2,790,658 3,343,667 3,686,763		Net Revenue Available for Debt Service 2,621,594 3,056,710 598,095 2,227,379 2,917,577		Debt 5 Principal 1,390,000 1,325,000 1,215,000 1,215,000 1,295,000	Service	Interest 1,461,510 1,516,309 1,563,337 1,777,468 2,269,784	Coverage 0.9 1.0 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8
2013 Fiscal Year 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017	\$ Special Assessment Collections 2,871,594 3,375,855 2,790,658 3,343,667 3,686,763 3,879,515		2,621,594 3,056,710 598,095 2,227,379 2,917,577 2,780,354		Debt 5 Principal 1,390,000 1,325,000 1,215,000 1,295,000 1,250,000	Service	1,461,510 1,516,309 1,563,337 1,777,468 2,269,784 2,323,983	Coverage 0.9 1.0 0.2 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.0 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9
2013 Fiscal Year 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016	\$ Special Assessment Collections 2,871,594 3,375,855 2,790,658 3,343,667 3,686,763 3,879,515 1,951,305		2,621,594 3,056,710 598,095 2,227,379 2,917,577 2,780,354 209,883		Debt 5 Principal 1,390,000 1,325,000 1,215,000 1,215,000 1,250,000 1,190,000	Service	1,461,510 1,516,309 1,563,337 1,777,468 2,269,784 2,323,983 2,374,693	Coverage 0.9

City of Madera Schedule 15 Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Personal							
		Personal	Per Capita	School	Unemployment				
Year	Population (1)	Income	Income (1)	Enrollment	Rate				
2021	65,843	1,194,391	18,139	31,494	9.1%				
2020	66,172	1,158,300	17,504	32,144	10.9%				
2019	65,415	1,069,038	16,342	31,925	7.8%				
2018	66,419	994,407	14,971	31,728	7.7%				
2017	66,225	959,263	14,484	31,468	7.3%				
2016	66,082	917,664	13,886	31,077	7.9%				
2015	65,474	904,576	13,815	30,865	9.1%				
2014	63,008	894,966	14,204	30,861	9.6%				
2013	63,008	895,029	14,205	30,478	16.0%				
2012	63,040	884,325	14,028	30,308	17.5%				

NOTES:

Data provided by HdL, Coren & Cone

Source: MuniServices, LLC

www.cde.ca.gov

¹ Demographic data has a lag because of time to tabulate, 2022 data not available at this time.

City of Madera Schedule 16 Principal Employers Fiscal Year 2022 and Ten Years Prior

	2021-20)22				2012-20	13
-		Perce	entage				Percentage
			of Total City				of Total City
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank	Employment	<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank	Employment
Madera Unified School District	3500	1	7.78%	Madera Unified School District	2139	2	6.22%
County of Madera	1700	2	3.78%	County of Madera	1188	3	3.45%
Madera Community Hospital	950	3	2.11%	Madera Community Hospital	936	4	2.72%
Camarena Health	700	4	1.56%				
Wal Mart	350	5	0.78%				
City of Madera	310	6	0.69%	City of Madera	310	7	0.90%
Community Action Partnership of Madera Co	235	7	0.52%				
Vallarta Supermarket	175	8	0.39%				
JBT Food Tech	165	9	0.37%	JBT Food Tech	143	8	0.42%
Lowe's	150	10	0.33%				
				Valley Children's Healthcare	2500	1	7.27%
				Constellation Wines	400	5	1.16%
				Ardagh Group	350	6	1.02%
				Evapco West	140	9	0.41%
				Georgia Pacific Corp	125	10	0.36%
	8235		4.64%		8231		11.53%
Total City	y Employment	:	44,980				34,400

Source: 2021-22 data based on City of Madera 2022-23 Budget

Source: California Employment Department or employer provided

(-) No data available.

Source: MuniServices LLC 205

This page intentionally left blank.

City of Madera
Schedule 17
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years (As of June 30)

		Fiscal Years									
FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
General Government											
City Attorney	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
City Council	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
City Manager	3.7	2.7	2.7	1.7	1.95	2.7	0.7	0.7	1	2	
City Clerk	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Finance	24.9	27.7	24.89	24.73	23.73	24.5	24.03	24.45	25.48	25.28	
Information Technology	4	4.2	4.17	4.25	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Human Resources	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Community Development	10.8	14.9	18.97	19.59	21.46	21.86	22.13	21.38	21.27	24.8	
Planning Commissioners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Public Safety											
Police Officers-Sworn	71	71	70.3	70.01	69.84	60	57.25	57	57	58	
Other Full-Time Employees	24	24	24	23.48	23.48	20	20	20	20	20.26	
Public Works											
Engineering	19.9	17.9	13.63	14.67	11.21	11.69	11.85	10.74	10.61	11.52	
Maintenance	24.7	17.5	34.45	27.33	28.88	29.57	30.97	30.71	34.78	28.8	
Transit Services	5.3	1.7	2.7	3.08	3.08	3.38	3.38	2.98	2.98	3.73	
Airport	1.9	1.9	2.86	2.88	2.98	2.46	2.46	2.36	2.58	2.36	
Solid Waste Disposal	0.7	0.7	1	6.48	8.88	9.02	7.77	6.69	3.38	5.48	
Storm Drainage	4.8	4.1	5.45	5.74	4.54	5.19	4.89	5.89	5.45	6.2	
Waster	15.1	18.4	22.34	23.08	25.18	20.66	18.66	16.81	14.74	16.76	
Wastewater/Sewer	19.7	25.1	24.66	26.29	26.62	20.32	20.07	19.04	17.59	20.49	
Waste Disposal Recycling	0	0	0	1	1.3	1.35	1.3	1.2	0	0	
Successor Agency/RDA	0.5	0.5	1	1.8	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.59	2.62	2.62	
Culture & Recreation	49.1	37.4	47.64	51.42	56.05	61.12	60.9	53.01	45.67	47.89	
Total	293.1	282.7	313.76	322.53	330.48	315.12	307.66	294.55	284.15	295.19	

City of Madera Schedule 18 Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (As of June 30)

	Fiscal Years									
FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018					
Police										
Physical Arrests	2,653	1,789	1,829	2,381	1,585					
Parking Violations	541	1,432	2,189	1,417	953					
Traffic Violations	2,676	2,206	3,385	5,141	1,824					
Community Development										
Building Permits Issued	3,010	2,236	1,797	2,202	2,390					
Building Inspections Performed	20,369	12,003	12,003	13,322	16,106					
Planning Permits Issued	270	200	153	196	234					
Public Services										
Street Resurfacing (miles)	11	16	3	5	6					
Street Light Replacement ^a	186	115	86	64	92					
Potholes Filled	4,836	2,864	2,012	2,341	2,703					
Waste Water Average Daily										
Treatment (millions of gallons)	5	5	5	5	5					
Transit Route (Service) Miles	238,887	258,599	317,504	352,476	140,033					
Transit Passenger Count	52,164	54,683	95,326	108,535	143,746					
Parks & Recreation										
Sports Field Participation	1,603	360	1,802	1,701	N/A					
Community Center/Gym/Pool Participation	14,170	24,728	31,779	38,271	N/A					
Other Participation	10,152	86,364	124,062	133,186	N/A					

NOTES:

N/A - Information not available

City of Madera Schedule 18 Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (As of June 30) (Continued)

	Fiscal Years									
FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2017	2016		2015	2014	2013				
Police										
Physical Arrests	1,014	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				
Parking Violations	777	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				
Traffic Violations	2,801	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				
Community Development										
Building Permits Issued	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				
Building Inspections Performed	15,186	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				
Planning Permits Issued	211	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				
Public Services										
Street Resurfacing (miles)	4		8	5	N/A	N/A				
Street Light Replacement ^a	206	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				
Potholes Filled	2,542	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				
Waste Water Average Daily										
Treatment (millions of gallons)	5		5	5	5	5				
Transit Route (Service) Miles	366,788	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				
Transit Passenger Count	142,991	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				
Parks & Recreation										
Sports Field Participation	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				
Community Center/Gym/Pool Participation	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				
Other Participation	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A				

NOTES:

City of Madera Schedule 19 Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units (marked)	19	41	41	35	35	34	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Motorcycle unit	5	5	4	4	5	3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
K-9 unit	3	3	3	3	3	3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Streets										
Streets (miles)	199	199	199	160	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Streetlights	3309	3000	3000	3000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Traffic Signals										
CalTrans maintained	16	15	15	15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
City of Madera maintained	34	32	29	29	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Culture & Recreation										
Total Park Acreage	160	159	159	151	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Parks	16	15	15	13	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Baseball Fields	2	2	2	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Softball Fields	9	9	9	9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Soccer Fields	7	7	7	7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Football Fields	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tennis Courts	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Swimming Pools	3	3	3	3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Community Centers	3	3	3	3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Waste Water										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	375	375	375	408	0	0	0	0	0	0
Storm Sewers (miles)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Treatment Capacity (millions of gallons/day)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transit Services										
Minibuses										
Fixed Route	13	13	13	13	13	13	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dial A Ride	6	6	6	6	6	6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bus Shelters	80	80	80	80	80	80	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

NOTES:

N/A - Information not available